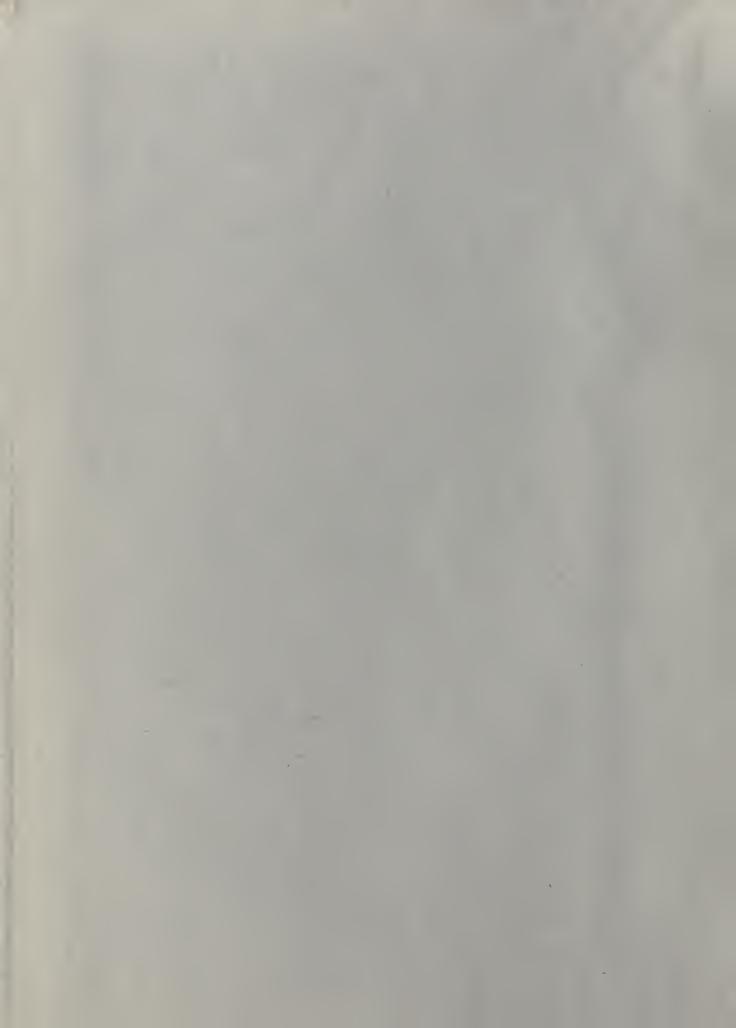


LIBRARY
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA
DAVIS











STATE OF CALIFORNIA
The Resources Agency

artment of Water Resources

BULLETIN No. 69-67

# CALIFORNIA HIGH WATER 1966-1967



**JUNE 1968** 

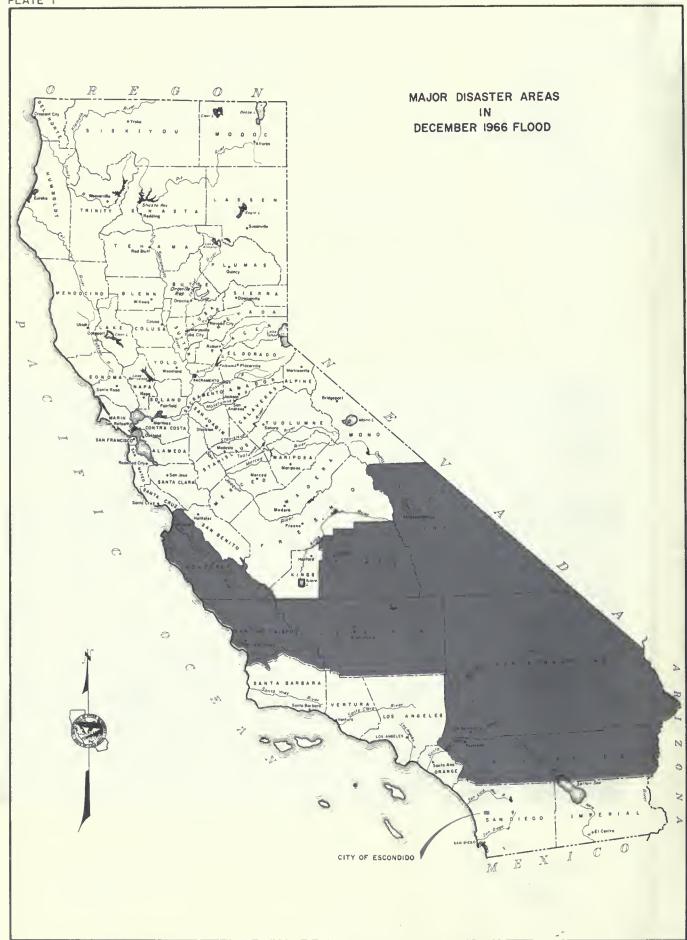
RONALD REAGAN
Governor
State of California

WILLIAM R. GIANELLI

Director

Department of Water Resources

LIBRARY UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA



#### FOREWORD

Bulletia No. 69-67, the fifth of an annual series, deacribes, in one report, the general weather patterns preceding and during storm periods of the 1966-1967 water year, precipitation characteristics, the resulting runoff; and presents information on flooded areas and damages. In addition, tabulations of precipitation comparisons, peak atreamflows and stages, reservoir operations, and streamflow hydrographs are also included.

Data for thia Bulletin were supplied by the U. S. Weather Bureau, U. S. Geological Survey, U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, U. S. Bureau of Reclamatico, and many other agencies, both public and private. Their cooperation is greatly acknowledged.

William R. Glanelli, Director Department of Water Resources The Reaources Agency State of California May 8, 1968 State of California The Resources Agency DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

RONALD REAGAN, GOVERNOR
WILLIAM R. GIANELLI, Director, Department of Water Resourcea
JOHN R. TEERINK, Deputy Director

DIVISION OF OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE

This report was prepared under the immediate supervision of Robert W. Miller. . Chief, Flood Operations and Flood Forecasting Section

Ъу

#### ABSTRACT

The 1966-67 water year began with a very dry October, a continuation of a persistent dry regime. Above normal precipitation occurred in November, but the powder-dry soil absorbed all runoff. During the first week of December, an intense storm deposited heavy precipitation over the entire State, and struck with added fury in Kern and Tulare Counties. The Kaweah, Kern and Tule Rivers went on a rampage, causing record peak flows and serious flooding. Widespread damage also occurred in January as a series of storms again swept the State. / Damages resulting from the high levels of runoff and resultant flooding in both December and January were severe. Seven counties, Kern, Tulare, Monterey, San Luis Obispo, Riverside, San Bernardino and Inyo, and the City of Escondido in San Diego County, were proclaimed by the Governor as disaster areas. Two deaths in Tulare County, one in Kern County, and one in Monterey County were attributed to the December flood. Flood damage estimates prepared by the State Disaster Office for the declared disaster areas amounted to over \$28 million. Three reservoirs, Terminous on the Kaweah River, Success on the Tule River, and Isabella on the Kern River, were credited with preventing an additional \$50 million in flood damage. / Although Santa Barbara County was not declared a disaster area, an estimated \$1.1 million of damages resulted from the storms. In the North Coastal area, sharp rises occurred in all streams during both storm periods, but flooding was relatively minor and confined to the Eel River and Russian River lowlands. / A series of storms beginning in March and continuing into April produced record May 1 snow depths and water content in the Central and Southern Sierra watersheds. Below average May temperatures delayed the beginning of the snowmelt period, posing a hazard because of both the magnitude of water in snow storage and the increasing possibility of a continued warm period. During the peak snowmelt runoff period, there was concern that uncontrollable flooding would develop. Close cooperation by the Department of Water Resources, U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, U. S. Corps of Engineers, and local Reclamation and Irrigation Districts, and below average temperatures during the most critical period prevented a major snowmelt flood. / Snowmelt flood damage estimates prepared by the U.S. Corps of Engineers amount to five million dollars. / With the advance of the first intense December storm, flood control preparations were set into full swing by the Department of Water Resources, a condition that continued into July because of the unusual late snowmelt runoff.

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

| Third of Constants   |                    |
|--|--------------------|
| FOREWORD   | Page<br>iii        |
| ORGANIZATION, DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES  |                    |
| ABSTRACT   | iii                |
| The Weather of Water Year 1966-67  |                    |
| December 1966  |                    |
| January 1967   | 3                  |
| Rainfall-Runoff · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                    | 11                 |
| North Coastal Rydrographic Area  | u                  |
| Smith River Basin  | 13                 |
| Mad River Basin  |                    |
| Redwood Creek Baain  | 15                 |
| Eel River Basin  |                    |
| Undaldit titAct bdotti * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *                             |                    |
| Central Coastal Hydrographic Area  |                    |
| Salinas River Basin  |                    |
| South Coastal Hydrographic Area  | 22                 |
| San Bernardino, Riverside and San Diego Counties                                       |                    |
| Lahontan Hydrographic Area (Southern Portion)  | 23                 |
| Central Valley Hydrographic Area   | 25                 |
|  | 25                 |
| Sacramento River Baain   |                    |
| Tulare Lake Basin · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                |                    |
| Snowmelt Runoff · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                    | 43                 |
| Sacramento River   |                    |
| Yuba River   |                    |
| American River   |                    |
| Coaumnes River   |                    |
| Mokelumne River and Calaveras River  |                    |
| Tuolumne River   | 55                 |
| Merced River   |                    |
| Fresno River and Chowchilla River  |                    |
| Lower San Joaquin River  | 61                 |
| Kings River  | 63                 |
| Tule River.  | 65                 |
| Kern River   | 67                 |
|  |                    |
|  |                    |
| TABLES   |                    |
| TADLES   |                    |
| Table No.  | Page               |
| l Precipitation Comparison for Six Storms: North Coastal and Sacramento Valley Basina  | vi                 |
| 2 Precipitation Comparison for Six Storms: San Joaquin, Central Coast and Southern Ca  | lifornia Basins vi |
| 3 Monthly Average Temperatures   | 9                  |
| 4 North Coastal Area Runoff: January-February 1967 Storm                               |                    |
| 5 Precipitation Totala (Dec. 4-7, 1966) at Selected Stations in Central Coastal Basins | 19                 |
| 6 Summary of Flood Damages Central Coastal Area - Salinas River Basin • • • • • • •    | 21                 |
| 7 Summary of Flood Damages in Declared Disaster Areas in Southern California • • • • • | 23                 |
| 8 Summary of Flooded Areas and Damages Central Valley - Sacramento River Basin • • •   | 27                 |
| 9 Sacramento River Flood Control Project Weir Overflow Data                            | 29                 |
| 10 Precipitation Totals - Southern Sierra Nevada Basina                                | 31                 |
| 11 Summary of Flooded Areas and Damagee Central Valley Area - San Joaquin River Basin  | 32                 |

# TABLES (Continued)

| Table | No.  | Page           |
|-------|--|----------------|
|       |  |                |
| 12    | Summary of Flooded Areas and Damages Central Valley Area - Tulare Lake Basin   | 34             |
| 13    | Snowmelt Runoff Data   | 45             |
| 14    | Summary of Flooded Areas and Damages Caused by Snowmelt Runoff   | 67             |
| 15    | Reservoir Operations: October 1, 1966 to August 31, 1967   | 69             |
| 16    | Peak Flows and Stages  | 72<br>72       |
|       | Central Coastal Area   | 74<br>76       |
|       | contra Coastal Area.<br>Central Valley Area  | 77             |
|       | Northern Lahontan Area<br>Southern Lahontan Area   | 79<br>86<br>87 |
|       |  | *1             |
| Plate | No. PLATES   |                |
| 1     | The state of the s | Page           |
|       | Major Disaster Areas in December 1966 Flood  | ii             |
| 2     | North Coastal Area: December 1966 Isohyetal Map  | 2              |
| 3     | San Francisco Bay Area: Precipitation and Stream Gaging Station Location & January 1967 Storm Isohyetal Map  | 4              |
| 4     | Depth of Snow at Norden  | 6              |
| 5     | Water Content of Snow: Kings River Basin   | 8              |
| 6     | Major Drainage Areas in California   | 10             |
| 7     | North Coastal Area: Precipitation and Stream Caging Station Location & January 1967 Storm Isohyetal, Map.  | 12             |
| 8     | Hydrographs of Smith, Trinity and Klamath Rivers   | 14             |
| 9     | Hydrographs of Redwood Creek, Mad and Eel Rivers   | 16             |
| 10    | Hydrographs of Russian, Napa and Salinas Rivers  | 18             |
| 11    | Central Coastal Area: Precipitation and Stream Gaging Station Location & December 1966 Storm Isohyetal Map   | 20             |
| 12    | Central Valley-Sacramento River Drainage: Precipitation and Stream Gaging Station Location & January 1967 Storm Isohyetal Map  | 24             |
| 13    | Gage Heights of Sacramento River and Yolo Bypass   | 26             |
| 14    | Hydrographs of Feather, Yuba and Bear Rivers   | 28             |
| 15    | Central Valley - San Joaquin River - Tulare Lake Drainage: Precipitation and Stream Gaging Station Location & December 1966 Storm Isohyetal Map  | 30             |
| 16    | Operation of Isabella Dam  | 38             |
| 17    | Operation of Success Dam   | 39             |
| 18    | Operation of Terminus Dam  | 40             |
| 19    | Operation of Pine Flat Dam   | 41             |
| 20    | Hydrographs of Sacramento River, Yolo Bypass and Feather River   | 46             |
| 21    | Hydrographs of Feather, Yuba, Bear and Sacramento Rivers   | 48             |
| 22    | Operation of Shasta and Folsom Dams  | 49             |
| 23    | Operation of Salt Springa, Pardee and Camanche Dams  | 50             |
| 24    | Operation of New Hogan, Melones and Tulloch Dam  | 52             |
| 25    | Hydrographs of San Joaquin, Tuolumne and Stanislaua Rivers   | 54             |
| 26    | Operation of Don Pedro and Exchequer Dams  | 56             |
| 27    | Hydrographs of Chowchilla River, Fresno River, Bear Creek and Merced River   | 58             |
| 28    | Operation of Friant and Pine Flat Dams   | 60             |
| 29    | Hydrographs of San Joaquin River and Eastside Bypass System  | 62             |
| 30    | Operation of Terminus and Success Dam  | 64             |
| 31    | Operation of Isabella Dam and Hydrograph of Buena Viata Lake   | 66             |
| 32    | San Joaquin Valley Stream System   | 68             |
| 33    | Period of Record of Inundation of the Yolo Bypasa  | 71             |

Table 1: Precipitation Comparison For Six Storms: North Coastal And Socramenta Valley Basins \*\*

|                   |              |              | One Da       | y               |              |              |              |              | TWO          | Days            |              |              |              |              | Thre         | е Ваув          |              |              |              |              | Fou          |                 |                 | Four Days    |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Station           | Dec.<br>1955 | Peb.<br>1960 | 0et.<br>1962 | Jan-Feb<br>1963 | Dec.<br>1964 | Jan.<br>1967 | Dec.<br>1955 | Feb.<br>1960 | 0et.<br>1962 | Jan-Feb<br>1963 | Dec.<br>1964 | Jan.<br>1967 | Dec.<br>1955 | Feb.<br>1960 | 0et.<br>1962 | Jan-Feb<br>1963 | Dec.<br>1964 | Jan.<br>1967 | Deq.<br>1955 | Feb.<br>1960 | 0et.<br>1962 | Jan-Feb<br>1963 | Dec.<br>1964    | Jan.<br>1967 |  |  |  |  |
|                   |              |              |              |                 |              |              |              |              |              |                 |              |              |              |              |              |                 |              |              |              |              |              |                 |                 |              |  |  |  |  |
| North Coast       |              |              |              |                 |              |              |              |              |              |                 |              |              |              |              |              |                 |              |              |              |              |              |                 |                 |              |  |  |  |  |
| Almerpoint        | 5.06         | 3.66         | 3.83         | 3-70            | 5.85         | 2-27         | 6.96         | 6.46         | 6.30         | 6.40            | 10.35        | 4.20         | 7.76         | 8.85         | 8.45         | 7.68            | 13.60        | 4.48         | 9.51         | 9.65         | 10.95        | 8.16            | 14.70           | 5.20         |  |  |  |  |
| Cumings           | 7.00         | 6.00         | 4.03         | 5.08            | 11.20        | 4.06         | 11.00        | 10.42        | 7.64         | 7.65            | 18.04        | 6.74         | 12.20        | 12.84        | 11.01        | 9.83            | 22.70        | 7.61         | 15.90        | 14.00        | 13.26        | 10.59           | 25.44           | 8.57         |  |  |  |  |
| Gasquet RS        | 7.29         | 3.65         | 3.82         | 2.47            | 6.35         | 3.81         | 10.19        | 6.52         | 6.32         | 4.43            | 10.39        | 5-77         | 11.39        | 9.01         | 8.20         | 5.10            | 13.90        | 6.56         | 14.02        | 10.16        | 9.29         | 7.06            | 17.16<br>5 days | 7.78         |  |  |  |  |
| Had River RS      | 4.0k         | 3.80         | 3.94         | 4.63            | 7.87         | 2.08         | 7.55         | 7.25         | 6.67         | 6.93            | 14.77        | 3.65         | 9.77         | 10.25        | 8.23         |                 | **           | 4.67         | 12.44        | 11.45        | 10.96        | (               | 21.07           | 5.54         |  |  |  |  |
| Orleans           | 3.50         | 2.70         | 3-23         | 1.92            | 7.38         | 2.34         | 6.55         | 5.38         | 4.29         | 3-52            | 11.07        | 4-55         | 7-54         | 7.92         | 6.15         | 5.09            | 13.63        | 5.50         | 9.46         | 8.52         | 7.83         | 5.50            | 14.50           | 6.44         |  |  |  |  |
| Scotia            | 5.39         | 2.05         | 1.93         | 1.86            | 5-13         | 1.62         | 7.19         | 4.09         | 3.76         | 2.99            | 7.35         | 2.66         | 8,62         | 5.47         | 5.01         | 4.46            | 9.10         | 2.94         | 11.53        | 6.25         | 6.49         | 4.99            | 9.68            | 3.76         |  |  |  |  |
| Cloverdale 3 SSE  | 6.25         | 3.30         | 8.37         | 3.30            | 3-97         | 4.63         | 9.08         | 4.30         | 11.30        | 6.33            | 7.82         | 6.24         | 9.75         | 4.80         | 11.77        | 9.07            | 10.19        | 7.64         | 14.80        | 5.21         | 11.82        | 9.26            | 11.27           | 7.6          |  |  |  |  |
| Guerneville       | 7.68         | 8.40         | 5.30         | 3.03            | 3.70         | 6.91         | 9.81         | 9.44         | 7.58         | 5.89            | 6.45         | 9.32         | 10.18        | 10.16        | 8.40         | 8.71            | 7.57         | 10:55        | 14.84        | 10.62        | 8.82         | 8.81            | 8.68            | 10.55        |  |  |  |  |
| Healdsburg        | 3.73         | 2.86         | 4.89         | 5.08            | 4.26         | 4.31         | 6.65         | 4.71         | 8.34         | 9.97            | 8.35         | 8.21         | 7.66         | 5.17         | 9.64         | 10.75           | 9.50         | 8.25         | 9.98         | 5-72         | 10.52        | 11.19           | 10.24           | 8.28         |  |  |  |  |
| Saint Helena      | 5.76         | 4.30         | 5.58         | 4.63            | 4.02         | 6.83         | 7.99         | 6.00         | 9.08         | 8.16            | 7.60         | 9.68         | 9.08         | 7.19         | 10.64        | 9.45            | 9.14         | 9+90         | 12.58        | 7.46         | 11.29        | 9.87            | 9.49            | 9.90         |  |  |  |  |
| Sacramento Valley |              |              |              |                 |              |              |              |              |              |                 |              |              |              |              |              |                 |              |              |              |              |              |                 |                 |              |  |  |  |  |
| Red Sluff VB AP   | 0.96         | 1.28         | 1.90         | 1.23            | 1.08         | 1.77         | 1.79         | 1.47         | 3.16         | 2.41            | 1.89         | 3.11         | 2.45         | 1.59         | 3.42         | 3.46            | 1.95         | 3.19         | 2.73         | 1.81         | 3.51         | 3.49            | 2.41            | 3.19         |  |  |  |  |
| Shasta Dan        | 8.24         | 3.18         | 3-54         | 2.64            | 11.64        | 3.32         | 12.28        | 4.26         | 6.22         | 5-01            | 15.22        | 4.94         | 16.23        | 5.0%         | 7-59         | 6.27            | 18.80        | 5.09         | 22.15        | 5.66         | 10.27        | 6.56            | 21.38           | 6.24         |  |  |  |  |
| Paskenta RS       | 2.42         | 1.37         | 2.15         | 2.65            | 3.04         | 1.93         | 3.48         | 1.83         | 3.38         | 3.80            | 4.41         | 2.83         | 4.43         | 2.25         | 3.64         | 3.85            | 4.85         | 2.97         | 5.93         | 2.31         | 4.08         | 3.85            | 5.10            | 2.97         |  |  |  |  |
| Sacramento WB     | 2.41         | 0.86         | 3.63         | 1.70            | 1.79         | 2.87         | 3.81         | 1.25         | 5.80         | 3.09            | 2.92         | 4.09         | 4.11         | 1.45         | 6.69         | 3.60            | 3.38         | 4.09         | 5.16         | 1.45         | 6.85         | 3.65            | 3.72            | 4.23         |  |  |  |  |
| Harysville        | 2.27         | 0.69         | 4.24         | 2.03            | 0.74         | 1.72         | 4.10         | 0.90         | 7.29         | 3.38            | 1.10         | 3.12         | 4.31         | 0.95         | 9.26         | 3.58            | 1.37         | 3.58         | 5.45         | 1.50         | 9.31         | 3.69            | 1.63            | 3-59         |  |  |  |  |
| Brush Creek       | 8.68         | 8.55         | 11.40        | 4.99            | 9.41         | 8.25         | 11.93        | 10.29        | 18.75        | 9.78            | 14.56        | 12.40        | 13.64        | 11.03        | 23.70        | 12.55           | 18.76        | 13.20        | 18.08        | 11.88        | 25.99        | 12-95           | 20.78           | 13.20        |  |  |  |  |
| Blue Canyon WB AP | 7.44         | 5.50         | 7 - 37       | 8.70            | 9.33         | 6.27         | 13.36        | 10.41        | 13.81        | 13.96           | 15.24        | 10.25        | 18.55        | 12.06        | 19.55        | 16.01           | 19.79        | 10.36        | 20.66        | 12.55        | 22.02        | 17.38           | 22.93           | 10.47        |  |  |  |  |

Table 2: Prscipitation Comparison For Six Storms: San Jacquin, Central Coast And Southern Collifornia Basins

|                              |              |              | One D        | Ly           |              |              |              |              | Two          | Days         |              |              |              |              | Thre         | e Dava       |              |              |              |              | Fou          | - Days       |              |           |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|
| Station                      | Mar.<br>1938 | Bov.<br>1946 | Jan.<br>1952 | Peb.<br>1958 | Nov.<br>1965 | Dec.<br>1966 | Mar.<br>1938 | Nov.<br>1946 | Jan.<br>1952 | Peb.<br>1958 | Nov.<br>1965 | Dec.<br>1966 | Mar.<br>1938 | Nov.<br>1946 | Jan.<br>1952 | Peb.<br>1958 | Nov.<br>1965 | Dec.<br>1966 | Mar.<br>1938 | Nov.<br>1946 | Jan.<br>1952 | Peb.<br>1958 | Nov.<br>1965 | Dec. 1966 |
| San Joaquin Basin            |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |           |
| Freeno VB                    | 2.05         | 0.64         | 1.74         | 1.11         | 0-57         | -99          | 2,84         | .83          | 1.81         | 1.54         | .86          | 1.95         | 3.03         | .83          | 1.81         | 1.54         | 1.32         | 2.47         | 3.05         | 1.33         | 1.81         | 1.54         | 1.58         | 2.47      |
| Yosenita NP                  | 3-23         | 2.58         | 1.90         | 2.45         | 2.52         | 4.05         | 4.54         | 5.13         | 3.62         | 3.25         | 3.74         | 7.22         | 5.74         | 5-13         | 3.63         | 3-55         | 4.48         | 7.61         | 5.95         | 5.13         | 3.66         | 3.67         | 5.72         | 8.48      |
| Springville                  | 2.95         | 4.15         | 1.27         | 1.82         | 0.77         | 8.46         | 4.96         | 4.71         | 2.39         | 3.25         | 1.54         | 13.29        | 6.39         | 4.71         | 2.49         | 3.26         | 2.01         | 17-39        | 7.56         | 7.25         | 2.91         | 3.26         | 2.47         | 17.41     |
| Central Coast                |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |           |
| Los Gatos                    | 1.89         | 3.18         | 4.82         | 2.91         | 1.02         | 1.49         | 3.11         | 3.52         | 6.66         | 4.24         | 1.93         | 1.94         | 3.27         | 3.52         | 7.23         | 4.85         | 2-47         | 2.31         | 3.32         | 4.40         | 9.19         | 5.30         | 3.04         | 3.11      |
| Salinas FAA                  | 0.85         | 0            | 1.30         | 1.00         | 1.23         | 1.58         | 1.30         | 0            | 1.50         | 1.06         | 1,41         | 2.42         | 1.52         | 0            | 1.79         | 1.18         | 1.41         | 2.72         | 1.65         | 0            | 2.20         | 1.19         | 2.34         | 2.89      |
| Paso Robles FAA              | 1.25         | 2.45         | 1.02         | 1.04         | 1.85         | 3.07         | 2.48         | 2.51         | 1.30         | 1.99         | 2.42         | 4,97         | 3.15         | 2.51         | 1.53         | 1.99         | 2.89         | 3.64         | 3.26         | 2.96         | 2.04         | 1.99         | 3.30         | 5.64      |
| South Constal Basins         |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |           |
| Santa Harta VB               | 1.93         | 1.08         | 1.20         | 1.21         | 1.88         | 1.04         | 2.25         | 1.30         | 2.21         | 1.53         | 2.18         | 1.79         | 2,51         | 1.41         | 2.23         | 1.53         | 2.24         | 1.81         | 2.53         | 1.54         | 3.07         | 1.53         | 2.52         | 1.81      |
| Cuyanaca                     | 7.65         | 2.95         | 2.72         | 2.48         | 9,60         | 6.04         | 10.14        | 3.72         | 5.09         | 4.03         | 10.69        | 11.79        | 11.08        | 4.05         | 5.66         | 4.42         | 10.99        | 14.56        | 13.54        | 4.45         | 5.77         | 4.41         | 11.90        | 17.15     |
| Niverside Firs<br>Otation #3 |              | 1.29         | 1,68         | 1.31         | 1.46         | 2.08         |              | 1.79         | 2.06         | 1.71         | 2.76         | 2.30         |              | 1.94         | 2.94         | 1.91         | 2.96         | 3.60         |              | 1.94         | 3.06         | 1.91         | 3.40         | 4.40      |
| La Hesa                      | 2.00         | 1.21         | 1.60         | 2.04         | 2.09         | 2.72         | 2.76         | 1.66         | 2.67         | 2.48         | 3.28         | 3.02         | 4,06         | 1.82         | 2.87         | 2.51         | 3.28         | 4.02         | 4.34         | 1.85         | 2.88         | 2.51         | 3.63         | 4.32      |
| Los Angeles AP               | 5.88         | 2.67         | 1.61         | 3.49         | 2.12         | 1.49         | 6,36         | 3.85         | 2.56         | 3.49         | 2.81         | 1.78         | 6.74         | 4.96         | 3.69         | 3.49         | 3.12         | 1.99         | 6.74         | 5+53         | 4.89         | 3.49         | 3-55         | 3.38      |
| Santa Barbara                | 3.59         | 2.15         | 5.29         | 3.10         | 3.49         | 2.42         | 5.82         | 2-33         | 6.74         | 3.80         | 4.05         | 2.74         | 6.58         | 2.33         | 6.94         | 4.23         | 4.76         | 3.21         | 6.58         | 3.28         | 8.79         | 4.42         | 5.08         | 3.21      |
| Oxnard                       | 3.30         | 4.30         | 3.22         | 2.98         | 2.51         | 1.86         | 4.96         | 5.58         | 4.16         | 3.04         | 3.39         | 1.88         | 4.96         | 6.18         | 6.30         | 3.04         | 4.76         | 1.88         | 4.96         | 6.25         | 7.24         | 3.04         | 5.22         | 2.62      |
| San Diego VB                 | 1.56         | 0.88         | 1.29         | 1.37         | 1.53         | 1.34         | 2-27         | 1.15         | 1.78         | 1.94         | 2.32         | 2.07         | 2.80         | 1.20         | 2.29         | 2.00         | 2.72         | 2.47         | 2.89         | 1.24         | 2.29         | 2.00         | 2.86         | 2.99      |

The underlined value is the maximum value for the six storms listed.

\*This storm includes rain on January 1, 1966, at some precipitation stations.

\*\*Dates of Storm Periods Used:

Dec. 15-31, 1955 Feb. 6-10, 1960 Oct. 9-14, 1962 Jan. 29-Feb. 2, 1963 Dec. 18-30, 1964 Jan. 19-31, 1967

\*\*\*Detas of Stora Periods Used:

Mar. 1-15, 1938 Nov. 8-24, 1946 Jan 12-19, 1952 Feb. 2-5, 19-21, 1958 Nov. 14-26, 1965 Dec. 1-8, 1966

# THE WEATHER OF WATER YEAR 1966-67

For California, the winter and spring of 1966-67 was one of anomalies in weather events. The rain season began notably with a wet November, and this pattern extended into the first half of December; then followed a contrasting dry period covering the latter half of December and the first half of January. Another reversal brought a series of storms in the latter half of January, but February was almost rainless. At Sacramento, as an example, there were only two days with rain totaling 0.40 inch.

Only twelve Februaries since 1849 had less rainfall at Sacramento. March and April brought a record-breaking cool and wet spring with snow accumulations to great depths in the mountains.

In the following sections will be discussed the important storms of December 1966 and January 1967, which resulted in high water and floods, and the snow accumulation during the Spring of 1967, which resulted in the large-volume snowmelt runoff. Table 1 and Table 2 show precipitation comparison for selected storms.

## December 1966

As often occurs in California during winter months, December 1966 consisted of two opposite weather patterns: wet during the first half, dry during the second half. The rains in the early part of the month were a continuation of the November storms.

The northwestward movement of a blocking ridge of high pressure from the Bering Sea to Siberia during the first days of the month produced a strengthening of westerlies over the eastern Pacific and the migration of deepening cyclones toward the west coast. The Pacific high-pressure cell near latitude 20°N remained moderately strong, so that the westerly flow over the Pacific coastline between the highpressure center and the moving cyclones became very strong. After December 8, there was a northward movement of the belt of strongest westerlies, so that the storm track also migrated north.

A cold front moved into the State on December 1. This was associated with a rather deep low-pressure center located about 450 nautical miles west of Astoria, Oregon. A wave, which formed on the trailing end of the front, made landfall in the Bay Area on the 2nd. The southwest flow following the frontal system maintained precipitation on the 3rd, and the arrival of a new frontal system on the 4th brought even heavier precipitation. This front succeeded in pushing southward as far as the southern San Joaquin Valley on December 5, but on the following day the front surged back to the north. It was during the 3-day period from mid-day of the 4th to the afternoon of the 6th that the heaviest rain fell in the Sierra Basins of the San Joaquin Valley, particularly in the Kaweah, Tule and Kern River Basins.

When the front moved into the Southern San Joaquin Valley on the 5th, the cold air mass in the wake of the front had a snow level at 6,000 feet in the Upper San Joaquin and Kings River Basins (and much lower northward from these basins). Some snow fell on the night of the 4th-5th at Grant Grove (elev. 6,600 feet). When the front moved northward on the 6th, the snow level lifted to the 9,000-foot level, and thus the heavy rains on the Kings, Tule,

Kaweah and Kern River Basins occurred at high elevations, aggravating the runoff potential.

Another area which received heavy rain was the drainage of the Upper Salinas River. Latitudinally, this area corresponds to the area of the Kaweah-Tule in the Sierra Nevada and lies in the path of the strong WSW flow at the upper levels of the atmosphere adjacent to the weather front. The heaviest rain area in the Salinas Basin was in the vicinity of Santa Margarita.

The rainfall during the December 1966 storm was statewide. In the north, the period extended from the 1st through the 14th. In Southern Cali-

fornia, the rain period was limited to the first seven days.

The rainfall in the North Coast area was not especially heavy, and although the rain-period extended for half of the month, there was no significant concentration of rainfall in any short period of time. The same comments could be made about the Sacramento River drainage basin.

The shifting of the belt of strongest westerlies northward during the latter half of December brought the end to storm movements through California. This pattern continued into the first half of January.

Isohyetal maps of the December storm were prepared for the following areas:

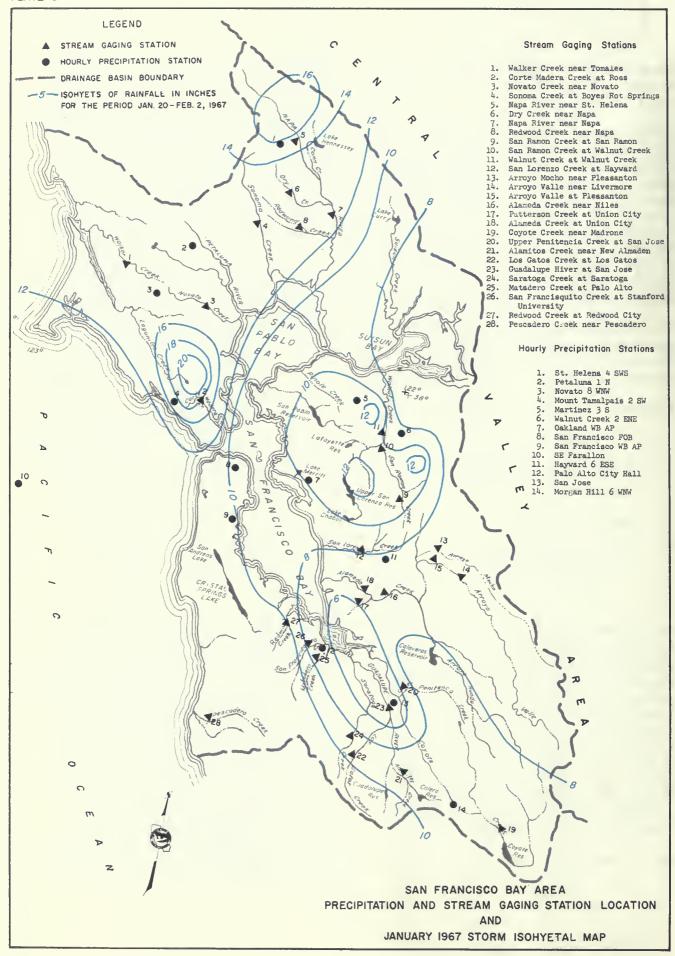
| Area  | Period           | Plate No. |
|---|------------------|-----------|
| North Coast (including<br>Russian River)                | Dec. 1 - Dec. 14 | 2         |
| Central Coastal   | Dec. 1 - Dec. 8  | 11        |
| Central Valley San Joaquin River - Tulare Lake Drainage | Dec. 1 - Dec. 8  | 15        |

#### January 1967

The weather pattern over the eastern Pacific changed in the middle of the month to a more southerly storm track. On the 17th and 18th, the storm-generating low-pressure center, which had been located off the northern British Columbia Coast in the first part of January, moved southward and created a more southerly track of cyclonic storms from the mid-Pacific Ocean inland. The progressive southward displacement of the storm track affected even Southern California.

The first significant front reached

the California North Coast on the 19th. This front stalled in a semistationary position across Mendocino County and produced a number of waves which prolonged the period of moderate precipitation through the 21st. The front finally moved into Southern California on the 22nd. Another migratory low moving across the eastern Pacific reached the California coast late on the 23rd and Southern California on the next day. The third storm and its associated weather front arrived on the 26th. This in turn was followed closely by occluded waves on the 28th and 30th.



During the 14-day period from January 19 to February 1 (inclusive), Eureka had 8.03 inches of rain, which is about 120 percent of the January normal precipitation of that station. At San Francisco International Airport, 10.43 inches fell in the 14 days; this is 260 percent of the January normal. While the daily amounts were not outstandingly heavy, the persistent precipitation, with concentrations on the 20-21st and 26-27-28th, was effective in generating significant runoff in the Northern and Central California streams.

The small amplitude waves on the weather front on the 20-21st passed the coastline near the Bay Area and brought a swath of heavier precipitation oriented through the Bay Area and northeastward into the Sacramento Valley. The cold front of the wave on the evening of the 21st was especially vigorous, depositing 0.51 inch in one hour at the San Francisco International Airport and 0.59 inch in one hour at Sacramento (downtown gage). This heavier precipitation of the 20-21st affected especially the Russian River and Cache Creek drainage basins, which experienced significantly higher runoff peaks on the night of the 21-22nd

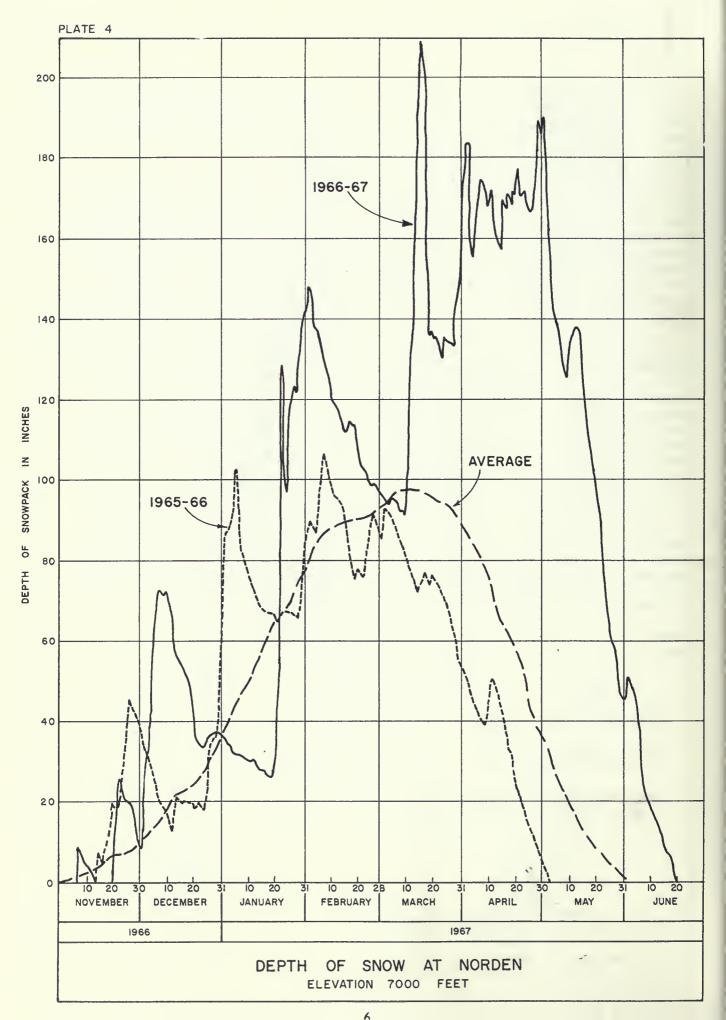
in the January storm series. In other basins, the runoff peak flows were either of the same magnitude or less for the 20-21st than on the 29th or the 31st.

The upper level flow pattern during the last half of January displayed a deep trough over the Pacific Coast states and a strong ridge of high pressure from the Gulf of Mexico to Bermuda. The strong southwest flow emanating from the Pacific trough to the Atlantic Ocean over the eastern ridge was the cause of much above-normal temperatures over the eastern part of the United States. In the west, the southwest flow brought heavy rainfall to California.

The air mass characteristics during the rain-period in California were intermediate--not cold and yet not warm. The snow level in the north was about 3,000 feet and 5,000 feet in the south. At Mt. Shasta City (elev. 3,544 ft.), there was only one inch of snow on the ground on the 19th, but 30 inches by the 25th. At this station, some warming occurred during the period 27-29th. This resulted in some melting and compaction of the snowpack.

Isohyetal maps for the January 1967 storms have been prepared for the following areas:

| <u>Area</u>                                | Period           | Plate No. |
|--|------------------|-----------|
| San Francisco Bay Area                     | Jan. 20 - Feb. 2 | 3         |
| North Coast (Including<br>Russian River)   | Jan. 19 - Feb. 2 | 7         |
| Central Valley (Sacramento River Drainage) | Jan. 20 - Feb. 2 | 12        |



# Spring and Summer 1967

The water supply outlook on February 1 favored an above-average year. The State had recorded rainfall and snowpack accumulation well above normal with the exception of the southeast desert region. However, the unusually dry February offset the snowpack gains of the previous three months and the April-July water supply outlook at the end of February was for just a normal year.

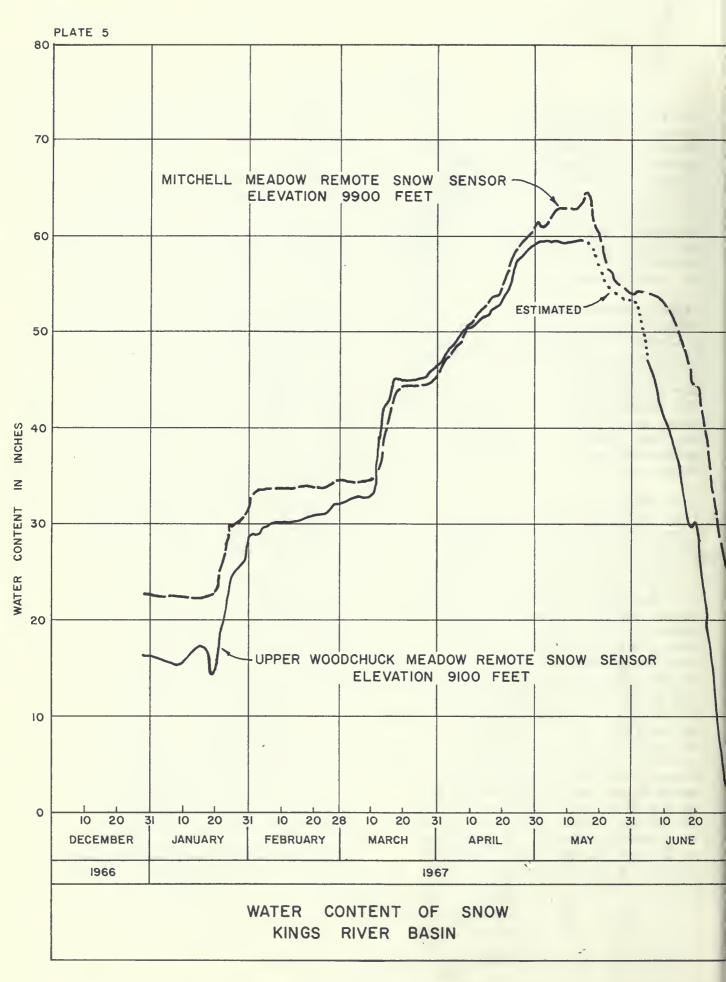
It was, however, a wet March. The weather circulation pattern changed; a trough of low pressure near the California Coast replaced the ridge of high pressure which had dominated the atmosphere circulation in February. The storms, which began around the 10th, were of the cold type depositing vast quantities of snow in the mountains down to about the 2,000-foot level.

As an example of the snow accumulation, the snow depth at Norden in Placer County (elev. 6,900 feet) was 96 inches on March 1, 92 inches on March 10, and reached a maximum depth for the year of 210 inches on March 15. The exception in storm characteristics during the month was the storm of March 16-17, which was warmer, the snow level being near 7,000 feet. This storm unleashed up to five inches of precipitation on the 16th, resulting in an overnight consolidation and a drop in snowpack depth as dramatic as the rise. The warmer temperatures and rainfall also resulted in some snowmelt at the lower elevations. storms near the end of the month were again colder and brought additional snow down to the 2,000-foot level. By the end of the month, the snowpack on a statewide basis was 130 percent of average for that date. Plate 4 provides a plot of the Norden snow

depth, along with the normal snow depth curve and the curve for the 1965-66 season.

In most years, Spring temperatures begin to melt the Sierra snowpack in April. But Spring 1967, continuing the radical departure of weather events from the normal, produced one of the coldest Aprils on record. At Sacramento, for instance, it was the coldest April since temperature records began in 1878. The stormy weather of March had continued into April, bringing precipitation in the form of snow in the mountains and adding to the already substantial Snowpack. April precipitation throughout the State averaged 225 percent of normal, ranging from 170 percent in the Lahontan area to 380 percent in the Central Coastal area. By the end of April, the statewide water content of the snowpack was 225 percent of normal. The year's snow accumulation was comparable to, and in some areas greater than, that experienced in the big snow years of 1938, 1952, and 1958.

In the Southern Sierra, the snow water content was the greatest ever recorded since the beginning of the California Cooperative Snow Survey Program in 1929. Moreover, it is noteworthy that this great snowpack occurred so late in the season. Plots of the water content at two courses in the Kings River Basin are shown on Plate 5. Data from other stations or courses in the Sierras show similar histories of snow deposition and depletion. the first of May, cooperative snow survey measurements confirmed the magnitude of the snowpack in the Sierras, and April-July forecasts of unimpaired runoff were revised upward from their previous values in April.



During May, the temperature throughout the Central Valley and the Sierra Nevadas finally warmed to more typical spring values as the storm track was displaced northward and the State came under the influence of high pressure. On the whole, temperatures during the month turned out to be a few degrees above normal. The upward swing of temperatures began on the 10th, and there was a sustained warm period until about the 27th. This period of above-normal temperatures, when valley floor maximum temperatures reached the 90°-100°F range, started the first significant snowmelt runoff into the reservoirs of the Sierra streams. The month closed out with lowering temperatures, and below-normal temperatures persisted until the middle of June. Undoubtedly, the moderation of temperatures after May 27 proved to be a saving feature of the Snowmelt Season 1967, in that decreased runoff from snowmelt allowed reservoir operators time to draw down the reservoirs and create space for the remaining runoff.

The circulation pattern which brought this cool period during the latter part of May and the first half of June was the movement of a quasi-stationary trough of low pressure at the midtroposphere levels (10,000 to 20,000 feet) of the atmosphere near California and an accompanying cooler air mass over the State. Time plots of the maximum temperatures at key stations

are shown along with flow hydrographs on Plates 21, 23, 24, 26, 28 and 31. Mountain temperatures during clear weather periods are related to valley floor temperatures with a lapse rate of between 2 to 4° Fahrenheit per 1,000 feet of elevation. Thus valley floor maximums of 100° Fahrenheit are associated with maximums of about 89° Fahrenheit at the 4,000-foot level and 77° Fahrenheit at the 8,000-foot level.

Thunderstorms and showers occurred on the first four days of June and again on the 11th and 12th. However, these showers did not produce significant runoff, and the cloudy skies kept temperatures on the cool side. The rising temperature trend began about the 13th and the latter half of June had above-normal temperatures. The last three days of the month brought maximum temperatures on the valley floor in the 100's and in the 80's at the 4,000-5,000-foot level in the mountains. On the whole, the months of June and July were within a few degrees of normal at most stations.

The monthly average temperature at six first-order U. S. Weather Bureau stations and at one cooperative station (Yosemite National Park) are given in Table 3. Also included is the departure of the 1967 temperatures from the 30-year normals (1931-1960) as computed by the U. S. Weather Bureau.

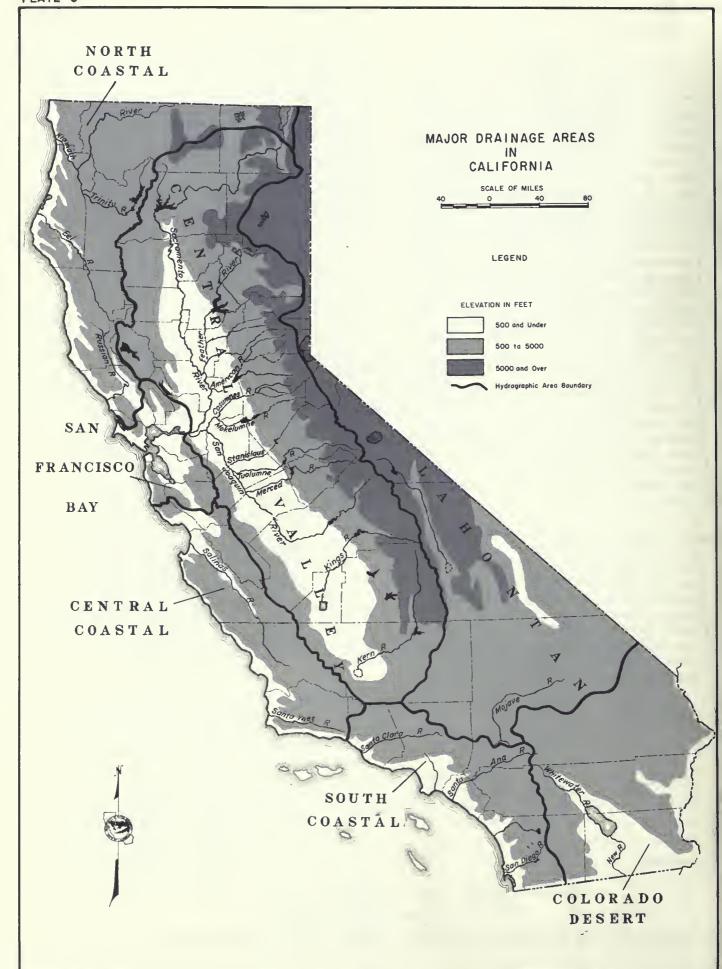
Table 3: Monthly Average Temperatures

| Station        | Apr<br>Av. Temp. | 11<br>Dep. | Av. Temp. | Dep.  | Av. Temp. | une<br>Dep. | Av. Temp. | Dep.  |
|----------------|------------------|------------|-----------|-------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------|
| Bakersfield    | 52.7             | -10.3      | 70.5      | + 0.1 | 75.2      | - 1.9       | 86.7      | + 2.4 |
| Blue Canyon    | 29.6             | -16.0      | 52.1      | - 0.1 | 58.9      | - 0.3       | 70.5      | + 2.5 |
| Fresno         | 52.6             | - 8.7      | 68.8      | + 0.6 | 74.3      | - 0.4       | 83.8      | + 2.5 |
| Red Bluff      | 49.4             | -11.0      | 66.7      | - 1.6 | 73.7      | - 2.5       | 82.2      | + 2.5 |
| Reno           | 50.3             | - 7.7      | 54.9      | + 1.0 | 59.9      | - 0.2       | 69.6      | + 1.9 |
| Sacramento     | 49.6             | - 8.8      | 67.7      | + 3.5 | 70.1      | + 0.1       | 78.7      | + 4.7 |
| Yosemite N.P.2 | 39.6             | -12.2      | 57.4      | - 0.1 | 60.4      | - 3.8       | 71.2      | - 0.8 |

lElevation 5,280 feet

Elevation 3,970

Average temperature for one day is the sum of the maximum and minimum temperatures divided by two; for the month the value shown in the table is the average for 30 or 31 days.



#### RAINFALL-RUNOFF

Statewide precipitation during the 1966-67 water year was 130 percent of average. Only the Colorado Desert area was below average, receiving 80 percent of normal. The North Coastal area received 110 percent of average, and the Central Coastal Area a high of 150 percent of average.

Streamflow during the year was well above normal. Total runoff in major California watersheds was about 155 percent of normal. In the Central Valley Area, runoff ranged from 130 percent of normal in the Upper Sacramento River Basin to over 250 percent of normal in southern Sierra drainages. The greatest water year runoff in over 50 years was experienced in the Kaweah River (265 percent of normal), Tule River (295 percent of normal), and Kern River (245 percent of normal). The North Coastal area had a comparatively low 125 percent of normal streamflow for the year. In the Central Coastal and San Francisco Bay areas, water year runoff was 205 percent of normal.

Aggregate carry-over storage in the State's major reservoirs was the greatest of record; exceeding the previous high of October 1, 1965 by over 2,200,000 acre-feet. Water stored in Sacramento Valley reservoirs on October 1 was 8,900,000 acre-feet, (125 percent of the 10-year average). San Joaquin Valley Reservoirs contained 3,745,000 acre-feet, or 170 percent of average

October 1 storage. New power generation records were set while controlling near-record volumes of snowmelt runoff. Reservoir operations (peak inflow, releases and storage) are presented in Table 15.

A series of six storms beginning in March and continuing into April assured California of an excellent water year. Record snow depths were reported in the Central and Southern Sierra watersheds. Additional storms and below-average temperatures during May resulted in a delay in the beginning of the snowmelt runoff. The late snowmelt retention posed a spring flood hazard because of both the magnitude of water in snow storage and the increasing possibility of a continued warm period causing a rapid and extended snowmelt.

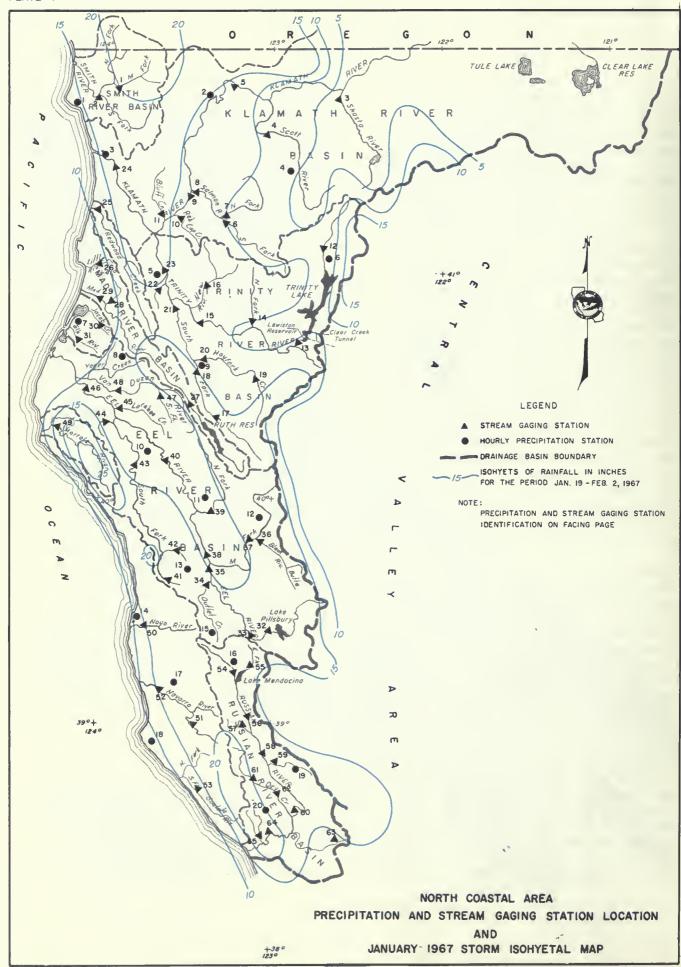
Close cooperation by the Department of Water Resources, U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, and local Irrigation Districts, in the operation of flood control reservoirs, combined with below-average temperatures during the most critical period, prevented a major snowmelt flood.

With the advance of the first intense December storm, flood control preparations by the Department were set into full swing; this condition continued into July because of the unusual late snowmelt runoff.

#### North Coastal Hydrographic Area

The light rain, which began falling over the area on November 31, intensified on December 1 and continued through December 14. This storm produced fairly high amounts of accumulated precipitation. The second storm

system, beginning January 20 and extending into February, recorded higher precipitation amounts and greater intensities. Sharp rises in all North Coastal streams occurred immediately following both storms.



#### Stream Gaging Stations

- Middle Fork Smith River at Gasquet
   Smith River near Crescent City
- 3. Shasta River near Yreka
- 4. Scott River near Fort Jones
- Klamath River near Seiad Valley
   South Fork Salmon River near Forks of Salmon
   North Fork Salmon River near Forks of Salmon
- 8. Salmon River at Somesbar

- 9. Klamath River at Somesbar 10. Red Cap Creek near Orleans 11. Bluff Creek near Weitchpec
- 12. Trinity River above Coffee Creek near Trinity Center
- 13. Trinity River of Lewiston
  14. North Fork Trinity River at Helena
  15. Trinity River near Burnt Ranch
- 16. New River at Denny
- 17. South Fork Trinity River at Forest Glenn 18. South Fork Trinity River near Hyampom 19. Hayfork Creek near Hayfork
- 20. Hayfork Creek near Hyampom 21. South Fork Trinity River near Salyer
- 22. Willow Creek at Willow Creek 23. Trinity River near Hoopa 24. Klamath River near Klamath

- 25. Redwood Creek at Orick
- 26. Little River of Crannell
- 27. Mad River near Forest Glenn 28. North Fork Mad River near Korbel
- 29. Mad River near Arcata
- 30. Jacoby Creek near Freshwater
- 31. Elk River near Falk
  32. Eel River below Scott Dam near Potter Valley
  33. Eel River at Van Arsdale Dam, near
- Potter Valley
- 34. Outlet Creek near Longvale
- 35. Eel River above Dos Rios 36. Black Butte River near Covelo
- 37. Middle Fork Eel River below Black Butte River, near Covelo
- 38. Eel River below Dos Rios
- 39. North Fork Eel River near Mina 40. Eel River at Alderpoint
- 41. South Fork Eel River near Branscomb
- 42. Tenmile Creek near Laytonville
- 43. South Fork Eel River near Miranda 44. Bull Creek near Weott
- 45. Larabee Creek near Holmes
- 46. Eel River at Scotia
- 47. South Fork Van Duzen River near Bridgeville
- 48. Van Duzen River near Bridgeville
- 49. Mattole River near Petrolia
- 50. Noyo River near Fort Bragg
- 51. Rancheria Creek near Boonville
- 52. Navarro River near Navarro53. South Fork Gualala River near Annapolis
- 54. Russian River near Ukiah
- 55. East Fork Russian River near Calpella
- 56. Russian River near Hopland
- 57. Feliz Creek near Hopland 58. Russian River near Cloverdale
- 59. Big Sulphur Creek near Cloverdale 60. Russian River near Healdsburg
- 61. Dry Creek near Cloverdale
- 62. Dry Creek near Geyserville
  63. Santa Rosa Creek near Santa Rosa
  64. Russian River near Guerneville
  65. Austin Creek near Cazadero

#### Smith River Basin

In the Smith River Basin at Gasquet Ranger Station, 19.09 inches of precipitation was reported during the 14-day January storm. This is two inches more than the total recorded during the disastrous December 1964 flood. However, the majority of precipitation stations in the basin reported totals well below the 1964 storm.

The December 1 to 14 storm deposited 15.77 inches of rain at the Elk Valley precipitation gage, and during the January 20 to February 2 storm, 20.42 inches was recorded. At Fort Dick, 10.09 inches of precipitation fell during the December storm, and 14.79 inches during the January storm.

The Smith River near Crescent City reached a peak stage on January 28 of 30.35 feet; well below the 35-foot danger stage.

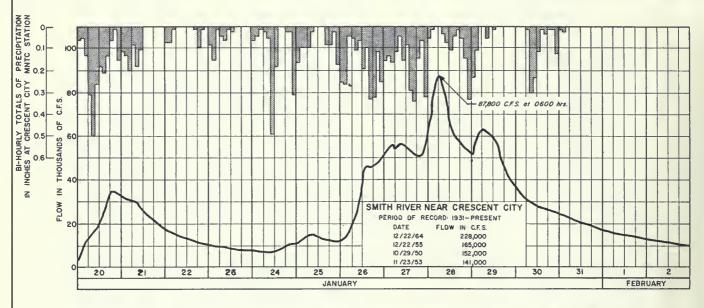
Plate 8 presents a hydrograph of the Smith River near Crescent City.

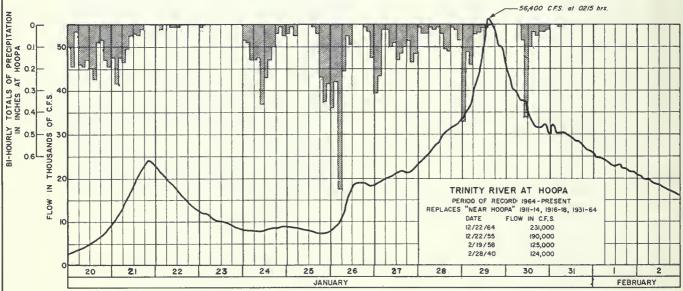
#### Hourly Precipitation Stations

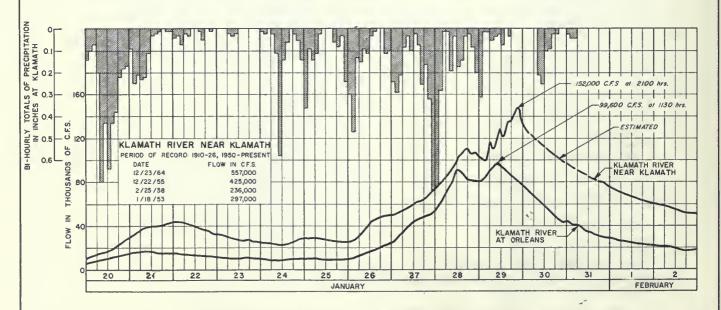
- Crescent City Maintenance Station
   Happy Camp Ranger Station
   Klamath
   Etna

- 5. Hoopa
- 6. Coffee Creek Ranger Station
- 7. Eureka WB City 8. Kneeland 10 SSE
- 9. Hyampom

- 10. Miranda Spengler Ranch
  11. Lake Mountain
  12. Covelo Eel River Ranger Station
- 13. Laytonville
- 14. Fort Bragg
- 15. Willits Howard Forest Ranger Station
- 16. Redwood Valley
- 17. Navarro 1 NW
- 18. Point Arena 19. The Geysers 20. Venado







HYDROGRAPHS OF SMITH, TRINITY AND KLAMATH RIVERS

## Klamath-Trinity River Basins

The Klamath-Trinity Rivers drain an area of 15,700 square miles, a portion of which extends into Oregon. More than half of the North Coastal Hydrographic Area is made up of the drainage of Klamath River and its main tributaries in California: the Trinity, Salmon, Scott, Shasta and Lost Rivers.

The December storm produced comparatively moderate rises in the basin streams, whereas the January storm propelled the streams to the season's peak flows. On January 29, the Klamath River near Klamath crested at 26.57 feet; the flood stage at this location is 33.0 feet. The Trinity River at Hoopa peaked at 33.4 feet, or 5 feet below flood stage.

The season's peak flows were below flood stage in all the Klamath Basin streams. Plate 8 delineates the flow during the January storm in the Klamath River at the Klamath and Orleans gaging stations, and in the Trinity River at Hoopa.

#### Mad River Basin

Rainfall totals recorded in the Mad River Basin during the December and January storms were of moderate intensities and duration. In the December storm 10.35 inches of precipitation fell at the Mad River Ranger Station and 6.16 inches at Eureka. In the January storm, 13.08 inches was measured at the Ranger Station and 8.03 inches at Eureka.

Ruth Reservoir, on the Mad River, reached the season's maximum storage of 58,190 acre-feet on January 29. On the same day, the mean daily spill

and release reached a peak of 4,580 cfs. Downstream at Arcata, the Mad River peaked during the January storm at 15.8 feet, and reached its season's peak of 18.2 feet during the Docember storm.

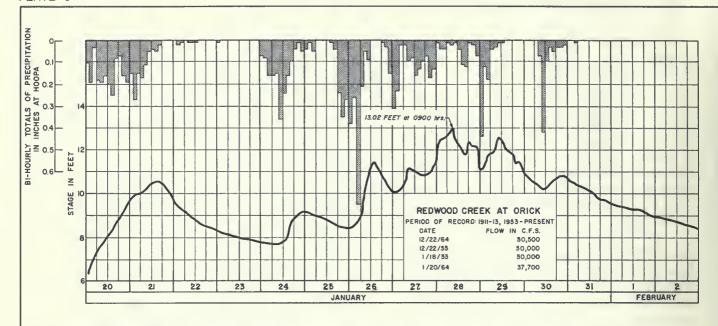
# Redwood Creek Basin

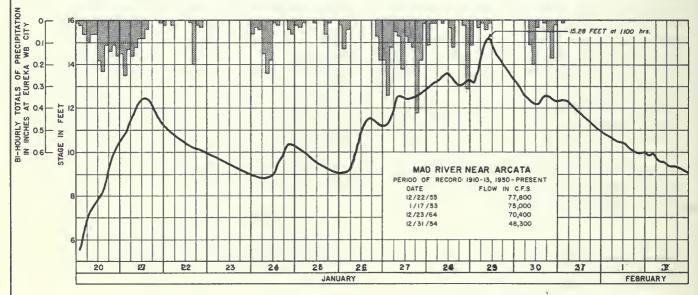
Sharp rises in Redwood Creek, which drains a relatively small area of 280 square miles, will occur almost immediately following intense rainfall over the basin. The December 1 to 8 storm totals of 12.31 inches of precipitation at Orick Prairie Creek station and 8.14 inches at Korbel were slightly less than the January 20 to February 2 storm totals of 13.54 inches and 9.46 inches at the same precipitation stations. The December storm, however, produced the season's peak stage on Redwood Creek at Orick of 15.81 feet. This was a very sharp peak, rising and falling rapidly. The runoff from the January storm, delineated on Plate 9, ed at 13.0 feet but sustained the high flows for a longer period of time than the December storm.

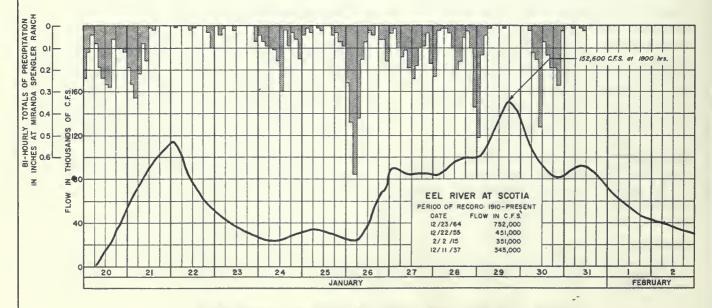
There was no flooding in the basin because the runoff from both storms crested below the 19-foot danger stage at Orick.

#### Eel River Basin

Intense precipitation during the early December and late January storms caused heavy runoff from the 3,700 square-mile Eel River Basin. At the Garberville precipitation station, 10.36 inches of rain fell during the December storm and 14.93 inches during the January 20 to February 2 storm. At Branscomb, 13.03 inches and 19.50 inches were reported for the two storms.







HYDROGRAPHS OF REDWOOD CREEK, MAD AND EEL RIVERS

During both storms the Eel River at Scotia rose to 33 feet, cresting well below the 45-foot flood stage. However, downstream at Fernbridge, where the flood stage is 17 feet, the Eel River reached a peak of 18 feet on December 5, and 17.2 feet on January 29. The Van Duzen River, tributary to the Eel River, peaked near 18 feet at Bridgeville, or one foot above flood stage.

The Eel River, which has caused millions of dollars in damages in previous floods, inundated only the lowlands in the Fernbridge area. Livestock were moved to high ground and some families were evacuated, but flood damage was relatively minor.

#### Russian River Basin

Rainfall amounts in the Russian

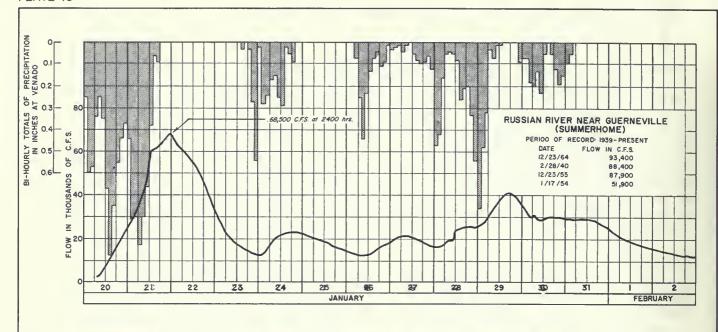
River Basin were greater than in any of the other North Coastal basins. As a result, high river stages occurred along the entire length of the Russian River.

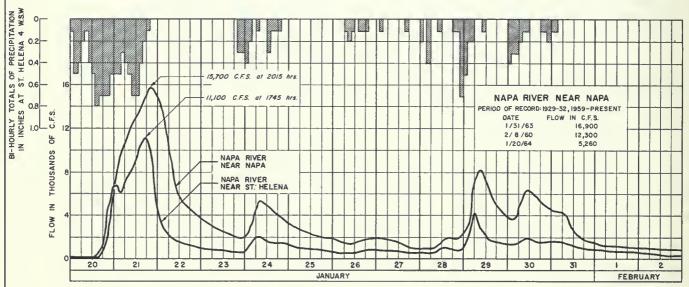
During the January-February storm, 16.34 inches of precipitation fell at Healdsburg; 15.05 inches at Ukiah;. 21.03 inches at Occidental; and 23.86 inches at Cazadero. As a consequence, the peak inflow into Lake Mendocino (Coyote Dam) was 1,120 cfs on January 21. The reservoir reached its peak storage of 88,410 acre-feet on January 30. Downstream at Guerneville, the Russian River peaked near midnight on January 21 at 68,500 cfs. (42.45-foot stage). Flows were high, but highwater damage was relatively minor and confined to the lowlands and to unoccupied summer cabins along the river.

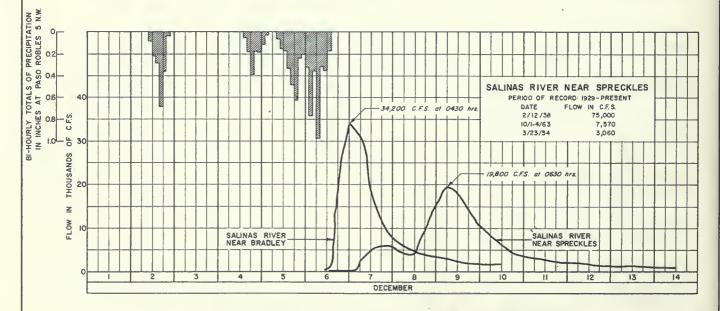
Table 4: North Coastal Area Runoff: January-February 1967 Storm

| Stream                            | Drainage          | Peak  | Peak    | Jan. 20- | Feb. 2 Runof | f Volume |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------|---------|----------|--------------|----------|
| Gaging<br>Station                 | Area<br>(Sq. Mi.) | Stage | Flow    | cfs-d*   | Acre-Feet    | Inches** |
| Trinity River at Hoopa            | 2,865             | 33.20 | 52,000  | 250,337  | 495,667      | 2.90     |
| Russian River<br>near Guerneville | 1,340             | 41.94 | 67,000  | 355,244  | 703,383      | 9.83     |
| Klamath River<br>near Klamath     | 12,100            | 26.25 | 148,500 | 825,069  | 1,633,637    | 2.54     |
| Napa River<br>near Napa           | 218               | 26.47 | 15,800  | 44,039   | 87,197       | 7.50     |
| Smith River near<br>Crescent City | 613               | 30.35 | 87,800  | 377,600  | 747,648      | 22.90    |
| Eel River<br>at Scotia            | 3,113             | 32.86 | 153,000 | 921,747  | 1,825,059    | 11.00    |
| Klamath River<br>at Orleans       | 8,480             | 23.88 | 98,040  | 438,380  | 867,992      | 1.92     |

<sup>\*</sup> Volume of water represented by a flow of one cubic foot per second for 24 hours. \* Volume equivalent to inches of depth over drainage area.







HYDROGRAPHS OF RUSSIAN, NAPA AND SALINAS RIVERS

# Central Coastal Hydrographic Area

During the December storm, record rainfall amounts were reported throughout the area. At the precipitation station Santa Margarita Booster, 7.90 inches of rain fell in the 24-hour period ending at 0800 December 6, and the three-day total amounted to 12.42 inches. Heavy rains also occurred in the Santa Cruz and the Santa Lucia Mountains. Rainfall amounts at selected stations are

shown in Table 5.

The antecedent moisture conditions and the characteristics and intensity of the December storm caused near record peak flows on many streams in the Central Coastal area. However, the only basins which experienced major flooding were the Salinas River Basin and Santa Barbara and Vicinity.

Table 5: Precipitation Totals (Dec. 4-7, 1966) at Selected Stations in Central Coastal Basins

| Station                 | Drainage   | Elevation (feet) | l-Day<br>(inches) | 3-Day<br>(inches) |
|-------------------------|------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Santa Margarita Booster | Salinas    | 1100             | 7.90              | 12.42             |
| Santa Margarita 2 SW    | Salinas    | 1200             | 7.22              | 11.59             |
| Salinas Dam             | Salinas    | 1375             | 4.85              | 8.63              |
| San Antonio Mission     | Salinas    | 1060             | 6.35              | 9.07              |
| Wrights                 | Santa Cruz | 1600             | 2.73              | 4.74              |
| Ben Lomond No. 2        | Santa Cruz | 375              | 3.93              | 6.76              |
| Big Sur SP              | Coastal    | 235              | 4.08              | 7.66              |

#### Salinas River Basin

The Salinas River drains an area of 4,550 square miles. The important tributaries are the Nacimiento River, San Antonio River and Arroyo Seco from the west and Estrella Creek and San Lorenzo Creek from the east. Due to the effect of topography on rainfall, the tributary area on the east side has relatively low annual precipitation and contributes less streamflow than the west side tributaries.

After a period of moderate to heavy rainfall has lowered the unusually high percolation and infiltration rates of the basin, an intense storm of two days or more duration will produce a rapid rise in runoff in the Salinas River and its tributaries. In December, favorable runoff conditions resulted in moderate flood peaks in the northern tributaries and record runoff from the southern tributaries.

The Salinas River at Bradley peaked at 34,200 cfs, 5,800 cfs more than the previous record of April 1958. The Estrella River near Estrella peaked at 17,600 cfs, approximately twice as high as the previous 1958 record of 8,850 cfs.

The only reason more areas of the Salinas Valley were not flooded was because of Nacimiento, San Antonio, and Salinas Reservoirs. On December 1, Nacimiento Reservoir contained 52,960 acre-feet of water. On December 8, it had 179,000 acre-feet in storage. San Antonio Reservoir gained 31,000 acre-feet from December 4 to December 8. The peak flow into Nacimiento Reservoir, which occurred on December 6, was 90,000 cfs. All inflow to the two reservoirs (San Antonio and Nacimiento) during the December storm was stored.



Salinas Dam has no provision for flood control other than the incidental effect in reducing some flood peaks when water supply storage space is available. The Salinas Reservoir spilled during the December flood.

The Monterey County Flood Control District estimates that the peak discharge of the Salinas River near Spreckels would have been 80,000 cfs if the reservoirs had not been constructed. This would have been slightly higher than the flood of record which occurred February 1938, when 75,000 cfs was recorded. The actual peak flow, occurring December 9, was 19,800 cfs.

Plate 10 delineates the flow hydrograph of the Salinas River near Spreckels and Bradley during the high flow period.

The reservoirs were unable to prevent all flood damage. An estimated

32,900 acres of pasture and agricultural lands were flooded. Along the entire length of the Salinas River it was necessary to move cattle to the safety of high ground. The damage to agricultural lands consisted mostly of scouring and deposition of silt, gravel, and debris. Heavy losses to crops and to some new plantings occurred. Numerous farm houses and outbuildings received high-water damage.

Many roads were closed because of inundation or bridge damage. The Gonzales sewage treatment plant ponds were completely inundated. The Chular County dump was flooded and the Chular sewage treatment plant damaged.

During the December 1966 flood, one life was lost on the Arroyo Seco. The U. S. Corps of Engineers estimated the flood damage in the Salinas River Basin totaled \$6,138,000 with an additional \$434,000 storm damage loss.

Table 6: Summary of Flood Damages Central Coastal Area - Salinas River Basin

|   |                   | P               | rimary Flood D | amage in \$1000      | )                    |       |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------|
| Stream & Reach                            | Agri-<br>cultural | Resi<br>dential | Commercial     | Industry & Utilities | Public<br>Facilities | Total |
|   |                   |                 |                |                      |                      |       |
| Salinas River<br>Mouth to Hilltown Bridge | 230               | 0               | 0              | 0                    | 33                   | 263   |
| Hilltown Bridge to                        | 2,50              | V               | V              | •                    | ))                   | 200   |
| Chular Bridge                             | 1,300             | 0               | 0              | 5                    | 30                   | 1,335 |
| Chular Bridge to                          | 1,,000            | O               | •              |                      | J0                   | エッフン  |
| Gonzales Bridge                           | 320               | 0               | 0              | 0                    | 50                   | 370   |
| Gonzales Bridge to                        | )                 | •               | •              | · ·                  | ,,,                  | 71    |
| Soledad Bridge                            | 530               | 0               | . 0            | 0                    | 45                   | 575   |
| Soledad Bridge to                         | 7,7-              | _               | -              | _                    |                      | - 1.  |
| Metz Road                                 | 445               | 0               | 0              | 0                    | 35                   | 480   |
| Metz Road to Union                        | •                 |                 |                |                      |                      |       |
| Carbide Plant                             | 260               | 0               | 10             | 0                    | 40                   | 310   |
| Union Carbide Plant to                    |                   |                 |                |                      |                      |       |
| San Ardo Bridge                           | 145               | 0               | 0              | 0                    | 35                   | 180   |
| San Ardo to San Luis Obispo               |                   |                 |                |                      |                      |       |
| County Line                               | 20                | 0               | 0              | 520                  | 75                   | 615   |
| San Luis Obispo County Line               |                   |                 |                |                      |                      |       |
| to Highway 41 Bridge                      | 110               | 20              | 5              | 10                   | 67                   | 21:   |
| Highway 41 Bridge, Paso Robles            |                   |                 |                |                      |                      |       |
| to Righway 41 Bridge, Atascade:           | ro 250            | 0               | 0              | 35                   | 98                   | 38    |
| Highway 41 Bridge, Atascadero to          |                   |                 |                |                      |                      |       |
| Salinas Reservoir                         | 100               | 0               | 35             | 550                  | 128                  | 813   |
| Arroyo Seco                               | 45                | 10              | 55             | 0                    | 37                   | 14    |
| Camp Hunter Liggett                       | 0                 | 0               | 0              | 0                    | 455                  | 45    |
| TOTAL SALINAS RIVER BASIN                 | 3,755             | 30              | 105            | 1,120                | 1,128                | 6,13  |

## Santa Barbara and Vicinity

The drainage area of the south slope of the Santa Ynez Mountains contains numerous streams. Due to the steep gradients on the upper reaches of these streams, rapid and concentrated flows emerge from the canyons, and flow into highly developed urban and surburban areas.

The principal streams in the basin include Tecolotito and Carneros Creeks, which flow into Goleta Slough; Atascadero Creek and its numerous tributaries, which also flow into Goleta Slough; San Roque Creek, which skirts the west end of the city of Santa Barbara; Mission Creek, which flows through Santa Barbara; Sycamore Creek, which flows through the eastern portion of Santa Barbara; Montecito, Oak, San Ysidro, and Picay Creeks, which drain the community of Montecito; and Santa Monica, Franklin, and Carpinteria Creeks, which flow in and near the community of Carpinteria.

Santa Barbara and vicinity had sustained minor flood damage during the December storm but suffered extensive damage during the January storm, when flows actually exceeded channel capacities and where bridge openings were plugged by debris. The flood flow from Tecolotito Creek, together with the flows from Carneros and San Pedro Creeks, resulted in the floodings of nearly the entire Santa Barbara airport. Major flooding occurred on the lower reach of Mission Creek, where the lack of adequate channel capacity and bridge openings caused overflow into residential areas. Flooding into residential areas also occurred near Cieneguitas Creek. Principal damage in many locations was from the heavy deposition of mud in and around buildings and in the streets.

Although Santa Barbara County was not declared a disaster area, the estimated flood damages amounted to \$1.1 million.

#### SOUTH COASTAL HYDROGRAPHIC AREA

The area comprises all basins draining into the Ocean between the southeastern boundary of Ricon Creek Basin in Ventura County and the California-Mexico boundary, not including the portion of the Tia Juana Basin, which lies in Mexico. North and east of the area lie the Tehachapi, San Gabriel, San Bernardino, and San Jacinto Mountains and the coastal ranges of San Diego County. The higher peaks exceed 9,000 feet in elevation, and numerous ridges rise above 5,000 feet.

Precipitation in the area as a whole is usually moderate, and almost entirely confined to winter months. High intensities, however, often accompany rains in the mountains.

The storms that moved across the area in December and January brought high-intensity rainfall. Rainfall as high as three inches in three hours was reported. The coastal streams responded immediately and flows were relatively high, causing extensive flood damage.

# San Bernardino, Riverside and San Diego Counties

Precipitation amounts were greater than normal during December and January. Long Beach reported the wettest December since 1951, and the wettest January since 1956. Runoff from heavy rains resulted in intense flows which damaged dams, stream channels and levees.

City storm-drain systems were unable to carry the rainfall runoff, and as drains became choked, backwater spread into developed areas. In San Diego, sections of highways collapsed when running water got under the pavement. In San Bernardino and Riverside Counties, streets were flooded and sections of highways and bridges were damaged.

Local flooding was reported from many points. Mud slides damaged homes and

closed highways and city streets. In Redlands, San Bernardino, and Indio, facilities such as water mains and sewers were severely damaged. Stream channels were seriously eroded causing the deposition of large amounts of debris in downstream areas.

As the storm damage continued, the counties of Riverside and San Bernardino, and the City of Escondido in San Diego County were declared disaster areas.

# Lahontan Hydrographic Area (Southern Portion)

In the Owens Valley rainfall is usually light. However, during the December 2-6, 1966 storm, 5.79 inches of precipitation was recorded at the Bishop Airport. This is 4.61 inches above normal for the month of December. Farther south at Independence 9.90 inches of precipitation fell during the

same storm period; 8.73 inches above normal for that area.

The intense storm caused extensive damage to highways and secondary roads and especially to the Los Angeles Aqueduct. Inyo County was declared a disaster area.

Table 7: Summary of Flood Damages in Declared Disaster Areas in Southern California

| Area   | Estimated Damages*                        |
|--|---|
| Riverside County   | \$1,891,000                               |
| Public Damage  | 1,750,000                                 |
| Private Damage   | Total \$3,641,000                         |
| San Bernardino County  | \$2,946,000                               |
| Public Damage  | 1,001,000                                 |
| Private Damage   | Total \$3,947,000                         |
| Inyo County  | \$ 990,000                                |
| Public Damage  | 160,000                                   |
| Private Damage   | Total \$1,150,000                         |
| City of Escondido<br>(San Diego County)<br>Public Damage<br>Private Damage | \$ 140,000<br>350,000<br>Total \$ 490,000 |

<sup>\*</sup> Damage Estimates Compiled by California Disaster Office



## CENTRAL VALLEY HYDROGRAPHIC AREA

## Stream Gaging Stations

- 1. Sacramento River at Delta
- 2. North Fork Pit River near Alturas
- 3. Pit River near Bieber
- 4. Pit River below Pit No. 4 Dam
- Pit River near Montgomery Creek
- 6. Squaw Creek above Shasta Lake
- 7. McCloud River above Shasta Lake
- 8. Sacramento River at Keswick
- 9. Clear Creek at French Gulch 10. Clear Creek near Igo
- 11. Cow Creek near Igo
- 12. Cottonwood Creek near Cottonwood
- 13. Battle Creek below Coleman Fish Hatchery near Cottonwood
- 14. Paynes Creek near Red Bluff
- 15. Sacramento River near Red Bluff
- 16. Sacramento River at Red Bluff
- 17. Red Bank Creek near Red Bluff 18. Antelope Creek near Red Bluff
- 19. Elder Creek near Paskenta
- 20. Elder Creek at Gerber
- 21. Mill Creek near Los Molinos 22. Thomes Creek at Paskenta
- 23. Deer Creek near Vina
- 24. Sacramento River at Vina Bridge
- 25. Sacramento River at Hamilton City26. Big Chico Creek near Chico
- 27. Stony Creek near Fruto
- 28. Stony Creek near Hamilton City
- 29. Sacramento River at Ord Ferry30. Sacramento River at Butte City
- 31. Moulton Weir Spill to Butte Basin
- 32. Colusa Weir Spill to Butte Basin
- 33. Sacramento River at Colusa
  34. Colusa Basin Drain at Highway 20
  35. Butte Creek near Chico
- 36. Butte Slough to Sutter Bypass at Mawson Bridge
- 37. Sutter Bypass at Long Bridge 38. Tisdale Weir Spill to Sutter Bypass 39. Sacramento River at Knights Landing
- 40. Big Grizzley Creek near Portola
- 41. Middle Fork Feather River near Clio
- 42. Middle Fork Feather River near Merrimac 43. South Fork Feather River at Enterprise 44. Feather River at Bidwell Bar
- 45. North Fork Feather River near Prattville
- 46. Indian Creek near Crescent Mills
- 47. Spanish Creek above Blackhawk Creek, at Keddie 48. North Fork Feather River at Pulga
- 49. West Branch Feather River near Paradise
- 50. Feather River at Oroville
- 51. Feather River near Gridley
  52. South Honcut Creek near Bangor
  53. Feather River at Yuba City

- 54. Middle Yuba River above Oregon Creek
- 55. Oregon Creek near North San Juan
- 56. North Yuba River below Goodyears Bar
- 57. North Yuba River below Bullards Bar Dam 58. South Yuba River near Cisco 59. South Yuba River at Jones Bar 60. Yuba River at Englebright Dam

- 61. Deer Creek near Smartville
- 62. Yuba River near Marysville
- 63. Bear River near Auburn 64. Bear River near Wheatland
- 65. Feather River at Nicolaus
- 66. Sacramento River at Fremont Werr
- 67. Sacramento River at Verona 68. Sacramento Weir Spill to Yolo Bypass, near Sacramento
- 69. North Fork American River at North Fork Dam
- 70. Rubicon River near Foresthill
- 71. Middle Fork American River near Auburn 72. South Fork American River near Kyburz

The December and January storms began in the typical pattern which usually spells trouble for the Central Valley. Gale warnings were flown from Point Reyes to Point Conception, and wind velocities were upward of 70 mph in the Sacramento Valley. Precipitation ranged as high as 170 percent of normal. Widespread flooding occurred throughout the Central Valley during the series of storms which swept the Central Valley during December 1966 and January 1967.

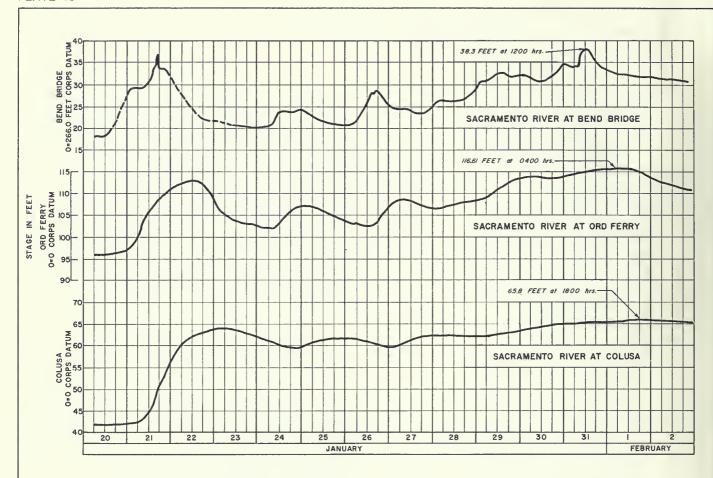
# Sacramento River Basin

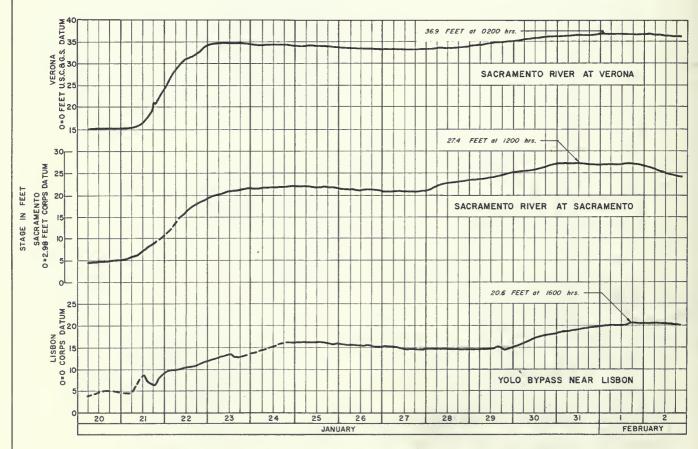
The December 1-16 storm deposited an average of 6.8 inches of precipitation over the basin. Runoff was largest on the upper Sacramento River. The high intensity of the storm propelled the instantaneous peak inflow of 91,280 cfs into Shasta Lake. On December 8, flood control releases from Shasta Dam were increased to the season's maximum of 49,540 cfs. Heavy local inflow between Shasta Dam and Red Bluff, combined with Shasta Dam releases, resulted in the peak flow, during the storm, of 59,000 cfs on December 3 at the Ord Ferry gage.

- 73. South Fork American River near Camino
- 74. South Fork American
- 75. American River at Fair Oaks 76. Sacramento River at Sacramento
- 77. Sacramento River at Walnut Grvve
- 78. Adobe Creek near Kelseyville
- 79. Kelsey Creek near Kelseyville 80. Cache Creek near Lower Lake 81. North Fork Cache Creek near Lower Lake

- 82. Cache Creek near Capay
- 83. Cache Creek at Yolo
- 84. Yolo Bypass near Woodland 85. Dry Creek near Middletown
- 86. Putah Creek near Winters
- 87. Yolo Bypass near Lisbon

- 88. Sacramento River near Rio Vista
  89. North Fork Cosumnes River near El Dorado
  90. Middle Fork Cosumnes River near Somerset
- 91. South Fork Cosumnes River near River Pines
- 92. Cosumnes River at Michigan Bar 93. Cosumnes River at McConnell 94. Dry Creek near Galt
- 95. Cole Creek near Salt Springs Dam
- 96. South Fork Mo elumne River near West Point
- 97. Mokelumne River near Mokelumne Hill 98. Modelumne River at Woodbridge
- 98.





From January 20 to February 2, 15.08 inches of precipitation were measured at Shasta Dam; 20.83 inches at Brush Creek Ranger Station; 19.75 inches at Blue Canyon, and 7.92 inches on the valley floor at Sacramento. The basin average was 11.9 inches, or 70 percent above the monthly normal. Heavy runoff during the January storm caused several foothill and valley streams to overflow and caused local flooding. Flows in the Sacramento River and major tributaries were above normal but well below project design flows. Releases from Shasta Lake were controlled to a maximum mean daily outflow of 36,700 cfs during the storm.

On the Yuba River, the peak spill from Englebright Reservoir was 43,000 cfs on January 21. On the Feather River at Yuba City, a peak stage of 62.4 feet, well below the danger stage of 79.4 feet, occurred on January 31. On the American River, the maximum mean daily release from Folsom Dam

was 36,100 cfs on January 31. The maximum daily mean inflow to Folsom Reservoir during January was 27,050 cfs. Maximum flows in the American River were well below project design flows.

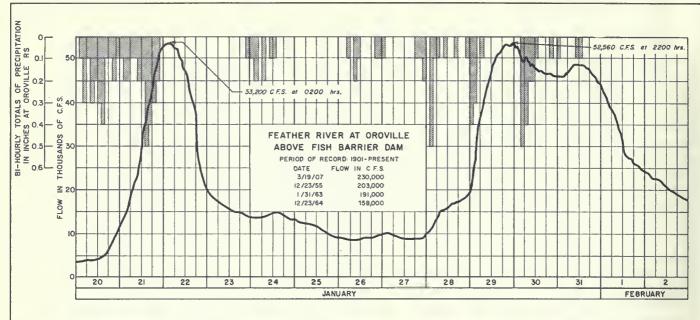
In the Sacramento River Basin, 219,000 acres were flooded. Virtually all of the flooded area was cropland, orchards, pasture or grazing land within the confines of flood channels and overflow basins. A large area flooded was the Colusa Basin, a natural overflow trough of the Sacramento River.

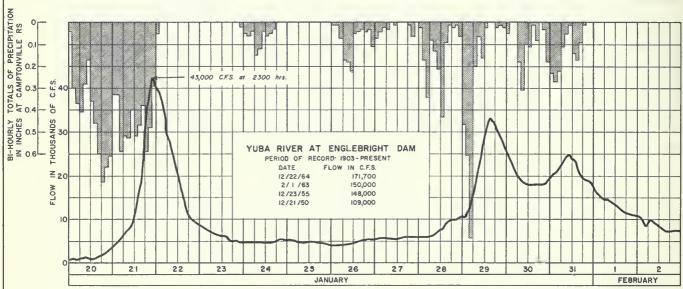
Table 9 shows the periods of overflow into the Sutter Bypass at Moulton, Colusa and Tisdale Weirs, and overflow into Yolo Bypass by Fremont Weir. Plate 33 shows record of inundation of the Yolo Bypass (1914 to 1967).

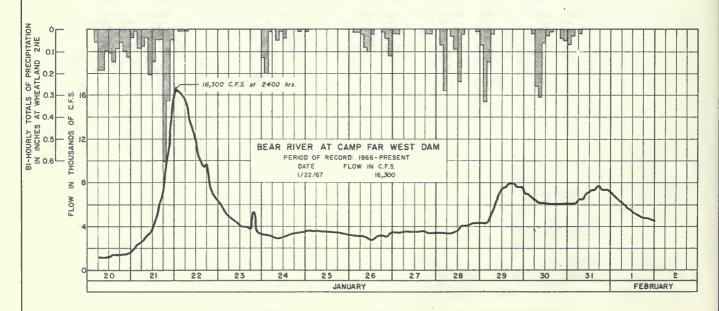
Plates 20 and 21 show stages of the Sacramento River, Yolo Bypass, Feather, Yuba, and Bear Rivers at various points.

Table 8: Summary of Flooded Areas and Damages Central Valley Area - Sacramento River Basin

|                           |         |          | Pı        | imary Flood Da | mage in \$1,000 | )          |       |
|---------------------------|---------|----------|-----------|----------------|-----------------|------------|-------|
| Stream & Reach            | Acres   | Agri-    | Resi-     |                | Industry &      | Public     |       |
|                           | Flooded | cultural | dential   | Commerical     | Utilities       | Facilities | Total |
|                           |         |          |           |                |                 |            |       |
| Sacramento R. Basin above |         |          | _         | _              |                 |            |       |
| Shasta Dam                | 90      | 0        | 2         | 0              | 0               | 2          | Σμ    |
| Sacramento R. Basin below |         |          | - /       |                |                 |            |       |
| Shasta Dam                | 15,300  | 261      | 16        | 8              | 0               | 13         | 298   |
| Feather River Basin       | 12,030  | 213      | 0         | . 0            | 0               | 1          | 214   |
| Yuba River Basin          | 0       | 0        | 0         | 0              | 0               | 0          | 0     |
| Bear River Basin          | 0       | 0        | 0         | 0              | 0               | 0          | 0     |
| Coon Creek Stream Group   | 12,900  | 283      | 0         | 0              | 7               | 1          | 291   |
| American River Basin      | 1,880   | 10       | 3         | 2              | 0               | 1          | 16    |
| Redding Stream Group      | 0       | 0        | 0         | 0              | 0               | 0          | 0     |
| Stony Creek Basin         | 630     | 69       | 0         | 0              | 0               | 0          | 69    |
| Middle Sacramento R. Trib | u-      |          |           |                |                 |            |       |
| taries, East side         | 1+20    | $l_{+}$  | 0         | 0              | 0               | 0          | 1+    |
| Middle Saeramento R. Trib | u-      |          |           |                | 0               |            |       |
| taries, West Side         | 470     | 14       | 2         | 1              | 0               | 0          | 17    |
| Butte Basin Area          | 69,000  | 656      | 0         | 9              | 0               | 5          | 670   |
| Colusa Basin & Tributary  | - /     |          |           | •              |                 | Ť          | ,     |
| Streams                   | 33,500  | 155      | 0         | 0              | 0               | 22         | 177   |
| Cache Creek Basin         | 5,190   | 96       | 0         | 0              | 0               | 3          | 99    |
| Putah Creek Basin         | 430     |          | 1         | 0              | 0               | 10         | 20    |
| Cache Slough & Tributarie |         | 9        | 0         | 0              | 0               | 0          | 0     |
| Project Bypasses & Ship   |         |          |           |                |                 |            |       |
| Channel                   | 64,000  | 639      | 0         | 0              | 0               | 25         | 664   |
| Sacramento-San Joaquin De | ,       | . 37     |           |                |                 | -/         |       |
| Islands & Suisun Bay      | 2,940   | 10       | 50        | 40             | 1               | 3.0        | 111   |
| a same a same a same      | 1776    |          | <u>50</u> |                | 트               | 3.0        |       |
| TOTAL SACRAMENTO R. BASIN | 218,780 | 2,419    | 74        | 60             | 8               | 93 •       | 2,654 |
|                           | ,       | -,/      |           |                |                 | 75         | -/-/  |







HYDROGRAPHS OF FEATHER, YUBA AND BEAR RIVERS

Table 9: Sacramento River Flood Control Project Weir Overflow Data

| Weir         | Flood Stage<br>in Feet | Wei<br>Overflow<br>From- |                     | Cr<br>Stage | est<br>Date         |
|--------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| Moulton Weir | 76.8                   | 1530 hr.<br>Jan. 22      | 1200 hr.<br>Jan. 23 | 78.27       | 0200 hr.<br>Jan. 23 |
| -            |                        | 1800 nr.<br>Jan. 29      | 0930 hr.<br>Feb. 5  | 80.80       | 1800 hr.<br>Feb. 1  |
| Colusa Weir  | 61.8                   | 1115 hr.<br>Dec. 3       | 0010 hr.<br>Dec. 13 | 64.77       | 1730 hr.<br>Dec. 6  |
|              |                        | 0345 hr.<br>Jan. 22      | 1430 hr.<br>Jan. 24 | 65.71       | 0530 nr.<br>Jan. 23 |
|              |                        | 2320 hr.<br>Jan. 24      | 2210 nr.<br>Jan. 26 | 63.69       | 1900 hr.<br>Jan. 25 |
|              |                        | 0150 hr.<br>Jan. 27      | 1130 hr.<br>Feb. 10 | 67.10       | 2245 hr.<br>Feb. 1  |
|              |                        | 1130 hr.<br>Apr. 20      | 1430 hr.<br>Apr. 21 | 62.07       | 2200 hr.<br>Apr. 20 |
|              |                        | 0045 hr.<br>Apr. 25      | 1545 hr.<br>Apr. 29 | 62.63       | 1630 hr.<br>Apr. 28 |
| Tisdale Weir | 45.5                   | 1615 hr.<br>Nov. 21      | 1345 hr.<br>Nov. 22 | 46.39       | 0100 hr.<br>Nov. 22 |
|              |                        | 1600 hr.<br>Nov. 30      | 1215 hr.<br>Dec. 1  | 46.03       | 0030 hr.<br>Dec. 1  |
|              |                        | 0500 hr.<br>Dec. 3       | 1245 hr.<br>Dec. 17 | 48.29       | 1345 hr.<br>Dec. 10 |
|              |                        | 0900 hr.<br>Jan. 22      | 1245 hr.<br>Feb. 14 | 48.91       | 0545 hr.<br>Feb. 2  |
|              |                        | 2200 hr.<br>Mar. 17      | 1100 hr.<br>Mar. 19 | 46.57       | 1130 hr.<br>Mar. 18 |
| =,           |                        | 0015 hr.<br>Apr. 19      | 1230 hr.<br>May 3   | 47.49       | 0600 hr.<br>Apr. 27 |
|              |                        | 2000 hr.<br>May 23       | .2215 hr.<br>May 27 | 46.08       | 0600 hr.<br>May 26  |
| Fremont Weir | 33.50                  | 0740 hr.<br>Dec. 4       | 0040 hr.<br>Dec. 15 | 35.50       | 1545 hr.<br>Dec. 7  |
|              |                        | 1730 hr.<br>Jan. 22      | 1740 hr.<br>Feb. 4  | 37.22       | 0700 hr.<br>Feb. 1  |
|              |                        | 0200 hr.<br>Mar. 18      | 1000 hr.<br>Mar. 22 | 35.01       | 0640 hr.<br>Mar. 19 |
|              |                        | 1800 hr.<br>May 24       | 0830 hr.<br>May 29  | 34.15       | 0500 hr.<br>May 27  |

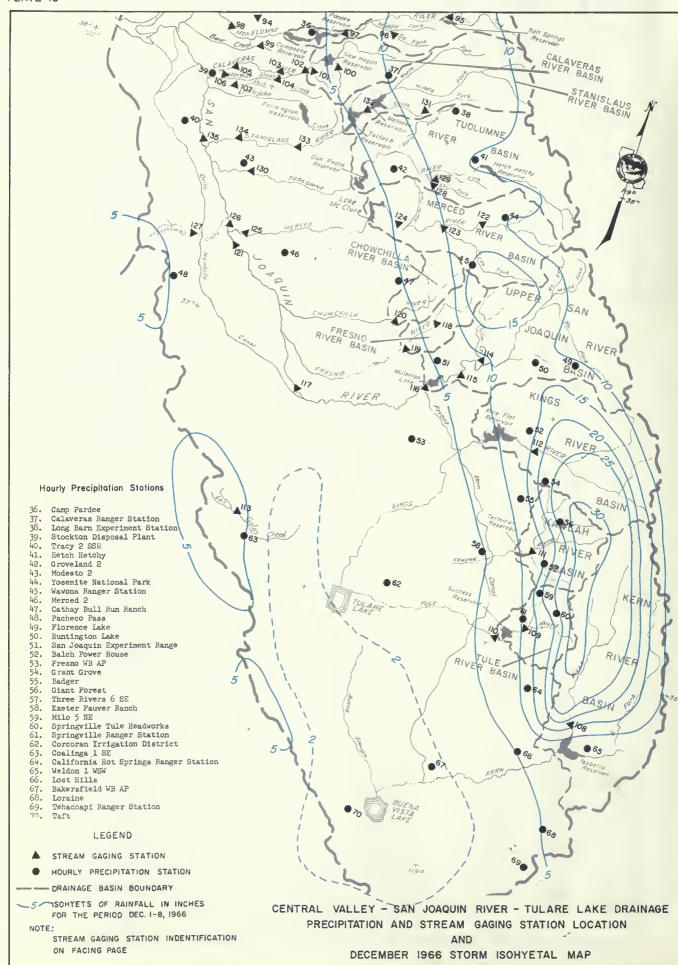


Table 10: Precipitation Totals - Southern Sierra Nevada Basins

| Name                   | Drainage | Elevation (feet) | l-Day<br>(inches) | 3-Day<br>(inches) |
|------------------------|----------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Giant Forest           | Kaweah   | 6,412            | 12.90             | 21.74             |
| Grant Grove            | Kings    | 6,600            | 10.09             | 17.85             |
| Springville 7 ENE      | Tule     | 2,470            | 8.46              | 17.39             |
| Three Rivers Edison Ph | Kaweah   | 950              | 7.90              | 10.10             |
| Ash Mountain           | Kaweah   | 1,708            | 7.33              | 12.89             |

The three-day totals of these stations were 1.5 to 2.0 times the three-day precipitation amounts exceeded, on the average, once in ten years.

#### Stream Gaging Stations

- 94. Dry Creek near Galt
- 95. Cole Creek near Salt Springs Dum 96. South Fork Mokelumne River near West Point
- 97. Mokelumne River near Mokelumne Hill
- 98. Mokelumne River at Woodbridge
- 99. Bear Creek near Lockeford 100. South Fork Calaveras River near San Andreas
- 101. Cosgrove Creek at Valley Springs
- 102. Calaveras River at Jenny Lind

- 103. Calaveras River at Bellota 104. Mormon Slough at Bellota 105. Calaveras River near Stockton
- 106. Stockton Diverting Canal at Stockton

- 107. Duck Creek near Stockton 108. Kern River at Kernville 109. Tule River near Springville 110. Tule River below Success Dam
- 111. Kaweah River at Three Rivers
- 112. Kings River below North Fork 113. Los Gatos Creek above Nunez Canyon
- near Coalinga
- 114. Willow Creek at Mouth near Auberry
- 115. San Joaquin River below Kerchoff Powerhouse
- 116. San Joaquin River below Friant
- 117. San Joaquin River near Mendota

- 118. Fresno River near Knowles
  119. Fresno River near Daulton
  120. Chowchilla River at Buchanan Dam Site, near Raymond
- 121. San Joaquin River at Fremont Ford Bridge
- 122. Merced River at Pohono Bridge, near Yosemite
- 123. Merced River South Fork near El Portal
- 124. Merced River at Bagby
- 125. Merced River near Stevinson 126. San Joaquin River near Newman 127. Orestimba Creek near Newman

- 128. South Fork Tuolumne River near Oakland
- 129. Middle Fork Tuolumne River at Oakland Recreation Camp
- 130. Tuolumne River at Modesto
- 131. South Fork Stanislaus River near Long Barn
- 132. Stanislaus River below Melones Powerhouse, near Sonora
- 133. Stanislaus River at Orange Blossom Bridge
- 134. Stanislaus River at Ripon
- 135. San Josquin River near Vernalis

# San Joaquin River Basin

During the period December 1 to 7. two storm waves brought rain below the 6,000 foot elevation, rain and snow from 6,000 feet to 8,000 feet, and snow above the 8,000-foot elevation.

An average of six inches of precipitation fell over the basin, which is 70 percent above the monthly normal. During the January 20 to 31 storm, an average of 4.7 inches of precipitation fell over the basin.

The largest runoff occurred on the San Joaquin River above Millerton Lake during the December storm. maximum mean daily inflow to Millerton Lake was 18,450 cfs, which occurred on December 6. During the storm period, releases to the river were only 52 cfs.

In the San Joaquin River Basin, 35,000 acres were flooded with damages over \$1,350,000. Extensive damage occurred to powerplant facilities on the San Joaquin River above Millerton Lake. Agricultural losses occurred on the Fresno and Chowchilla Rivers and on various unregulated streams in Madera and Merced Counties. Losses also occurred along the Cosumnes River and Morrison Creek. Relatively minor damage occurred to residential and commercial properties.

Table 11: Summary of Flooded Areas and Damages Central Valley Area - San Joaquin River Basin

|                           |                  | 1                 | Pi               | rimary Flood Da | mage in \$1,000         |                      |       |
|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------|
| Stream & Reach            | Acres<br>Flooded | Agri-<br>cultural | Resi-<br>dential | Commercial      | Industry &<br>Utilities | Public<br>Facilities | Total |
| Morrison Cr. & Beach Ston |                  |                   |                  |                 |                         |                      |       |
| Lake Area                 | 8,070            | 100               | 0                | 0               | 0                       | 14                   | 104   |
| Cosumnes River Basin      | 11,210           | 229               | 0                | 0               | 2                       | 33                   | 264   |
| Madera County Stream Grou | p                |                   |                  |                 |                         |                      |       |
| Chowchilla River below    |                  |                   |                  |                 |                         |                      |       |
| Buchanan Dams             | 1,700            | 66                | 0                | 0               | 0                       | 35                   | 101   |
| Fresno River below Hidd   |                  |                   | _                |                 | _                       | 0-                   |       |
| Dam Site                  | 8,330            | 73                | 0                | 0               | 0                       | 87                   | 160   |
| Cottonwood Creek          | 2,180            | 53                | 0                | 0               | 0                       | 34                   | 87    |
| Schmidt Creek             | 1,600            | 4                 | 1                | 0               | 4                       | 1                    | 10    |
| Dry Creek                 | 820              | 37                | . 0              | 0               | 2                       | 8                    | 47    |
| Berenda Creek             | 450              | 5                 | 0                | 0               | 0                       | 0                    | 5     |
| San Joaquin River         |                  |                   |                  |                 |                         |                      |       |
| Above Friant Dam          |                  | 0                 | 0                | 0               | 565                     | 5                    | 570   |
| Below Friant Dam          | 400              | 1                 | 0                | 0               | 0                       | 1                    | 2     |
| Westside Tributaries      |                  | 0                 | 0                | 0               | 0                       | 2                    | 2     |
| Total                     | 34,760           | 568               | 1                | 0               | 573                     | 210                  | 1,352 |



Courtesy Hammond's Studio, Porterville, California

# Tulare Lake Basin

Tulare Lake Basin is composed of the drainage basins of the Kings, Kaweah, Tule and Kern Rivers. These streams all rise in the Sierra Nevada, in Kern and Tulare Counties, and with the exception of the North Branch of the Kings River, terminate in the Tulare or Buena Vista lakebeds.

Kern and Tulare Counties bore the brunt of the December 1-6 storm as it swung southward through the State. The initial wave of the storm brought light rain to the basin, but mid-day on December 5, a strong inflow of warm, moist air moved inland, causing an increase in the storm intensity. Torrential rains occurred in the basin foothills and mountains and continued until mid-day December 6. During the storm period, 20 to 30 inches of precipitation fell in the mountain areas of the Kings, Kaweah, Tule and Kern Rivers. At Johnsondale, in the Upper Kern River Basin, 14.94 inches of precipitation fell in the 24-hour period ending at 0800 on December 6, and 27.30 inches in the three-day period ending on the morning of the 7th. Other stations in the area reporting large totals as shown in Table 8.

On December 6, the mountain streams of Kern and Tulare Counties, swollen by this intense rainfall, sent a crush of flood waters surging into the lower San Joaquin Valley foothill areas. Previous peak flows were exceeded in the Kern, Kaweah and Tule Rivers.

The raging Tule River had a record peak flow of 49,600 cfs near Spring-ville, well above the previous maximum flow of 10,100 cfs in 1963. At the beginning of the storm, Success Reservoir on the Tule River had 7,300

acre-feet of water in storage. On December 6, it was filled to its 85,000 acre-feet capacity. Even as the reservoir spilled, the water level continued to rise and finally reached a peak storage of 101,300 acrefeet on December 7. The peak inflow to Success Reservoir was 61,000 cfs, which occurred December 6, and on the following day the peak discharge of 8,800 cfs occurred.

Isabella Reservoir, on the Kern River, recorded a peak inflow of 120,000 cfs on December 6 but released a maximum amount of only 430 cfs. After the storm, releases from Isabella Reservoir were gradually increased, but the reservoir continued to impound water until December 29, when the discharge began to exceed the inflow. In 21 days, the reservoir had gained 154,800 acre-feet in storage and was approximately half-full.

The Kaweah River at Three Rivers recorded a peak flow of 73,000 cfs on December 5, well above the previous record of 30,900 cfs in 1963. Terminus Reservoir, on the Kaweah River, had a peak inflow of 105,000 cfs on December 6, and a peak discharge of 5,100 cfs. The reservoir gained 139,400 acre-feet in storage from December 1 to December 7.

Preliminary estimates indicate that the three dams (Isabella, Success, and Terminus) prevented an additional \$80 million damages from occurring during the December storm. The inflow to the three reservoirs exceeded all previous record flows, but releases downstream were generally contained within the stream channels. Some flooding occurred in agricultural areas downstream from Success Reservoir, partially because of uncontrolled spill during December 6 to December 10.

Table 12: Summary of Flooded Areas and Damages Central Valley Area - Tulare Lake Basin

|  |                  |                   | P                | rimary Flood D | Damage in \$1,00        | 0                    |                |
|--|------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| Stream & Reach                           | Acres<br>Flooded | Agri-<br>cultural | Resi-<br>dential | Commercial     | Industry &<br>Utilities | Public<br>Facilities | Total          |
| Kings River Basin<br>Above Pine Flat Dam | Ö                | 0                 | 0                | 25             | 33                      | 1,777                | 1,835          |
| Below Pine Flat Dam                      | 6,790            | 56                | 26               | 68             | 34                      | 28                   | 212            |
| Kaweah River Basin<br>Above Terminus Dem | 880              | 108               | 257              | 223            | 179                     | 2,701                | 2 1.69         |
| Below Terminus Dam                       | 16,460           | 566               | 178              | 56             | 115                     | 367                  | 3,468<br>1,282 |
| Tule River Basin<br>Above Success Dam    | 1,520            | 158               | 297              | 150            | 373                     | 3,669                | 4,647          |
| Below Success Dam                        | 24,800           | 961               | 0                | 0              | 287                     | 291                  | 1,539          |
| Kern River Basin<br>Above Isabella Dam   | 7,880            | 381               | 121              | 372            | 542                     | 2,601                | 4,017          |
| Below Isabella Dam                       | 12,150           | 188               | 53               | 3              | 116                     | 263                  | 623            |
| Caliente Creek Basin                     | 11,680           | 671               | 68               | 75             | 117                     | 198                  | 1,129          |
| Poso Creek Stream Group                  | 13,860           | 618               | 5                | 0              | 99                      | 576                  | 1,298          |
| Coalinga Stream Group                    | 5,370            | 302               | 0                | 0              | 203                     | 87                   | 592            |
| Sunflower Valley Streams                 | 13,880           | 56                | 0                | 0              | 25                      | 14                   | 95             |
| Tulare Lake Bed                          | 26,560*          | 700               |                  | 0              | 1                       | 2                    | 703            |
| Total Tulare Lake Basin                  | 141,830*         | 4,765             | 1,005            | 972            | 2,124                   | 12,574               | 21,440         |



Courtesy Hammond's Studio, Porterville, California

Plates 16, 17, 18, and 19 show the operation of Isabella, Success, Terminus, and Pine Flat Reservoirs.

The total area flooded was 141,800 acres, most of which was agricultural land on the valley floor and grazing and pasture land in the upstream areas. Many towns on the valley floor were threatened by high water, but only nominal amounts of scattered urban flooding actually occurred. Kernville, in Kern County above Isabella Reservoir, was one of the hardest hit communities.

The Kern River tore out a bridge in the center of town and also washed out the State fish hatchery. Flood waters isolated the area and property damage was high. Six hundred residents of a logging camp forty miles north of Kernville were stranded. Hundreds of cattle were lost when they were stranded by water pouring over the grazing areas near low-lying areas of Lake Isabella.

The Kaweah River overflowed its banks above Terminus Reservoir isolating the communities of Mobile Camp and Mountain Home Camp. In the community of Springville upstream from Success Reservoir, the Tule River swept away houses and destroyed the community's water system. Residents along the river were evacuated. In the Porterville area, the National Guard helped evacuate some two hundred families from their homes. In the mountain and foothill areas, extensive damage occurred. Highways, bridges, public

recreational facilities, cabins and summer homes were heavily damaged. Streambank erosion was extensive and large amounts of silt and debris were deposited on pasture and cropland, as well as in reservoirs.

On the valley floor, significant amounts of flooding occurred in the Tulare Lakebed and Buena Vista Lake, which are almost entirely devoted to agricultural uses.

Primary flood damage in Tulare Lake Basin is estimated at \$21,440,000.

Three deaths were attributed to the flood. On the Tule River Indian Reservation, a 6-year old boy died from exposure after being isolated by high water and separated from his family. On the lower Kern River, a laborer attempting to clear debris from the river fell into the stream and was swept away. On the South Fork of the Kern River, a 22-year old girl died from exposure after she and a companion were isolated by floodwaters.

The Kings River, on the edge of the storm center, did not carry damaging flood flows. The peak flow into Pine Flat Reservoir was 91,000 cfs on December 6. Discharge from the reservoir was held to a minimum; the average daily release during the period December 3 to December 11 was 62 cfs. During this period, the reservoir gained 208,600 acre-feet in storage. On December 12, the 1,000,000 acre-feet capacity reservoir had 493,000 acre-feet in storage.



Bridges were destroyed --



Courtesy Hammond's Studio, Porterville, California 36



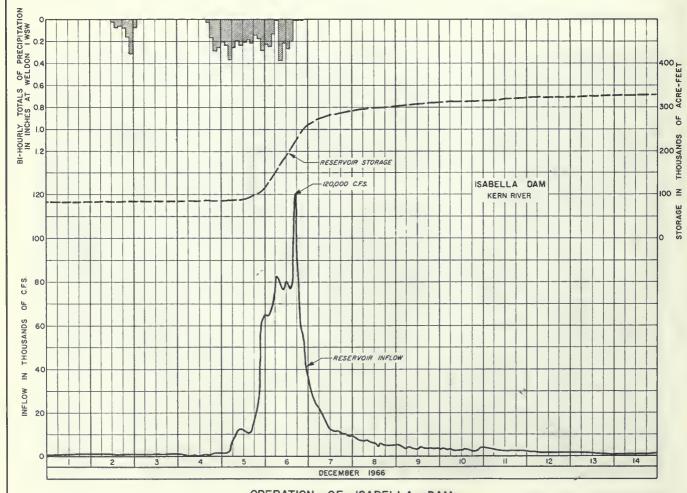
-- and homes severely battered and damaged.



Courtesy Hammond's Studio, Porterville, California
37

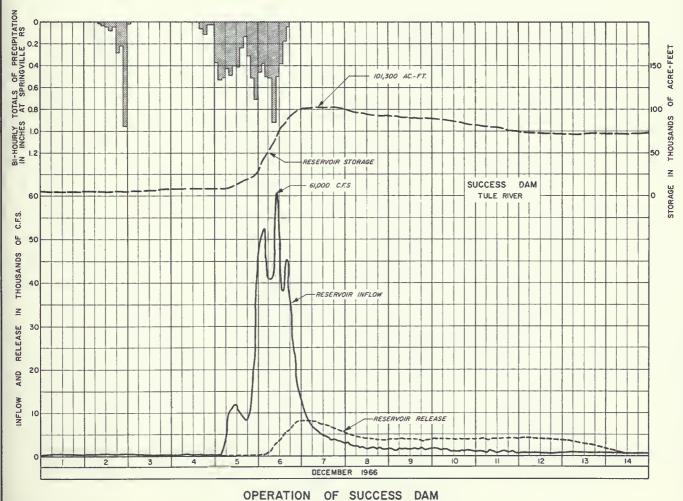
| PRECIPITATION STATION AND BASIN | OBSERVATION<br>TIME   | ELEVATION | PRECIP. PERIOD<br>(INCLUSIVE) | PRECIP. TOTAL<br>(INCHES) | PRECIP PERIOD<br>(INCLUSIVE) | PRECIP. TOTAL (INCHES) |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| KERN RIVER BASIN                |                       |           |                               |                           |                              |                        |
| WELOON ISW                      | MID<br>RECORDING RAIN | 2680      | OEC. 2-6                      | 6.06                      | JAN . 22-30                  | 1.91                   |
| JOHNSONDALE                     | GAGE<br>8A            | 4680      | DEC. 3-8                      | 30.46                     | JAN. 21-31                   | 5.86                   |
| GREENHORN MT. PK.               | 8A                    | 6050      | DEC. 2-7                      | 23.44                     |                              |                        |
| ISABELLA RES.                   | 8A                    | 2660      | DEC. 2-7                      | 11.49                     |                              |                        |
|                                 |                       |           |                               |                           |                              |                        |

|                                    | DRAINAGE<br>AREA | PEAK STAGE | PEAK DISCH. | RUNOFF      |        | RUNOFF VOLUME |        |
|------------------------------------|------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|--------|---------------|--------|
| STREAM GAGING STATION              | (SO. MILES)      | (FEET)     | (C. F. S.)  | (INCLUSIVE) | SFD    | ACRE-FEET     | INCHES |
| KERN RIVER NEAR<br>QUAKING ASPEN   | 530              | 10.9       |             | OEC. I-14   | 16,590 | . 32,848      | 1.16   |
| SOUTH FORK KERN RIVER<br>NEAR ONYX | 530              | 12.0       | 28,700      | DEC.1-14    | 25,070 | 49,639        | 1.76   |
| KERN RIVER NEAR KERNVILLE          | 1009             | 22.2       | 74,000      | DEC.1-14    | 86,573 | 171,414       | 3.19   |
|                                    |                  |            |             |             |        |               |        |
|                                    |                  |            |             |             |        |               |        |
|                                    |                  |            |             |             |        |               |        |



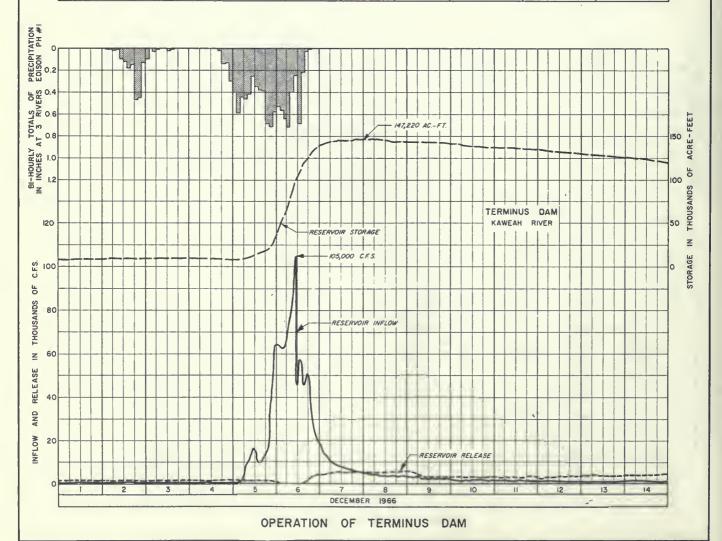
| PRECIPITATION STATION<br>AND BASIN | OBSERVATION<br>TIME   | ELEVATION | PRECIP. PERIOD<br>(INCLUSIVE) | PRECIP. TOTAL (INCHES) | PRECIP PERIOD<br>(INCLUSIVE) | PRECIP. TOTAL (INCHES) |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| TULE RIVER BASIN                   |                       |           |                               |                        |                              |                        |
| SPRINGVILLE RANGER STA.            | MID<br>RECORDING RAIN | 1050      | DEC.2-6                       | 10.78                  | JAN.20-31                    | 3.04                   |
| PORTERVILLE                        | GAGE<br>8A            | 393       | DEC.2-7                       | 5.55                   | JAN. 21-31                   | 1.92                   |
| SPRINGVILLE TENE                   | 7A                    | 1050      | DEC. 2-8                      | 19.47                  | JAN. 21-FE8. 2               | 5.08                   |
| CAMP NELSON                        | 7A                    | 4700      | DEC. 2-7                      | 29.20                  |                              |                        |
|                                    |                       |           |                               |                        |                              |                        |

| CTREAM CACING CTATION                 | ORAINAGE<br>AREA | PEAK STAGE | PEAK DISCH.           | RUNOFF<br>PERIOD |        | RUNOFF VOLUME |        |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------------|--------|---------------|--------|
| STREAM GAGING STATION                 | (SO. MILES)      | (FEET)     | (FEET) (C. F. S.) (I) |                  | SFO    | ACRE-FEET     | INCHES |
| SOUTH FORK TULE RIVER<br>NEAR SUCCESS | 109              | 12.6       | 14,300                | DEC.1-14         | 11,398 | 21,428        | 3.69   |
| TULE RIVER<br>NEAR SPRINGVILLE        | 225              | 19.7       | 49,600                | DEC.1-14         | 50,223 | 99,441        | 8.28   |
|                                       |                  |            |                       |                  |        |               |        |
|                                       |                  |            |                       |                  |        |               |        |



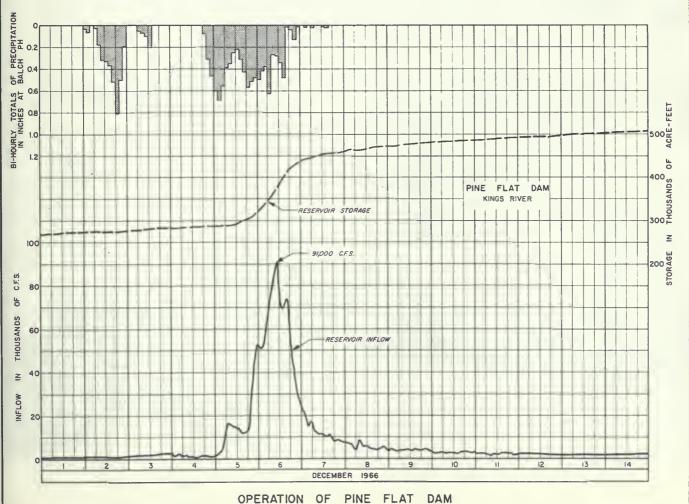
| PRECIPITATION STATION AND BASIN | OBSERVATION<br>TIME           | ELEVATION | PRECIP. PERIOD (INCLUSIVE) | PRECIP. TOTAL<br>(INCHES) | PRECIP PERIOD<br>(INCLUSIVE) | PRECIP. TOTAL<br>(INCHES) |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| KAWEAH RIVER BASIN              |                               |           |                            |                           |                              |                           |
| THREE RIVERS EDISON PH I        | MIO<br>RECORDING RAIN<br>GAGE | 1140      | DEC. 2-6                   | 12.16                     | JAN . 20-31                  | 4.00                      |
| MILO 5NE                        | MID<br>RECORDING RAIN         | 3400      | DEC. 2-7                   | 23.25                     | JAN. 20-31                   | 6.03                      |
| GIANT FOREST                    | GAGE<br>8A                    | 6412      | DEC. 2-7                   | 21.89                     | JAN. 21 - FEB. I             | 11.07                     |
| ASH MTN                         | 8A                            | 1708      | DEC.2-8                    | 15.53                     | JAN. 21-31                   | 5.02                      |
|                                 |                               |           |                            |                           |                              |                           |

| STREAM GAGING STATION                          | DRAINAGE<br>AREA | PEAK STAGE | PEAK DISCH.           | RUNOFF<br>PERIOD | RUNOFF VOLUME |           |        |  |
|--|------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------|-----------|--------|--|
| STREAM GAGING STATION                          | (SO. MILES)      | (FEET)     | (FEET) (C. F. S.) (II | (INCLUSIVE)      | SFD           | ACRE-FEET | INCHES |  |
| SOUTH FORK KAWEAH RIVER<br>AT THREE RIVERS     | 87               | 9.3        | 11,600                | DEC. 1-14        | 12,590        | 24,928    | 5.36   |  |
| MIDDLE FORK KAWEAH RIVER<br>NEAR POTWISHA CAMP | 102              | 17.7       | 23,300                | DEC. 1-14        | 19,745        | 39,095    | 7.19   |  |
| KAWEAH RIVER AT<br>THREE RIVERS                | 418              | 19.0       | 73,000                | DEC. 1-14        | 74,614        | 147,736   | 6.62   |  |
|  |                  |            |                       |                  |               |           |        |  |
|  |                  |            |                       |                  |               |           |        |  |



| PRECIPITATION STATION AND BASIN | OBSERVATION TIME | ELEVATION | PRECIP. PERIOD<br>(INCLUSIVE) | PRECIP. TOTAL<br>(INCHES) | PRECIP. PERIOD<br>(INCLUSIVE) | PRECIP. TOTAL<br>(INCHES) |
|---------------------------------|------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| KINGS RIVER BASIN               |                  |           |                               |                           |                               |                           |
| BALCH PH                        | 4 P              | 1020      | OEC. 2-7                      | 13.55                     | JAN.21-FEB.1                  | 7.56                      |
| PIEDRA BLANCA GUARD STA.        | MID              | 3065      | DEC.2-6                       | 9.40                      | JAN. 21-31                    | 5.95                      |
| GRANT GROVE                     | ВА               | 6600      | 0EC. 2-7                      | 23.04                     | JAN. 21-31                    | 8.55                      |
|                                 |                  |           |                               |                           |                               |                           |
|                                 |                  |           |                               |                           |                               |                           |

| STREAM GAGING STATION (S  KINGS RIVER ABOVE NORTH FORK NEAR TRIMMER | SO. MILES) | PEAK STAGE<br>(FEET) | 4      | PERIOD<br>(INCLUSIVE) | SFD    | ACRE-FEET | INCHES |
|---|------------|----------------------|--------|-----------------------|--------|-----------|--------|
|   |            |                      |        |                       |        |           |        |
| NEAR IRIMMER  | 952        | 14.6                 | 41,000 | 0EC.I-14              | 69,403 | 137,418   | 2.71   |
| KINGS RIVER BELOW<br>NORTH FORK                                     | 1342       | 19.67                | 60,900 | DEC.1-14              | 97,800 | 193,644   | 2.70   |
| KINGS RIVER BELOW<br>NORTH FORK                                     | 1342       | 19.8                 | 63,000 | DEC. 1-14             | 91,077 | 180,332   | 2.58   |





## SNOWMELT RUNOFF

The mountain snowpack usually reaches maximum accumulation about April 1. Streamflow forecasts prepared on that date this year warned all agencies responsible for reservoir operations to plan for high snowmelt flows. The April-July runoff forecast for the San Joaquin Valley Basins varied from 113 percent of normal for the Merced River to 162 percent for the Kern River. However, cold storms during April caused temperatures to remain below normal. Runoff during April was relatively low, delaying the major snowmelt period one month behind its usual beginning date. The water content of the Southern Sierra basins increased about 35 to 40 percent during April compared to a normal depletion of 30 percent.

Reservoir storage on April 1 was above average in all areas of the State except the North Coastal area. One hundred twenty-two major reservoirs were storing 17,167,000 acre-feet, or 120 percent of the 10-year average for this date. Stored water in the San Joaquin Valley Basins reached 160 percent of average. During the month of April, many reservoirs became encroached into their allowable flood control space. In the latter part of the month, reservoir operators began making outflow releases equal to or in excess of inflows to begin conserving storage space for the above-normal May-July forecasted flows.

New records were established May 1 as the snow water content exceeded all previous records for that date. A comprehensive May 1 snow survey confirmed the magnitude and runoff potential of the unusually heavy late-season snowpack. It was generally acknowledged that flooding problems might occur if an unusually hot temperature regime developed in May or early June.

The area of concern for high runoff flows was predominantly the San Joaquin Valley. Although the Upper Sacramento, Feather, Yuba and American River Basins also experienced an above-normal water year, it was felt the Sacramento and American river flood control projects would easily contain the snowmelt flows without danger of flooding.

On May 2, Governor Reagan signed an emergency declaration. The declaration enabled money to be made available to the Department of Water Resources for flood emergency operations in the San Joaquin Valley.

It was anticipated that the newly completed Lower San Joaquin Valley Flood Control Project, built by the Department of Water Resources, would receive a critical test of design capacity flows during the snowmelt period. The Department moved men and heavy equipment to strategic locations in the San Joaquin Valley area. Levee patrols were established to supplement local maintenance agencies and to provide technical assistance if required.

On May 10, Governor Reagan, along with representatives from the Legislature, Corps of Engineeers, Bureau of Reclamation, and Department of Water Resources, made a personal inspection of the San Joaquin Valley flood control project, and flooded areas.

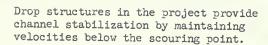
Forecasts of runoff were closely verified and updated through May. As summer weather patterns returned, the late snow retention posed a hazard because of both the great amount of water stored in the snowpack and the increasing probability of a continued warm period.

Temperatures rose during the second week of May and runoff increased until maximum flows were generally reached

# Snowmelt Runoff in the Lower San Joaquin River Flood Control Project



Snowmelt runoff in the San Joaquin River being diverted into the Chowchilla Canal Bypass.







The 14-bay Mariposa Bypass Control structure discharging flow from the Eastside Bypass into the Mariposa Bypass.

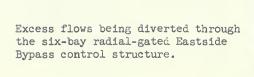




Table 13: Snowmelt Runoff Data

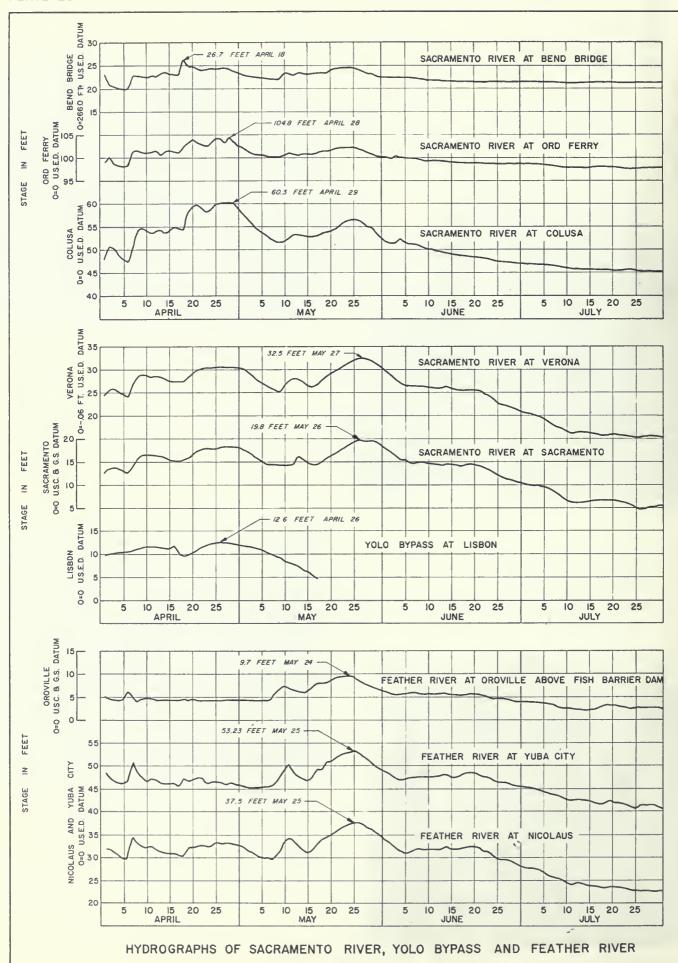
|   | April 1, 1967 - July 31, 1967                                 |   |   |                                 |  |  |  |
|---|---|---|---|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
|   | Measured  | Unimpaired Runoff   |   |                                 |  |  |  |
| Area, Stream and Station  | Flow<br>(Acre-Feet)   | Total<br>For Period<br>(Acre-Feet)                            | 50-year<br>Average<br>(Acre-Feet)                             | In %<br>of<br>Average           |  |  |  |
| Sacramento Valley Area  |   |   |   |                                 |  |  |  |
| Sacramento River, Inflow to Shasta<br>Sacramento River, near Red Bluff<br>Feather River near Oroville<br>Yuba River at Smartville<br>American River, Inflow to Folsom<br>Cosumnes River at Michigan Bar | 2,760,100<br>4,102,400<br>2,563,700<br>1,381,900<br>1,693,600 | 2,760,100<br>3,896,700<br>3,041,500<br>1,734,400<br>2,301,600 | 1,787,900<br>2,492,100<br>1,942,400<br>1,126,000<br>1,386,800 | 154<br>156<br>157<br>154<br>166 |  |  |  |
| Mokelumne River, Inflow to Pardee San Joaquin Valley Area   | 663,400   | 831,400   | 479,800   | 173                             |  |  |  |
| Stanislaus River, Inflow to Melones<br>Tuolumne River, Inflow to Don Pedro<br>Merced River, Inflow to Exchequer   | 1,215,700<br>1,531,800<br>945,700                             | 1,340,100<br>2,175,400<br>1,232,300                           | 737,300<br>1,212,900<br>621,800                               | 182<br>179<br>198               |  |  |  |
| Kings River, Inflow to Pine Flat<br>Kaweah River, Inflow to Terminus<br>Tule River, Inflow to Success<br>Kern River, near Bakersfield<br>San Joaquin River, Inflow to Millerton                         | 1,935,600<br>475,200<br>115,300<br>1,401,000<br>1,133,500     | 2,277,300<br>609,500<br>164,000<br>924,000<br>2,327,200       | 1,174,900<br>263,400<br>56,400<br>432,700<br>1,215,100        | 194<br>231<br>291<br>214<br>191 |  |  |  |

near the end of the month. By the end of May, cooler temperatures had again set in, and streamflows decreased.

Changes were made in runoff forecasts of snowmelt streams to reflect the below-average temperatures that occurred during the latter part of May. The low temperatures kept snowmelt runoff from reaching peaks as high as expected.

For the first time, extensive June

snow surveys were made throughout the State. The water contents at many high elevation snow survey courses exceeded the normal expected in April (usually the time maximum accumulation occurs for the season) and confirmed the fact that the snowpack in the San Joaquin Valley watersheds could cause new peak flows. By early July, these peak flows had occurred and water agencies finally were able to turn their attention from water disposal to water use problems.



## Sacramento River

The hydrographs of inflow and releases for Shasta Lake are shown in Plate 22, page 49. The peak mean daily inflow resulting from snowmelt runoff during the April-July period was 24,100 cfs on April 6, and the maximum mean daily release from Shasta was 19,100 cfs on May 24. Shasta's storage reached a maximum of 4,550,300 acre-feet on May 19, of which 50,300 acre-feet was retained as a surcharge by the spillway gates.

Releases from Keswick to the downstream river channel reached a maximum of 19,100 cfs on May 20. Since
the Sacramento Flood Control Project
was designed to handle considerably
higher flows, the downstream channel
capacities were large enough to easily
pass the snowmelt runoff. Only minor,
although quite unseasonable, overflow
occurred at Tisdale and Fremont Weirs
during late May. A peak overflow of
about 400 cfs was experienced at Tisdale Weir on April 27, and a peak
overflow of about 2,600 cfs occurred
May 27 at Fremont Weir.

The major contributing factor that caused overflow at Fremont Weir was the snowmelt runoff from the Feather River Basin. This flow reached a maximum of 28,100 cfs at Oroville on May 23 and reached Fremont Weir at about the same time the Sacramento River was peaking from its snowmelt runoff. Crops planted in the overflow lands in the Sutter and Yolo Bypasses prior to the peak flows from snowmelt experienced some flooding. Hydrographs of the flow at several points along the Sacramento River are shown on Plate 20.

# Yuba River

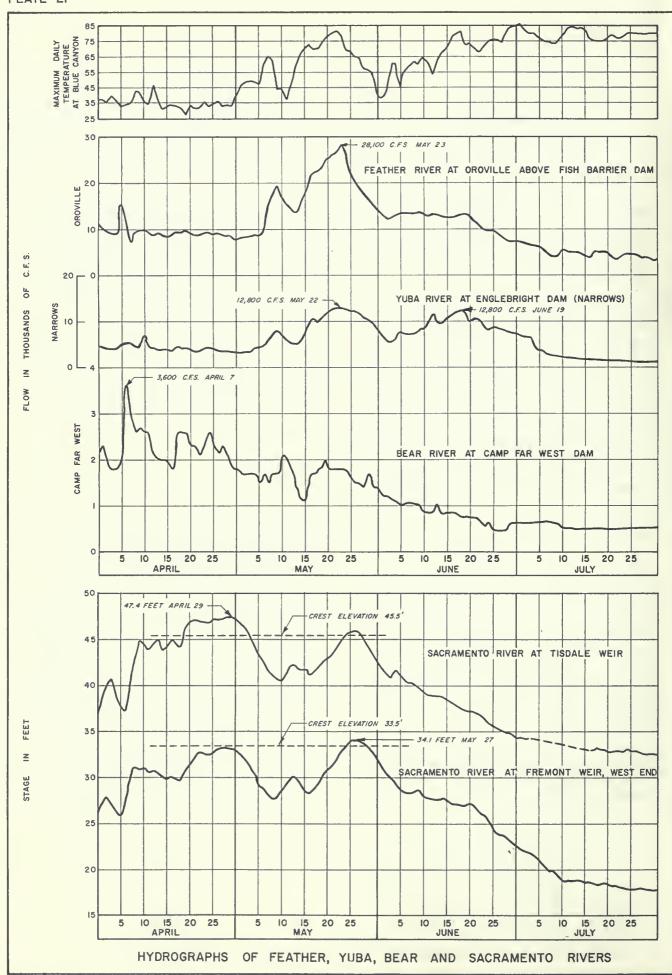
The May 1 forecast of April-July runoff in the Yuba River Basin was 1,700,000 acre-feet, or 151 percent of average; the actual unimpaired runoff was 1,734,400 cfs.

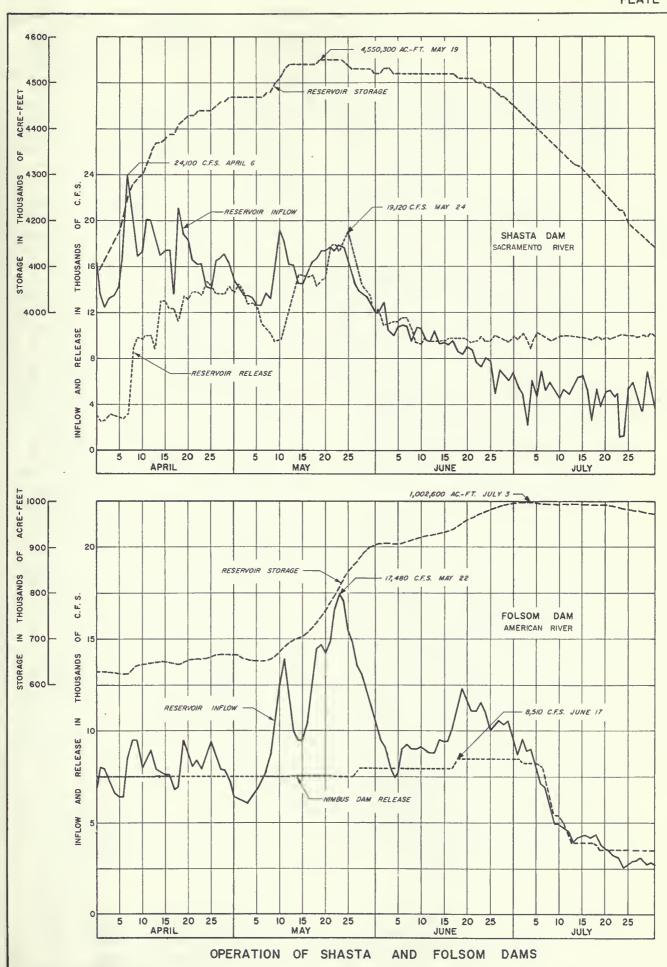
Englebright Dam, on the main stem of the Yuba River near Smartville, had a maximum discharge of 12,800 cfs on May 22. This comparatively moderate flow caused no damage as the channel capacity is great enough to carry flows slightly in excess of 80,000 cfs.

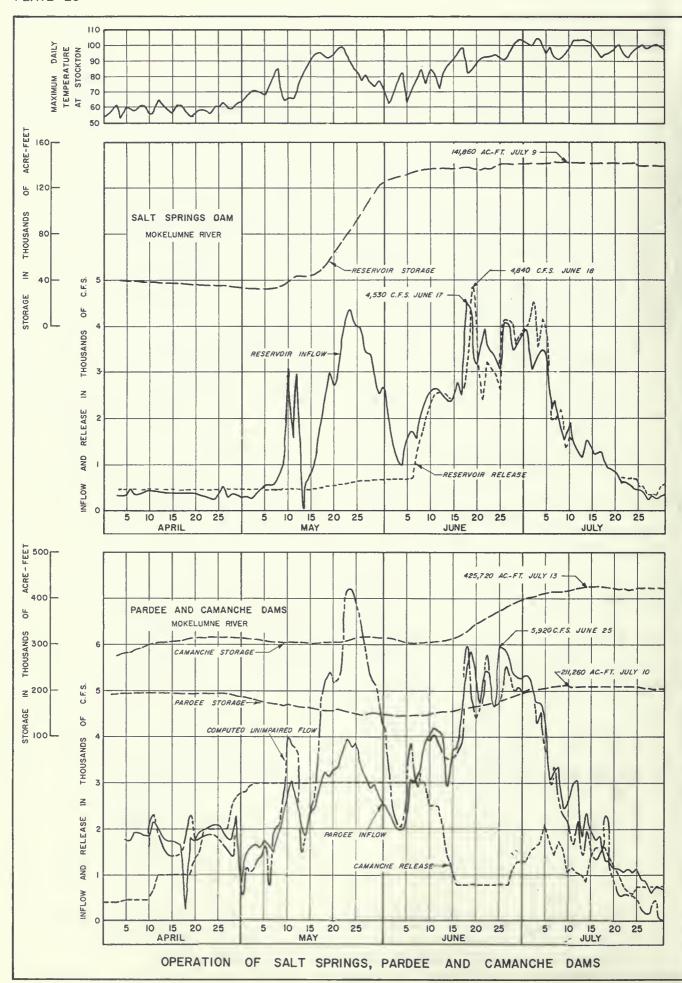
Although no flood problems occurred along the Yuba River, its peak flows combined with the peak flows of the Feather River contributed to the overflow that was experienced at Fremont Weir on the Sacramento River on May 24 through May 29.

# Feather River

In the Feather River Basin, the snowpack accumulated through the winter season normally melts early in the spring runoff period. However, this year the temperatures did not climb to well above normal until about May 13 and then continued through May 24. The snowpack finally began melting rapidly during this period and produced a peak flow of about 28,100 cfs at the Oroville Fish Barrier Gage below Oroville Reservoir on May 23. Although the downstream channel below Oroville Dam is able to handle much higher flows, some agricultural land located in the flood plane experienced relatively moderate flooding. Hydrographs of flow at several locations on the Feather River during the April-July period are shown on Plate 20 and Plate 21.







# American River

There is a total reservoir storage capacity of 1,796,000 acre-feet in the American River Basin. On April 1, there was 706,000 acre-feet of available storage to retain the spring runoff. Folsom Dam, which is located at the extreme lower portion of the American River Basin, has a maximum storage capacity of 1,010,000 acrefeet, and provides the major flood control regulation for the river.

Even though the April l water supply forecast prepared by the Department of Water Resources called for 1,680,000 acre-feet of unimpaired runoff for the April-July period, sufficient regulation control existed to handle the snowmelt runoff without any difficulties. On May 1, the Department revised its April-July forecast to 2,300,000 acre-feet of unimpaired runoff. During April, 430,000 acre-feet of runoff, or 205 percent of average, to occur from May 1 through July 31.

The maximum mean daily inflow to Folsom Dam was 17,480 cfs on May 22. However, the maximum release from Folsom during the snowmelt period was 8,510 cfs, which is a minor flow compared with the downstream channel capacity of 115,000 cfs. Folsom Dam gained more than 342,000 acre-feet of storage during the spring runoff period from May 8 through June 30. Shown in Plate 22, page 49, are the hydrographs of inflow to Folsom Dam and release from Nimbus Dam during the April-July period.

## Cosumnes River

The Cosumnes River Basin is a lowelevation basin surrounded by the American and Mokelumne River Basins. Normally, the Cosumnes River Basin receives very little snowmelt runoff; this year, however, was an exception. The excessive amount of snowfall that was deposited at low altitudes in April eventually resulted in an April-July unimpaired snowmelt runoff of about 330,000 acre-feet or 254 percent of average.

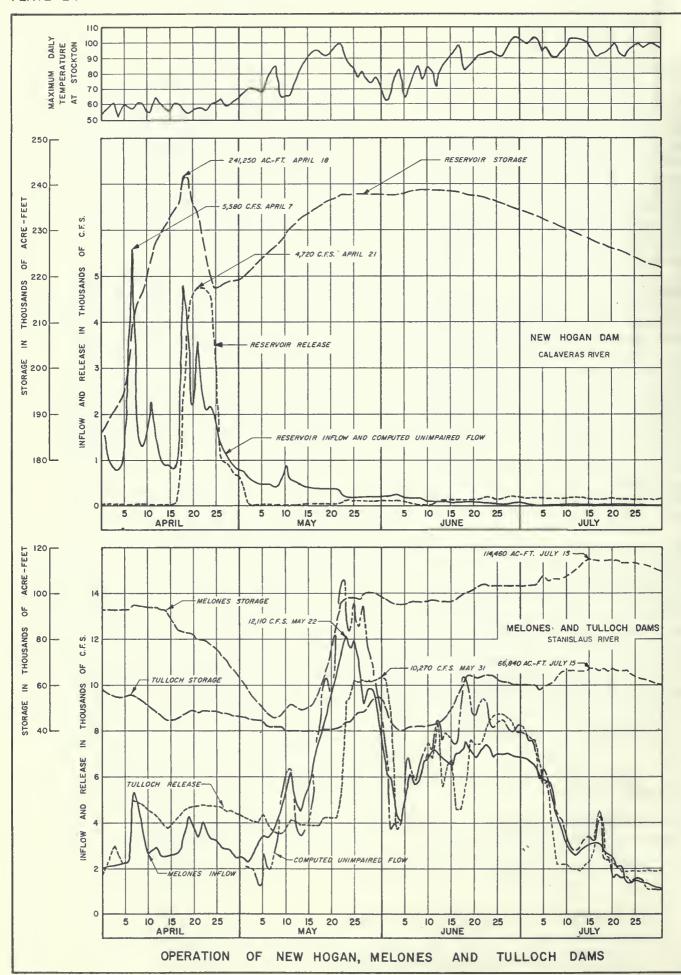
At Michigan Bar, the danger stage for flooding is 7 feet. The peak stage this spring occurred May 24 and reached 6.6 feet. The maximum stage of record, 14.6 feet, occurred December 23, 1955, but was the result of a rain storm.

Flow from the Cosumnes River can contribute to high-water problems in the Delta Area below the confluence with the San Joaquin River. This snowmelt season, however, no flooding problems were reported in the Delta area.

## Mokelumne River and Calaveras River

The North, Middle, and South Forks of the Mokelumne River provide the inflow to Pardee Dam. Camanche Dam is located immediately downstream from Pardee Dam, and, for all practical purposes, they act as one reservoir with the discharge from Pardee being almost the total inflow to Camanche. Their maximum reservoir storage capacities are 210,000 acre-feet in Pardee and 431,500 acrefeet in Camanche. Salt Springs Reservoir, located on the North Fork of the Mokelumne River and the uppermost reservoir on the stream system, has a maximum reservoir storage capacity of 139,400 acre-feet.

During April, with very little snowmelt occurring, storage in the three



reservoirs remained rather constant. In May, Salt Springs Reservoir increased storage from 33,000 acre-feet to 127,000 acre-feet, and the discharge ranged from 450 cfs to 675 cfs. On June 5, when the reservoir approached its maximum capacity, releases were increased rapidly and on June 13 they reached a maximum of 4,840 cfs. Following this peak discharge, outflow was regulated approximately equal to inflow through July.

During the month of April, discharges from Camanche Dam increased from 400 cfs to 2,800 cfs. Early in May, the discharges reached a maximum of 3,000 cfs and remained as such into June; then they were cut back to 800 cfs to allow the inflows to fill both Pardee and Camanche reservoirs to their capacities. The nondamaging downstream channel capacity below Camanche Dam is about 5,000 cfs.

On the Calaveras River, New Hogan Reservoir serves to control the snowmelt flows, which are usually not too significant because the basin is rather low in elevation. The maximum reservoir storage space in New Hogan is 325,000 acre-feet, which was adequate to retain the snowmelt flows. In Plate 24 page 52, are shown the reservoir operation for New Hogan and the inflow hydrographs to the reservoir.

## Stanislaus River

There are four major reservoirs in the Stanislaus River Basin--Donnells, Beardsley, Melones, and Tulloch--having a combined storage capacity of 343,800 acre-feet. These reservoirs were built principally for the generation of hydroelectric power and downstream irrigation, but not flood control. The ability to release water at each of these structures is extremely limited and as a

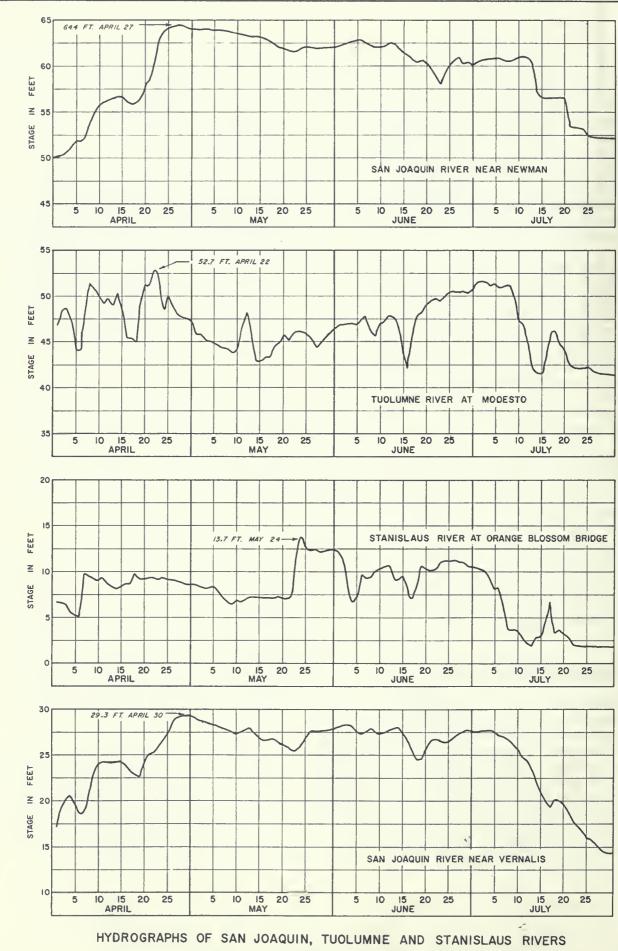
result there is very little capability to adjust reservoir releases to rates of inflow. Thus, uncontrolled spill occurs at each reservoir when the inflow exceeds the maximum rate of discharge and the available reservoir storage is filled.

Donnells Reservoir, located on the middle fork of the Stanislaus River, and the uppermost reservoir on the stream system, has a maximum capacity of 64,500 acre-feet and a spillway crest storage of 53,300 acre-feet. When the water surface is below the spillway lip, releases are limited to about 400 cfs from a discharge valve and about 700 cfs through the powerhouse.

Beardsley Dam is located below Donnells Reservoir on the middle fork of the Stanislaus River. It has a maximum storage capacity of 98,300 acre-feet and a crest storage of 77,800 acre-feet. The maximum release that can be made when the water level is below the spillway crest is 650 cfs.

Melones Dam is located well below the confluence of the south fork with the main branch of the Stanislaus River. Virtually all of the snowmelt in this basin, except that which is retained in upper reservoirs, flows into Melones Reservoir. It has a maximum storage capacity of 112,600 acre-feet and a spillway crest storage of 90,700 acre-feet. Below the spillway lip, the maximum release capacity is 5,600 cfs.

Tulloch Dam is located below Melones and has a maximum storage capacity of 68,400 acre-feet. The maximum release below the spillway crest storage of 37,600 acre-feet is about 1,700 cfs through the powerhouse. It is not until the water level in Tulloch



Reservoir exceeds the spillway crest elevation that the outflow from the basin as a whole can exceed 1,700 cfs, or 3,400 acre-feet per day. The outflow from Tulloch, when the water level is above the spillway crest, is then dependent on the amount of head available.

On April 1, the Department of Water Resources forecast an April-July unimpaired snowmelt runoff of 880,000 acre-feet for the Stanislaus River Basin. At that time, the total available reservoir space in the basin was 107,000 acre-feet. During April, about 183,000 acre-feet of runoff occurred. A hydrograph of April-July unimpaired runoff and the operation of Melones and Tulloch reservoirs are shown in Plate 24, page 52. The April runoff was 10 percent below normal due to the cool, stormy weather. On May 1, the forecasted April-July unimpaired runoff was revised upward to 1,230,000 acre-feet due to April precipitation. Thus, about 1,050,000 acre-feet of unimpaired snowmelt runoff was forecast for the remaining May-July period. The total available reservoir storage in the basin on May 1 was about 141,000 acre-feet.

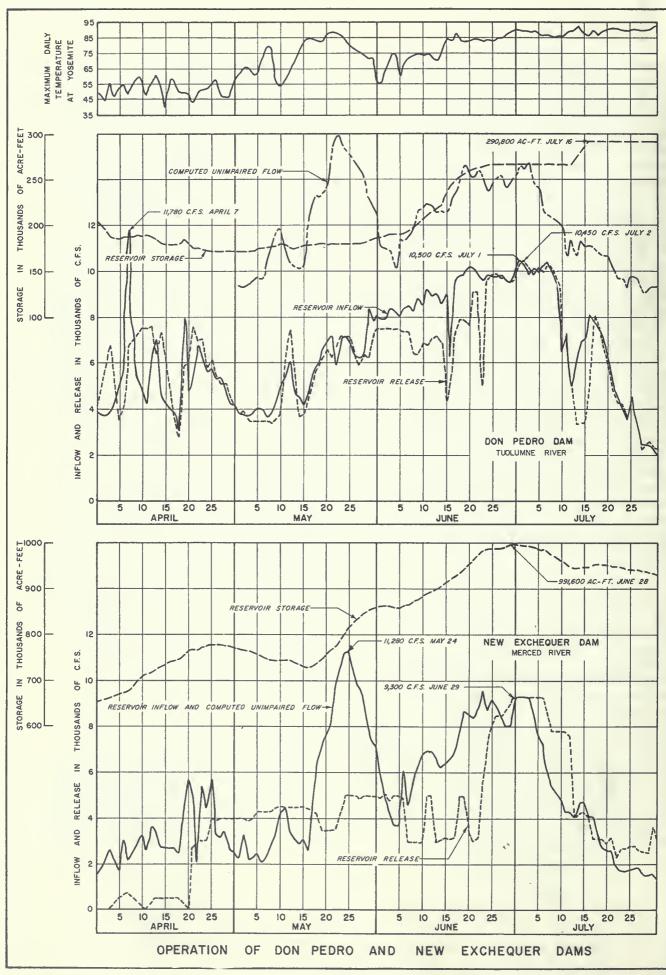
As temperatures increased early in May, the snowpack began to reach threshold density and the mean daily flow increased from about 2,000 cfs on May 6 to about 6,200 cfs on May 11. The temperatures increased sharply from May 12 to May 17, and the flow also increased sharply. The temperature remained high for several days, causing the mean daily outflow from Tulloch Dam to reach about 10,270 cfs on May 31. The resulting downstream hydrograph at Orange Blossom is shown in Plate 25, page 54. From May 16 to May 25, Donnells Reservoir storage increased nearly 49,000 acre-feet. On May 25,

there was only about 27,000 acre-feet of available storage space remaining in the basin. The peak runoff during this period reached about 34,000 acrefeet on May 27. If the temperature had continued high for a few more days, all the remaining basin reservoir storage would have been filled and the Stanislaus River would have been flowing without any reservoir control.

Had this unregulated flow occurred, it would undoubtedly have caused extensive agricultural flooding downstream. Fortunately, on May 24, a cooling trend developed and the mean daily flows began to slacken. With below-normal temperatures occurring through the first 14 days of June, the snowmelt rate remained at moderately low flows. The snowpack became sufficiently depleted so that its potential to produce further high flows was reduced. The peak mean daily flow during June was about 10,000 cfs on June 18. By the first of July, the snowpack had lost its potential to produce increased flows and the river began to recede even though the temperature remained above normal. There was little flooding along the Stanislaus River during the snowmelt period, although these flows contributed to local seepage problems below the confluence with the San Joaquin River. The April-July unimpaired runoff for the Stanislaus River Basin was 1,340,000 or 182 percent of average.

## Tuolumne River

The April 1, 1967 Water Conditions bulletin, prepared by the Department of Water Resources, forecast an April-July unimpaired runoff of 1,425,000 acre-feet for the Tuolumne River Basin. Due to April's stormy weather conditions,



this forecast was revised on May 1 to 2,060,000 acre-feet, or 170 percent of average. During April, 300,000 acre-feet of runoff occurred leaving a May-July forecast of 1,760,000 acre-feet of runoff. There is a combined total reservoir storage capacity of 1,025,000 acre-feet in the basin, of which 578,000 acre-feet was available on April 1.

The three major dams in the basin, Cherry Valley, Hetch Hetchy, and Don Pedro, have adequate outlet facilities to regulate their storage. These reservoirs were operated to maintain sufficient flood reservation space for the peak flows from the snowmelt runoff. Releases from Don Pedro reached a peak mean daily discharge of about 7,500 cfs during May and about 10,450 cfs during the last few days of June and through the first ten days of July. The peak mean daily unimpaired flow that occurred in the basin was estimated to be about 16,000 cfs on May 23. Hydrographs of the Tuolumne River Basin full natural flows and Don Pedro reservoir inflow and outflow are shown in Plate 26, page 56.

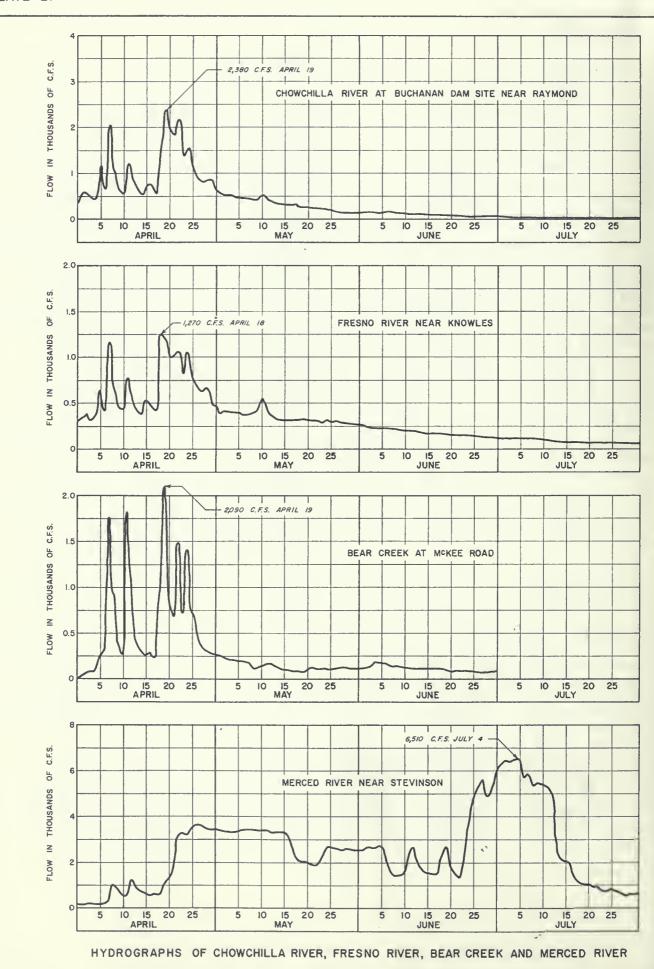
There is a diversion dam below Don Pedro at LaGrange, which diverts up to 3,200 cfs from the river for irrigation use. The maximum mean daily flow in the river channel below La-Grange was about 7,200 cfs on July 2. The channel capacity of the river below LaGrange is 9,000 cfs. With the prudent operation of the reservoirs, and the cool temperature regimes at the end of May and first of June, the snowmelt runoff in the Tuolumne River Basin did not cause any flood problems. The downstream hydrograph of flow for the Tuolumne River at Modesto during the period April-July is shown on Plate 25, page 54.

# Merced River

There are two dams in the Merced River Basin: New Exchequer, with a maximum storage capacity of 1,026,000 acre-feet, and McSwain, with a maximum storage capacity of 9,480 acre-feet. The maximum release capacity of New Exchequer Dam with water elevation below the spillway is 9,300 cfs via a cone dispersion valve located in a 9-foot diameter penstock bypass tunnel, and 3,100 cfs through the powerhouse penstock. McSwain, which is a diversion dam below New Exchequer, diverts up to about 2,000 cfs of flow from the river for irrigation use. The channel capacity of the river below McSwain is about 6,000 cfs. With the sufficient storage and release capacities of New Exchequer, the snowmelt runoff was not expected to cause any problems. Releases were increased to about 4,000 cfs during the last week of April to provide increased storage space during the snowmelt period.

Beginning on May 12, the temperature in the Merced River Basin increased rapidly to above normal and remained there for several days. The mean daily inflows into New Exchequer increased from 2,600 cfs on May 16 to a peak mean daily flow of 11,280 cfs on May 25. New Exchequer's storage increased from about 730,000 acre-feet on May 16 to about 860,000 acre-feet on May 31. Releases were increased to a mean daily outflow of 5,000 cfs on May 24 and remained near that level until June 6, when releases were cut to 300 cfs during weekdays to allow for clearing work on a downstream channel obstruction that was causing erosion problems.

The storage had increase continuously from 859,000 acre-feet on June 5 to 991,600 acre-feet on June 28. Leakage through the dam structure, a problem that had existed since the construction of



New Exchequer Dam, increased during this period. The Merced Irrigation District and the Division of Safety of Dams of the Department of Water Resources agreed that releases should be adjusted to equal the inflows so as not to cause a further increase in the storage head. On June 23, the releases were increased through the cone dispersion valve and reached about 8,500 cfs by the morning of June 26. Then the cone of the dispersion valve failed, and the outlet tunnel works had to be closed off. There were also some mechanical problems with the powerhouse generator, and no releases could be made through its outlet works. As a result, the only controlled release capability that remained was the gated spillway. Therefore, the gates were opened to keep the reservoir from gaining additional storage.

A mean daily peak discharge of 9,300 cfs from New Exchequer occurred from June 30 through July 5. The Division of Safety of Dams requested that water in storage be lowered to elevation 837ft and that the reservoir be operated below this level until repairs had been made.

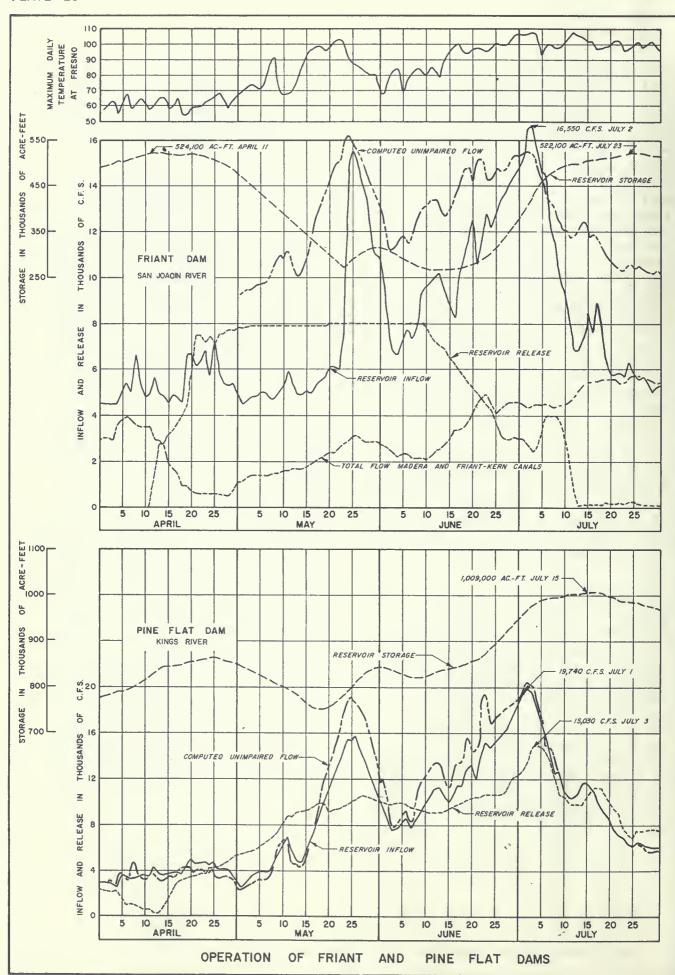
On June 26, the maximum releases from McSwain to the river channel reached 7,500 cfs. With a channel capacity of 6,000 cfs, some of the lower agricultural lands adjacent to the river experienced flood problems. It was estimated by personnel from the Department of Water Resources that about 172 acres of agricultural land and about 36 acres of native grassland were flooded. When the inflow began to drop on July 4, the situation began to improve. By July 12, the reservoir storage had decreased to about 42,000 acre-feet.

Hydrographs of the reservoir operation of New Exchequer Dam are shown in Plate 26, page 56. The unimpaired April-July runoff inflow to New Exchequer was 1,230,000 acre-feet or 198 percent of normal.

# Fresno River and Chowchilla River

The Fresno and Chowchilla River Basins are adjacent watersheds located between the Upper San Joaquin and Merced River Basins. As relatively low-elevation basins, the Fresno and Chowchilla Rivers normally do not cause snowmelt flood problems. However, with the unusually heavy low-elevation snowpack this year, the Fresno River caused considerable flood damage in mid-April.

Two breaks in private levees were reported approximately 5 to 6 miles upstream from the Chowchilla Bypass. One break in the North levee was located approximately 1,000 feet west of County Road No. 16. The water from this break flooded to the north and west and inundated approximately 500 acres. A second break in the south levee was located approximately 2,300 feet east of County Road No. 16. The water from this break flooded to the south and west inundating about 1,300 acres. The water from these levee breaks flowed westerly and eventually returned to the Fresno River and the Chowchilla Canal Bypass. In Plate 27, page 58, is shown the hydrograph of the flow in the Fresno River at Knowles during the April-July period. The maximum flow reached was 1270 cfs on April 18, which is the highest flow of record due to snowmelt.



## Upper San Joaquin River

Friant Dam, located at the mouth of the Upper San Joaquin Basin\*, retains the waters of Millerton Lake. reservoir has a maximum storage capacity of 520,500 acre-feet and provides the major flood control regulation for the San Joaquin River. Upstream from Friant Dam are: Crane Valley Dam, Shaver Lake, Huntington Lake, Mammoth Pool, Florence Lake, and T. A. Edison Dam. These upstream reservoirs, constructed for power production, are part of the Southern California Edison System and have a combined storage capacity of 573,400 acre-feet.

The April 1, 1967 water conditions report, prepared by the Department of Water Resources, forecast an April-July unimpaired runoff of 1,620,000 acre-feet for the San Joaquin River Basin. On May 1, the April-July forecast was revised upward to 2,440,000 acre-feet of unimpaired runoff, or 201 percent of average. About 250,000 acre-feet of runoff occurred during April, and the actual May-July unimpaired runoff was 2,077,000 acre-feet.

There is a total reservoir storage capacity of 1,104,000 acre-feet in the basin. 425,000 acre-feet of this combined reservoir storage space was available on April 1. At that time, the storage at Friant Dam was 492,100 acre-feet. Outflow from Friant consisted of releases to the river channel and diversions for irrigation through the Madera and Friant-Kern canals. During the first ten days of April, minimal releases of about 32 cfs were made to the river, while irrigation releases averaged about 3,400 cfs.

An increase in release from Friant was initiated on April 11 to provide

additional storage space for regulating the forecasted snowmelt runoff. The releases were maintained at or near the 8,000-cfs channel capacity from April 20 until June 9. With Friant Dam gaining an additional 250,000 acrefect of storage space from April 11 to May 22, and with 465,000 acrefect of available storage space in the reservoirs above Friant on May 1, the snowmelt flows were curtailed without difficulty.

The peak mean daily unimpaired runoff to Friant was computed to be over 16,000 cfs during May. Above normal temperatures during the last half of June and through the first four days of July resulted in unimpaired inflows reaching a peak of about 15,500 cfs on July 3. On July 4, the unimpaired flows began to decline even though the temperature remained high, which indicated the snow-pack no longer had the potential to continue to produce significant snowmelt runoff.

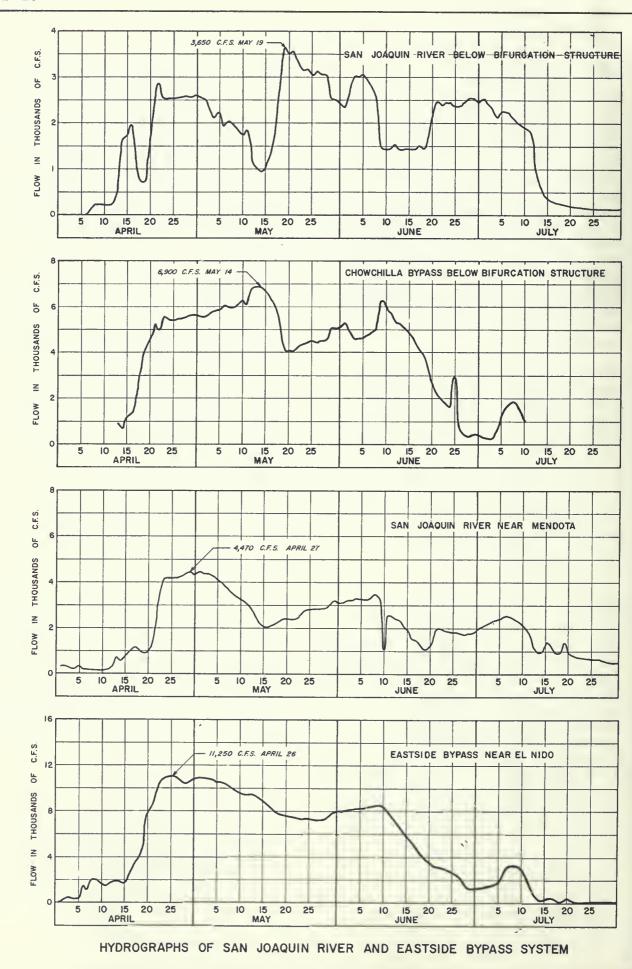
In Plate 28, page 60, are shown the full natural unimpaired flow for the Upper San Joaquin Basin and hydrographs of inflow and releases for Millerton Lake.

On June 9, the U. S. Bureau of Reclamation began decreasing releases from Friant to start filling the reservoir. From June 15, through July 23, Friant gained approximately 250,000 acre-feet of storage. By July 12, releases to the river channel once again were at a minimum of 176 cfs, while irrigation releases were approaching their maximum values.

### Lower San Joaquin River

After leaving Friant Dam, the water from the San Joaquin River enters the Chowchilla Canal Bypass and San Joaquin River structures. These facilities are

\*As used in this report, Upper San Joaquin Basin refers to that portion of the drainage area above Friant Dam.



features of the Lower San Joaquin River Flood Control Project, built by the Department of Water Resources and completed early in 1967. The gates of these two structures divide the flow into the San Joaquin River and Mendota Pool and into the Chowchilla Canal Bypass. The Lower San Joaquin Flood Control Project was effective in preventing the valley from becoming inundated. The flooding was reduced principally to small local areas of seepage and boils along the lower reaches of the river. In previous years, many thousands of acres were subject to overflow.

The channel capacity below Friant to the control structure is 8,000 cfs. The Chowchilla Canal Bypass was designed to pass a maximum flow of 5,500 cfs. After flow division at the control structure, the remaining flow is diverted down the old San Joaquin River Channel to the Mendota Pool. Hydrographs for April-July of the flow in the Chowchilla Canal Bypass and in the San Joaquin River below the Bypass structure are shown on Plate 29, page 62. During the April-July period, the Chowchilla Canal Bypass safely conveyed over 1,000,000 acre-feet of water through the valley trough.

In addition to San Joaquin River water, the Kings River water diverted north through Fresno Slough of James Bypass also arrives at the Mendota Pool.

A hydrograph of the San Joaquin River at Mendota (just below Mendota Pool) is shown in Plate 29, page 62, for the April-July period. Further downstream, hydrographs of the April-July flow for the Eastside Bypass near El Nido are also shown in Plate 29. The maximum snowmelt flow that occurred in the San Joaquin River at Vernalis was 26,100 cfs on April 30. A hydrograph showing this flow is on Plate 25.

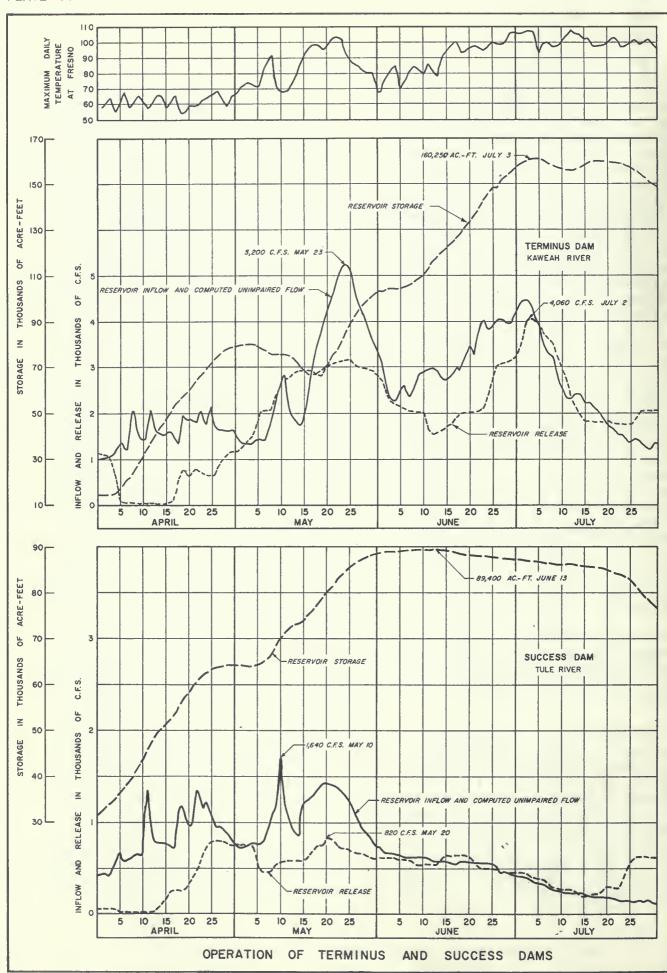
## Kings River

Pine Flat Dam, which has a maximum storage capacity of 1,000,000 acre-feet, receives virtually all of the runoff from snowmelt in the Kings River Basin. There are only two small power-regulating reservoirs in the upper basin: Courtright, which has a storage capacity of 123,300 acre-feet; and Wishon, with a storage capacity of 128,000 acre-feet. All of these reservoirs provide a combined maximum total reservoir storage capacity of 1,251,300 acre-feet in the basin, of which there was 396,000 acre-feet available on April 1.

The Department of Water Resources, on April 1, forecast an April-July unimpaired runoff of 1,650,000 acre-feet for the Kings River Basin. The actual runoff recorded for April was 210,000 acre-feet. The forecast was revised upward on May 1, leaving 2,030,000 acre-feet of runoff to occur during May-July with only 350,000 acre-feet of available storage remaining in the basin. The actual unimpaired April-July runoff was 2,277,300 acre-feet.

Releases from Pine Flat Reservoir were increased from 300 cfs beginning on April 13 and reached almost 9,000 cfs on May 18. This resulted in an increase in the available reservoir storage from 153,000 acre-feet on April 13 to 258,000 acre-feet on May 18. Mean daily inflows to Pine Flat reached nearly 16,000 cfs on May 26, due to above normal temperatures, and then decreased with cooler temperatures. Sustained high temperatures from the latter part of June through the first week of July caused a peak mean daily inflow to Pine Flat Reservoir of about 19,740 cfs on July 2.

The maximum release from Pine Flat was about 15,000 cfs on July 4. A peak flow of 3,700 cfs during this period was diverted north to the San Joaquin



River. A maximum of 2,900 cfs was diverted to Kings River south into Tulare Lake. A total of 67,000 acrefeet reached Tulare Lake from April through July. The balance of the release from Pine Flat was used for irrigation through the extensive network of irrigation canals.

In Plate 28, page 60, are shown the Kings River Basin full natural runoff for April-July and the inflow and releases for Pine Flat Dam. A mean daily unimpaired flow into Pine Flat Reservoir of about 19,200 cfs was experienced from the near normal temperatures in May, and a computed peak mean daily flow of about 20,500 cfs occurred on July 2.

Some flooding of orchard and croplands within the floodplain occurred during period of high flows. No flooding of lands outside the floodplain was reported.

Increased releases in April provided an additional storage space of over 100,000 acre-feet in Pine Flat Reservoir before the major snowmelt period began. This additional storage, combined with the substantial releases throughout the snowmelt period, provided sufficient storage space to regulate the inflow and avoid any major flood damage along the Kings River channels.

#### Kaweah River

On May 1, the forecast for April-July unimpaired runoff for the Kaweah River was 610,000 acre-feet, or 232 percent of average. Terminus, the only flood control reservoir in the basin, has a maximum storage capacity of 150,000 acre-feet, of which there was 135,000 acre-feet available on April 1. During April, 95,000 acre-feet of run-

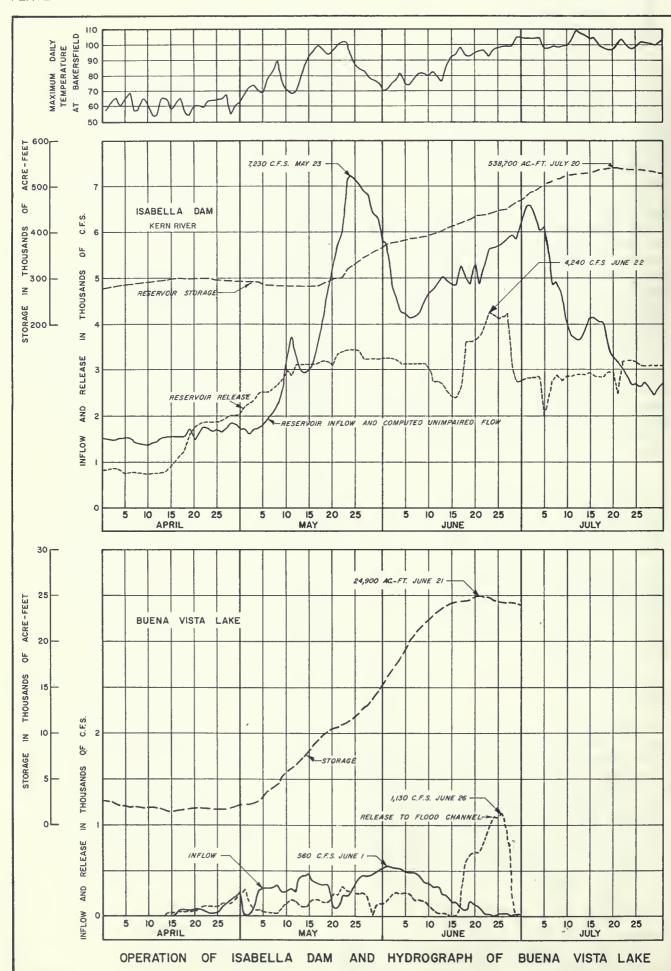
off occurred, of which 64,000 acrefeet was stored behind Terminus Dam. The maximum mean daily inflow to Terminus was about 5,200 cfs on May 23, and the maximum release was about 4,060 cfs on July 2 and 3. The channel capacity downstream from Terminus Dam is about 5,000 cfs for sustained flows, so no significant flooding from snowmelt runoff occurred along the Kaweah River.

Early in May, the U. S. Corps of Engineers decided to construct a temporary eight-foot retaining wall on the spillway of Terminus Dam to increase its storage capacity by about 13,000 acre-feet. The additional storage capacity helped retain flood water that otherwise might have flowed into Tulare Lake; in addition, it provided additional water for irrigation later in the year.

### Tule River

Success Dam, the only flood control structure in the Tule River Basin, has a storage capacity of 85,440 acre-feet. The total available storage remaining in the reservoir on April 1 was about 48,000 acre-feet. The runoff during April was about 50,000 acre-feet, leaving 100,000 acre-feet of fore-casted snowmelt for the May-July period. Much of the April runoff was stored in Success Reservoir leaving only 23,200 acre-feet of available reservoir storage on May 1.

The Corps of Engineers constructed a temporary five-foot retaining wall on the spillway of Success Dam during May to increase the total reservoir storage capacity to 98,200 acre-feet. On May 25, the reservoir storage reached the spillway crest. The additional reservoir space provided by the retaining wall on the spillway was sufficient



to prevent excess flood water from flowing into Tulare Lake from Tule River. Further, the extra water stored provided additional irrigation water for use later in the summer. The maximum mean daily inflow into Success Reservoir was 1,640 cfs on May 10, and the maximum release reached 820 cfs on May 20. The inflow and outflow hydrographs during the April-July period are shown in Plate 30, page 64.

## Kern River

Isabella is the only major storage reservoir in the Kern River Basin. The reservoir has a maximum storage capacity of 570,000 acre-feet, of which 290,000 acre-feet was avail-

able for storage on April 1, 1967. This was sufficient storage to retain the Kern River Basin snowmelt runoff without any difficulty. The peak mean daily inflow to the lake was about 7,200 cfs on May 24, and the maximum mean daily release was a flow of 4,240 cfs on June 22. Downstream Channel capacity, aided by irrigation diversions during this period, was adequate to convey flows of this magnitude.

On July 21, the maximum storage behind Isabella reached 538,700 acre-feet. Downstream in Buena Vista Lake, cells No. 1 and No. 2 were used to store inflow for future summer irrigation.

On Plate 31, page 66, are shown the April-July hydrographs of the reservoir operation.

Table 14: Summary of Flooded Areas and Damages
Caused by Snowmelt Runoff

|                   |                  |                   | P:               | rimary Flood Da | mages in \$1000         | )                    |       |
|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------|
| Stream & Reach    | Acres<br>Flooded | Agri-<br>cultural | Resi-<br>dential | Commercial      | Industry &<br>Utilities | Public<br>Facilities | Total |
| Stanislaus River  | 3,250            | 500               | 0                | 17              | 14                      | 19                   | 54(   |
| San Joaquin River | 29,250           | 1,562             | 7                | 139             | 182                     | 117                  | 2,007 |
| Kings River       | 10,200           | 705               | 25               | 39              | 38                      | 94                   | 90:   |
| Tulare Lakebed    | 39,950           | 1,471             | 0                | 0               | 88                      | 18                   | 1,57  |
| TOTAL DAMAGE      | 82,650           | 4,238             | 32               | 195             | 312                     | 248                  | 5,02  |

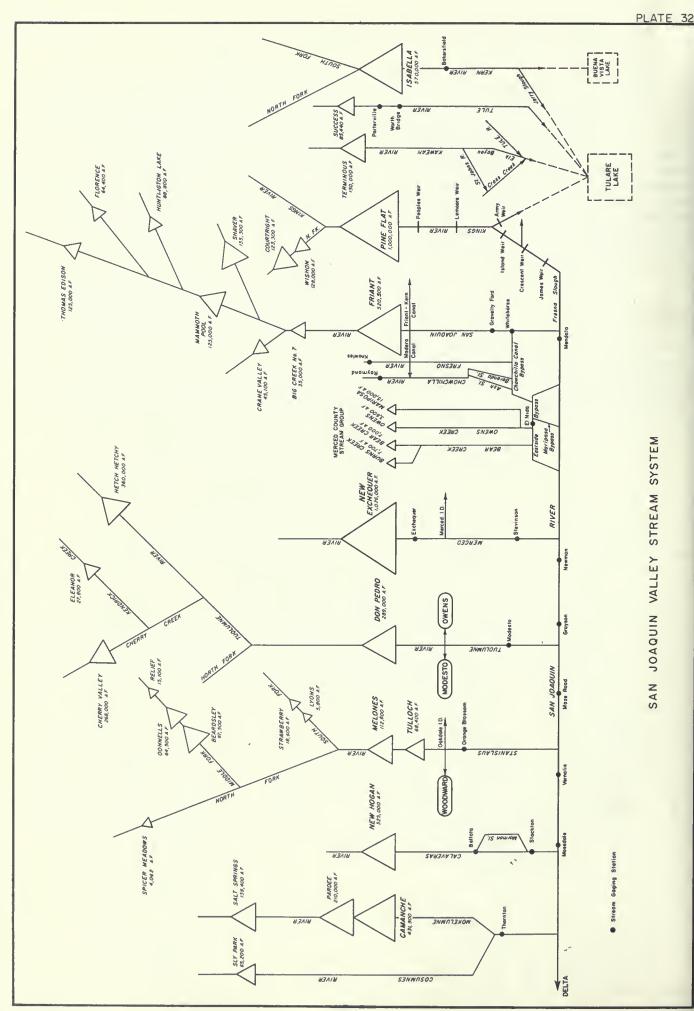


Table 15: RESERVOIR OPERATIONS (October 1, 1966 to August 31, 1967)

|                       | RVOIR OPERATIONS    | (October 1, 196       | 6 to August      | 31, 1967                  | ")                     |          |                    |                             |                 |                      |
|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Stream                | Reservoir           | Capacity<br>Acre-Feet | Storage in A     | cre-Feet<br>April 1, 1967 | Peak Stor<br>Acre-Feet |          |                    | nflow in<br>nd DATE         |                 | charge in<br>nd DATE |
| hasta River           | Dwinnell            | 72,000                | 5,630            | 37,050                    | 46,760                 | 6/ 3/67  | 5,645P             | 12/ 4/66                    | 90P             | 7/ 3/67              |
| rinity River          | Clair Engle Lake    | 2,500,000             | 1,710,370        | 2,135,100                 | 2,497,110              | 5/30/67  | 13,050*            | 1/29/67                     | 5,393*          | 6/ 1/67              |
| ad River              | Ruth                | 51,800                | 35,850 -         | 52,500                    | 58,190                 | 1/29/67  | 6,988*             | 12/ 5/66                    | 5,980P          | 1/29/67              |
| Fork Russian River    | Lake Mendocino      | 122,500               | 56.620           | 74,600                    | 88,410                 | 1/30/67  | 7,120              | 1/21/67                     | 4,200           | 1/31/67              |
| Lear Creek            | Whickeytown         | 250,000               | 200,800          | 202,200                   | 239,880                | 10/21/66 | 5,805*             | 12/4/66                     | 3,742*          | 12/18/66             |
| acramento River       | Shasta Lake         | 4,500,000             | 3,337,700        | 4,099,200                 | 4,550,300              | 5/19/67  | 91,280B            | 12/ 4/66                    | 49,540B         | 12/ 8/66             |
| cony Creek            | East Park           | 51,0000               | 9,690            | 51,280                    | 51,830                 | 4/24/67  | 2,266*             | 1/22/67                     | 1,557*          | 1/29/67              |
| cony Creek            | Stony Gorge         | 50,000                | 14,780           | 50,490                    | 52,400                 | 5/ 9/67  | 6,268*             | 1/29/67                     | 5,602*          | 1/29/67              |
| ony Creek             | Black Butte         | 160,000               | 30,800           | 104,300                   | 149,720                | 6/ 9/67  | 17,000*            | 1/30/67                     | 9,900*          | 2/ 1/67              |
| Fork Feather River    | Lake Almanor        | 1,308,000             | 667,990          | 701,830                   | 1,022,140              | 7/ 2/67  | H., A.             | N.A.                        | 1,850P          | 7/11/67              |
| ttle Last Chance Cr.  | Frenchaman          | 55,400                | 37,400           | 52,030                    | 59,090                 | 5/22/67  | N.A.               | N.A.                        | 521*            | 5/22/67              |
| g Grizzly Creek       | Lake Davie          | 84,150                | (E) 350          | 18,430                    | 53,500                 | 6/27/67  | R.A.               | N.A.                        | (E) 23*         | 12/ 3/66             |
| dian Creek            | Antelope            | 22,500                | 18,000           | 23,150                    | 24,820                 | 5/24/67  | N. A.              | N.A.                        | 682*            | 5/24/67              |
| tt Creek              | Butt Valley         | 49,800                | 35,420           | 44,600                    | 45,270                 | 6/21/67  | R.A.               | R.A.                        | 2,453P          | 7/ 6/67              |
| cks Creek             | Bucks Lake          | 103,000               | 44,920           | 63,860                    | 105,790                | 7/ 1/67  | N. A.              | R.A.                        | N.A.            | H. A.                |
| Fork Peather River    | Little Grace Valley | 93,000                | 52,850           | 56,220                    | 92,850                 | 6/16/67  | 1,484P             | 5/25/67                     | 1,037P          | 5/26/67              |
| st Creek              | Sly Creek           | 65,050                | 38,560           | 74,730                    | 64,990                 | 6/21/67  | 1,644P             | 6/13/67                     | 1,327p          | 5/26/67              |
| Fork Yuba River       | Spaulding           | 74,500                | 38,295           | 46,760                    | 75,040                 | 7/13/67  | N.A.               | N. A.                       | N.A.            | N. A.                |
| Fork Yuba River       | Bullards Bar        | 31,500                | 31,490           | 32,680                    | 35,820                 | 1/29/67  | N. A.              | R.A.                        | 19,89 <b>4P</b> | 1/29/67              |
| ba River              | Englebright         | 70,000                | 72,020           | 71,620                    | 77,220                 | 1/21/67  | 22,570*            | 1/21/67                     | 47,660          | 1/21/67              |
| er Creek              | Scotts Flat         | 49,000                | 16,870           | 48,760                    | 49,200                 | 3/19/67  | N.A.               | N.A.                        | R.A.            | N. A.                |
| che Creek             | Clear Lake          | 420,000               | 78,600           | 319,210                   | 330,150                | 3/17/67  | N.A.               | R.A.                        | 4,144P          | 1/27/67              |
| rle Creek             | Loon Lake           | 76,500                | 14,800           | 23,200                    | 77,600                 | 7/ 7/67  | 1,080*             | 5/17/67                     | 830*            | 7/ 6/67              |
| Fork Silver Creek     | Ice House           | 46,000                | 19,000           | 11,400                    | 46,200                 | 6/30/67  | 750*               | 6/16/67                     |                 |                      |
| lver Creek            | Union Valley        | 271,000               | 111,000          | 140,900                   | 268,700                | 7/12/67  |                    |                             | 645*            | 6/30/67              |
|                       | Hell Hole           | 208,400               | 158,480          | 167,020                   | 209,294                | 6/18/67  | 3,250*<br>4,843*   | 5/24/67<br>5/22/67          | 1,200*          | 7/ 2/67              |
| erican River          | Foleom              | 1,000,000             | 603,300          | 630,400                   | 1,002,600              | 7/ 3/67  |                    |                             | 2,764*          | 6/18/67              |
|                       | Lake Berryeesa      | 1,600,000             | 1,379,500        | 1,637,700                 | 1,680,790              | 1/31/67  | 31,700*<br>71,300B | 3/17/67<br>1 <b>/</b> 21/67 | 36,000*         | 1/30/67              |
| y Park Creek          | Jenkinson Lake      | 41,000                | 22,160           | 41,220                    | 41,730                 | 5/18/67  | 611*               | 1/30/67                     | 6,490B          | 1/31/67              |
| ar River              | Lower Bear River    | 48,500                | 13,360           | 8,320                     | 49,080                 | 7/10/67  |                    |                             | 201*<br>405*    | 3/17/67              |
| Fork Mokelumne Hiver  | Salt Springs        | 139,400               | 24,700           | 39,560                    | 141,850                | 7/ 9/67  | N.A.<br>4,360*     | N.A.<br>5/23/67             | 4,050*          | 7/10/67<br>6/25/67   |
|                       | Pardee              | 210,000               | 170,820          | 194,000                   | 211,440                |          |                    |                             |                 |                      |
| kelumne River         | Camanche            | 431,500               | 73,600           |                           |                        | 7/ 9/67  | 7,044P             | 6/18/67                     | 5,040*          | 5/23/67              |
| laveras River         | New Rogan           | 325,000               | 139,300          | 273,930                   | 425,700                | 7/14/67  | 5,040*             | 5/23/67                     | 3,110P          | 5/24/67              |
|                       | Farmington          |                       | 139,300          | 187,200                   | 241,250                | 4/18/67  | 17,500B            | 1/21/67                     | 5,000B          | 4/21/67              |
| Fork Stanislaus River | Donnells            | 52,000<br>64,500      | 14,630           | 276                       | 8,350                  | 1/22/67  | 6,395*             | 4/11/67                     | 2,054*          | 4/ 8/67              |
|                       | Beardsley           |                       |                  | 25,150                    | 64,320                 | 7/16/67  | 6,063P             | 6/17/67                     | 4,778P          | 6/18/67              |
|                       | Melones             | 97,500                | 45,600<br>38,140 | 68,300                    | 97,800                 | 7/16/67  | 6,544 P            |                             | 6,144 <b>P</b>  | 5/26/67              |
|                       | Tulloch             | 68,400                |                  | 92,985                    | 114,460                | 7/17/67  | 12,960B            | 5/24/67                     | 12,005B         | 5/25/67              |
|                       |                     |                       | 29,360           | 57,600                    | 66,970                 | 7/16/67  | 14,659B            | 5/25/67                     | 10,302B         | 5/31/67              |
|                       | Retch-Hetchy        | 360,000               | 140,400          | 97,800<br>80,6h0          | 363,920                | 7/12/67  | 13,510 P           | 7/ 3/67                     | 8,223P          | 7/ 7/67              |
|                       | Cherry Valley       | 268,000               | 26,510           | 82,640                    | 268,810                | 7/15/67  | 2,951*             | 7/ 3/67                     | 1,812P          | 7/ 7/67              |
|                       | Lake Eleanor        | 27,800                | 6,990            | 5,040                     | 27,290                 | 8/ 2/67  | 2,012P             | 6/19/67                     | 1,750P          | 6/19/67              |
|                       | Don Pedro           | 289,000               | 94,100           | 200,400                   | 290,800                | 7/16/67  | 11,750*            | ₩ 7/67                      | 10,446*         | 7/ 1/67              |
|                       | Lake McClure        | 1,026,000             | 280,220          | 657,500                   | 991,600                | 6/28/67  | 21,500*            |                             | 9,300#          | 6/29/67              |
|                       | McSwain             | 9,480                 | 3,100            | 8,600                     | 9,730                  | 4/20/67  | 9,300 #            | 6/29/67                     | 9,230*          | 6/29/67              |
|                       | Burns               | 6,800                 | 0                | 7                         | 400                    | 4/11/67  | 1,887*             | 4/11/67                     | 1,242*          | 4/11/67              |
|                       | Bear                | 7,700                 | 0                | 1                         | 900                    | 12/ 6/66 | 2,095B             |                             | 1,060B          | 12/ 6/66             |
|                       | Owens               | 3,600                 | 0                | 2                         | 310                    | 4/11/67  | 689B               | 4/11/67                     | 100B            | 4/11/67              |
| riposa Creek          | Mariposa            | 15,000                | 162              | 0                         | 2,600                  | 12/ 7/66 | 3,752B             | 12/ 6/66                    | 740 B           | 12/ 7/66             |

Table 15: (Continued)

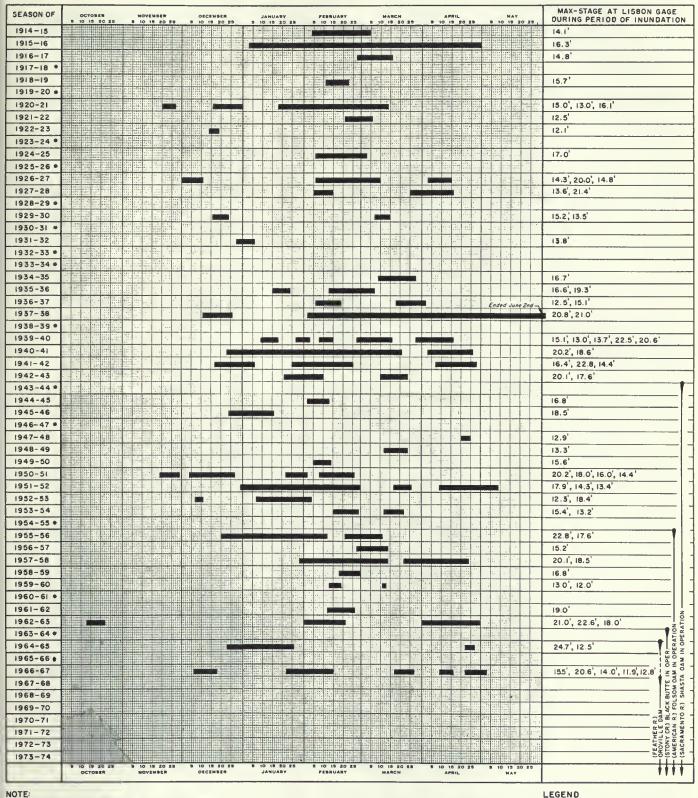
| Stream                  | Reservoir                      | Cspacity  |                  | Storage in Acre-Feet |                        |          | Peak In             | oflow in | Peak Disc | harge in |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|------------------|----------------------|------------------------|----------|---------------------|----------|-----------|----------|
|                         |                                | Acre-Feet | December 1, 1966 | April 1, 1967        | Peak Stor<br>Acre-Feet |          |                     | nd DATE  |           | d DATE   |
| N. F. San Joaquin River | Crane Valley                   | 45,400    | 22,860           | 30,120               | 45,390                 | 7/ 5/67  |                     |          |           |          |
| S. F. San Joaquin River | Lake Florence                  | 64,400    | 406              | 413                  | 64,730                 | 8/ 7/67  | 3,765*              | 7/ 2/67  | 3,765*    | 7/ 2/6   |
| Mono Creek              | Lake T.A. Edison               | 125,000   | 75,300           | 13,980               | 125,280                | 8/ 9/67  | 1,694*              | 7/ 1/67  | 698*      | 7/15/67  |
| San Joaquin River       | Mammoth Pool                   | 123,000   | 30,510           | 59,950               | 125,530                | 7/ 2/67  | 17,120*             | 12/ 6/66 | 15,028*   | 7/ 2/67  |
| San Joaquin River       | Redinger Lake                  | 35,000    | 24,060           | 25,850               | 25,980                 | 1/21/67  | 15,474*             | 7/ 2/67  | 15,487*   | 7/ 1/67  |
| San Joaquin River       | Millerton Lake                 | 520,500   | 204,100          | 494,800              | 524,100                | 4/11/67  | 18,409 P            | 7/ 3/67  | 11,295 P  | 5/25/6   |
| Big Creek               | Huntington Lake                | 88,800    | 70,817           | 41,510               | 89,340                 | 8/10/67  | 2,840*              | 7/ 3/67  | 2,047*    | 7/12/67  |
| Stevenson Creek         | Shaver Lake                    | 135,300   | 57,390           | 40,810               | 135,440                | 8/ 9/67  | 2,611*              | 12/ 6/66 | 626*      | 7/12/67  |
| Helms Creek             | Courtwright                    | 123,300   | 56,400           | 62,530               | 124,190                | 7/13/67  | 520E                | 12/ 6/66 | 650P      | 7/ 3/61  |
| N. Fork Kings River     | Wishon                         | 128,000   | 21,420           | 33,130               | 128,770                | 7/ 7/67  | 3,400E              | 12/ 6/66 | 2,669P    | 7/ 8/67  |
| Kings River             | Pine Flat                      | 1,000,000 | 225,100          | 781,800              | 1,009,800              | 7/15/67  | 91,000P             | 12/ 6/66 | 15,310*   | 7/ 3/67  |
| Kaweah River            | Terminous                      | 150,000   | 7,800            | 14,900               | 160,470                | 7/ 3/67  | 105,000P            | 12/ 6/66 | 4,060*    | 7/ 2/67  |
| Kaweah River            | Terminous (after )<br>(May 24) | 165,500   | 8' Retention wa  | ll built in spill    | way                    |          |                     |          |           |          |
| Tule River              | Success                        | 85,440    | 7,300            | 32,500               | 101,290                | 12/ 7/66 | 61,000 <sub>P</sub> | 12/6/66  | 8,810P    | 12/ 7/66 |
| Tule River              | Success (after )<br>(May 24)   | 98,200    | 5' Retention wa  | ll built in spill    | way                    |          |                     |          |           |          |
| Kern River              | Isabella                       | 570,000   | 82,700           | 281,800              | 538,700                | 7/20/67  | 120,000P            | 12/ 6/66 | 4,240*    | 6/21/67  |
| Prosser Creek           | Prosser Creek                  | 30,000    | 9,610            | 9,060                | 30,550                 | 7/31/67  | 1,034*              | 5/23/67  | 912*      | 6/ 1/67  |
| Little Truckee River    | Boca                           | 41,200    | 5,600            | 5,210                | 40,800                 | 7/17/67  | 2,090*              | 5/22/67  | 1,980*    | 5/23/67  |
| San Antonio River       | San Antonio                    | 350,000   | 19,960           | 112,145              | 146,860                | 6/22/67  | 10,505*             | 12/ 6/66 |           |          |
| Nacimento River         | Nacimento                      | 350,000   | 52,960           | 278,700              | 353,120                | 5/22/67  | 90,000(E            | )12/6/66 |           |          |

#### LEGEND

- Mean Daily Figure Estimated Figure Not Available Instantaneous Peak Bi-Hourly Flows
- E N.A P B

New Exchequer Dam spillway during snowmelt period, June 1966

#### PERIOD OF RECORD OF INUNDATION OF THE YOLO BYPASS



Data compiled from records of D.W.R. stream gaging station "Yolo Bypass near Lisban." Dotum: O= U.S.E.D. Dotum Period of Record: 1914 to Present Assumed overflaw of Bypass ot stage above 11.5' on the Lisban gage.

#### LEGEND

Designates period of inundation of Bypass. Designates season Bypass not inundated.

Table 16

Peak Flows and Stages
(Preliminary Data, Subject to Reviaion)

|   | Drainage           | Period                    | Source              | Pr       | evious Maxim                 | num                  | 196      | 6-67 Water      | Year                 |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|----------|------------------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Stream and Station  | Area in Sq. Mi.    | of<br>Record              | of<br>Record<br>(a) | Date     | of Record<br>Stage<br>in ft. | Dischg.<br>in cfs    | Date     | Stage<br>in ft. | Diachg.              |
|   |                    |                           | (α)                 |          | 111 10.                      | 111 013              |          | 111 10.         | 111 014              |
| North Coastal Area  |                    |                           |                     |          |                              |                      |          |                 |                      |
| Smith River near<br>Creacent City                           | 609 <sup>r</sup>   | 1931-                     | USGS                | 12/22/64 | 48.5                         | 228,000              | 1/28/67  | 30.35           | 87,800               |
| Shaata River<br>near Yreka                                  | 793 <sup>r</sup>   | 1933-41<br>1944-          | USGS                | 12/22/64 | 12,92                        | 21,500°              | 12/ 5/66 | 5.64            | 1,390                |
| Scott River near<br>Fort Jones                              | 653 <sup>r</sup>   | 1941-                     | USGS                | 12/22/64 | 25.0                         | 54,600               | 1/29/67  | 12.38           | 6,430                |
| Klamath River near<br>Seiad Valley                          | 6,980              | 1912-25<br>1951-          | USGS                | 12/22/64 | 33•75                        | 165,000 <sup>c</sup> | 1/29/67  | 12.24           | 19,600               |
| Salmon River<br>at Somesbar                                 | 746                | *1911                     | USGS                | 12/22/64 | 43.4 <sup>h</sup>            | 133,000              | 1/29/67  | 13.00           | 21,000               |
| Klamath River<br>at Orleans                                 | 8,480              | 1927-                     | USGS                | 12/22/64 | 76.5 <sup>h</sup>            | 307,000 <sup>c</sup> | 1/29/67  | 24.07           | 99,600               |
| Trinity River above<br>Coffee Creek, near<br>Trinity Center | 149                | 1957-                     | USGS                | 12/22/64 | 12.30                        | 20,800               | 11/19/66 | 7.98            | 5,720                |
| Trinity River<br>at Lewiaton                                | 728 <sup>r</sup>   | 1911-                     | USGS                | 12/22/55 | 27.3 <sup>h</sup>            | 71,600               | 5/30/67  | 6.00            | 2,690                |
| North Fork Trinity<br>River at Helena                       | 151                | 191 <b>1-</b> 13<br>1957  | USGS<br>DWR         | 12/22/64 | 27•93 <sup>h</sup>           | 35,800               | 1/29/67  | 15.00           | 4,875                |
| Trinity River<br>near Burnt Ranch                           | 1,439 <sup>r</sup> | 1931 <b>-</b> 40<br>1956  | USGS                | 12/22/55 | 43.2 <sup>h</sup>            | 172,000              | 1/29/67  | 13.21           | 14,000               |
| New River<br>at Denny                                       | 173                | 1927-28<br>1959-          | USGS                | 12/22/64 | 38.7 <sup>h</sup>            | 60,000 <sup>e</sup>  | 1/29/67  | 15.14           | 5,270                |
| Hayfork Creek<br>near Hyampom                               | 378 <sup>r</sup>   | 1956-                     | USGS                | 12/22/64 | 19.14                        | 28,800               | 12/ 5/66 | 12.73           | 10,300               |
| South Fork Trinity<br>River near Salyer                     | 898 <sup>r</sup>   | 1911 <b>-</b> 13<br>1950- | USGS                | 12/22/64 | 47.6                         | 95,400               | 1/29/67  | 21.95           | 29,300               |
| Willow Creek near<br>Willow Creek                           | 43.3               | 1959-                     | USGS                | 12/22/64 | 25.3 <sup>h</sup>            | 17,000 <sup>e</sup>  | 1/29/67  | 7.33            | 1,460                |
| Trinity River<br>at Hoopa                                   | 2,847°             | *1911-                    | USGS                | 12/22/64 | 40.3                         | 231,000°             | 1/29/67  | 33.38           | 56,400 <sup>c</sup>  |
| Klamath River<br>near Klamath                               | 12,100             | *1910-                    | USOS                | 12/23/64 | 55•3                         | 557,000°             | 1/29/67  | 26.57           | 152,000 <sup>c</sup> |
| Redwood Creek<br>at Orick                                   | 278                | 1911-13                   | USGS                | 12/22/64 | 24.0                         | 50,500               | 12/ 5/66 | 15.81           | 24,300               |
| Little River<br>at Crannel                                  | 44.3               | 1955~                     | USGS                | 1/ 4/66  | 11.12                        | 8,300                | 12/ 4/66 | 9.58            | 6,320                |

Table 16 (Continued)

| Stream and Station  | Drainage<br>Area in | Period<br>of              | Source        |          | vious Maxim        |                      | 1965-66 Water Year |                   |                     |  |
|---|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------|----------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|
|   | Sq. M1.             | Record                    | Record<br>(a) | Date     | Stage<br>in ft.    | Dischg.<br>in cfs    | Date               | Stage<br>in ft.   | Dischg.<br>in cfs   |  |
| North Coastal Area (                                      | Continued)          |                           |               |          |                    |                      |                    |                   |                     |  |
| Mad River near<br>Foreat Olen                             | 143                 | 1953-                     | USGS          | 12/22/55 | 24.5               | 39,200               | 1/29/67            | 9.35              | 6,630 <sup>c</sup>  |  |
| Mad River<br>near Arcata                                  | 484                 | 1910-13<br>1950-          | USGS          | 12/22/55 | 27.30b             | 77,800               | 12/ 5/66           | 18.15             | 30,900              |  |
| Elk River<br>near Falk                                    | 44.2                | 1957-                     | USGS          | 12/22/64 | 28.09              | 3,430                | 12/ 5/66           | 26.71             | 2,920               |  |
| Eel River below<br>Scott Dam, near<br>Potter Valley       | 290                 | 1922-                     | USGS          | 12/22/64 | 24.24 <sup>h</sup> | 56,300 <sup>h</sup>  | 12/ 5/66           | 15.62             | 14,900 <sup>c</sup> |  |
| Eel River at Van<br>Aradale Dam, near<br>Potter Valley    | 349                 | *1909-                    | USGS          | 12/22/64 | 33•9 <sup>h</sup>  | 64,100 <sup>c</sup>  | 12/ 5/66           | 18.77             | 16,000 <sup>c</sup> |  |
| Outlet Creek<br>near Longvale                             | 16 <b>1</b> °       | 1956-                     | USGS          | 12/22/64 | 30.6 <sup>h</sup>  | 77,900               | 1/20/67            | 13.24             | 13,400              |  |
| Black Butte River<br>near Covelo                          | 162                 | *1951-                    | USGS          | 12/22/64 | 26.4 <sup>h</sup>  | 29,000               | 1/28/67            | 18.0 <sup>m</sup> | 9,000 <sup>e</sup>  |  |
| M. F. Eel River<br>below Black Butte<br>River near Covelo | 367                 | 1951-                     | USGS          | 12/22/64 | 31.7 <sup>h</sup>  | 133,000              | 1/28/67            | 20.0 <sup>m</sup> | 18,000 <sup>e</sup> |  |
| Eel River below<br>Doa Rios                               | 1,484               | 1911 <b>-</b> 13<br>1951- | USGS          | 12/22/64 | 62.5 <sup>h</sup>  | 460,000 <sup>c</sup> | Disconti           | nued              |                     |  |
| North Fork Eel<br>River near Mina                         | 250                 | 1953-                     | USGS          | 12/22/64 | 34.5 <sup>h</sup>  | 133,000              | 12/ 2/66           | 18.35             | 19,600              |  |
| Eel River at<br>Fort Seward                               | 2,079               | 1955-                     | USGS          | 12/22/64 | 87.2 <sup>h</sup>  | 561,000 <sup>c</sup> | 12/ 5/66           | 31.75             | 86,800°             |  |
| South Fork Eel<br>R. nr. Branscomb                        | 43.9                | 1946-                     | USGS          | 12/22/55 | 16.20              | 20,100               | 1/29/67            | 7.47              | 3,480               |  |
| Tenmile Creek near<br>Laytonville                         | 50.3                | 1957-                     | USGS          | 12/22/55 | 22.9 <sup>h</sup>  | 16,300               | 1/26/67            | 12.34             | 5,000               |  |
| South Fork Eel<br>River near Miranda.                     | 537                 | 1939-                     | USGS          | 12/22/64 | 46.0 <sup>h</sup>  | 199,000              | 12/ 5/66           | 19.01             | 35,800              |  |
| Bull Creek<br>near Weott                                  | 28,1                | 1960-                     | USGS          | 12/22/64 | 20.6 <sup>h</sup>  | 6,520                | 12/ 5/66           | -                 | 4,800 <sup>e</sup>  |  |
| Eel River at<br>Scotia                                    | 3,113               | *1910-                    | USGS          | 12/23/64 | 72.0 <sup>h</sup>  | 752,000 <sup>c</sup> | 12/ 5/66           | 32.95             | 154,000             |  |
| South Fork Van<br>Duzen River nr.<br>Bridgeville          | 36.2                | *1951-                    | USGS          | 12/22/64 | 18.70              | 13,600               | 12/ 4/66           | 13.62             | 6,710               |  |
| Van Duzen River<br>near Bridgeville                       | 216                 | 1950-                     | USGS          | 12/22/64 | 22.6               | 48,700               | 12/ 4/66           | 17.91             | 26,600              |  |

Table 16 (Continued)

| Stresm and Station                            | Drainage<br>Area in | Period<br>of | Source<br>of |          | vious Maxi        |                     |           | 6-67 Water      |                     |
|---|---------------------|--------------|--------------|----------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------------|---------------------|
|   | Sq. Mi.             | Record       | Record       | Date     | Stage<br>in ft.   | Dischg.<br>in cfs   | Date      | Stage<br>in ft. | Dischg.<br>in cfs   |
| North Coastal Area (Co                        | ontinued)           |              |              |          |                   |                     |           |                 |                     |
| Mattole River<br>near Petrolia                | 240                 | *1911-       | USGS         | 12/22/55 | 29.60             | 90,400              | 12/ 4/66  | 21.68           | 42,400              |
| Noyo River near<br>Fort Bragg                 | 106                 | 1951-        | USGS         | 12/22/64 | 26.30             | 24,000              | 1/21/67   | 13.63           | 3,980               |
| Rancheria Creek<br>near Boonville             | 65.6                | 1959-        | USGS         | 12/22/64 | 20.52             | 20,000              | 1/21/67   | 12.38           | 5,300               |
| Navarro River<br>near Navarro                 | 303                 | 1950-        | USGS         | 12/22/55 | 40.60             | 64,500              | 1/21/67   | 24.27           | 16,100              |
| South Fork<br>Gualala River<br>near Annapolis | 161                 | 1950-        | USGS         | 12/22/55 | 24.57             | 55,000              | 1/21/67   | 18.45           | 28,800              |
| Russian River<br>near Ukiah                   | 99.7                | *1911-       | USGS         | 12/21/55 | 21.0              | 18,900              | 1/20/67   | 9.83            | 6,300               |
| East Fork Russian<br>River near Calpella      | 93.0                | 1941-        | USGS         | 12/22/64 | 20,21             | 18,700 <sup>c</sup> | 1/21/67   | 16.30           | 7,120 <sup>c</sup>  |
| Russian River<br>near Hopland                 | 362                 | 1939-        | USGS         | 12/22/55 | 27.00             | 45,000              | 1/21/67   | 16.71           | 15,500°             |
| Feliz Creek<br>near Hopland                   | 31.1                | 1958-        | USGS         | 12/22/64 | 14.10             | 6,080               | Discontin | ued             |                     |
| Russian River<br>near Cloverdale              | 502                 | 1951-        | USGS         | 12/22/64 | 31.60             | 55,200 <sup>c</sup> | 1/21/67   | 19.92           | 20,400 <sup>c</sup> |
| Big Sulphur Creek<br>near Cloverdale          | 82.3                | 1957-        | USGS         | 12/22/55 | 22.2 <sup>h</sup> | 20,000              | 1/21/67   | 12.61           | 10,200              |
| Russian River<br>near Healdsburg              | 793                 | 1939-        | USGS         | 12/23/64 | 27.00             | 71,300°             | 1/21/67   | 18.60           | 36,400 <sup>c</sup> |
| Dry Creek near<br>Cloverdale                  | 87.8                | 1941-        | USGS         | 12/22/64 | 18.09             | 18,100              | 1/21/67   | 12.18           | 8,490               |
| Dry Creek near<br>Geyaerville                 | 162                 | 1959-        | USGS         | 1/31/63  | 17.50 =           | 32,400              | 1/21/67   | 14.90           | 19,600              |
| Santa Ross Creek<br>near Sants Rosa           | 12.5                | 1959~        | USGS         | 2/ 8/60  | 13.35             | 3,200               | 1/21/67   | 10.97           | 1,830               |
| Ruasian River near<br>Guerneville (Summerho   | me) 1,340           | ,<br>*1939-  | USGS         | 12/23/64 | 49.6              | 93,400 <sup>c</sup> | 1/21/67   | 42.45           | 68,500 <sup>c</sup> |
| Auatin Creek<br>near Cazadero                 | 63.1                | 1959-        | USGS         | 2/13/62  | 20.6 <sup>1</sup> | 15,100              | Discontin | ued             |                     |
| San Francisco Bay Are                         | <u>a</u>            |              |              |          |                   |                     |           |                 |                     |
| Walker Creek<br>near Tomales                  | 37.1                | 1959-        | USGS         | 1/ 5/66  | 22.23             | 5,420               | 1/21/67   | 21.18           | 4,930               |
| Corte Madera<br>Creek at Rosa                 | 18.1                | 1951-        | USGS         | 12/22/55 | 17.45             | 3,620               | 1/21/67   | 17.44           | 3,120c              |

Table 16 (Continued)

| Sq. Mill   Record    | Stream and Station             | Drainage<br>Area in | Period of | Source<br>of |          | evious Maxi<br>of Record |                     |            | 6-67 Water | Year                |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|--------------|----------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------|------------|---------------------|
| Novato Creek near Novato  17.5 1946- USGS 1/20/64 8.7h 1.330 1/21/67 7.66 12   Sonoma Creek at Boyes Rot Springs 62.2 1955- USGS 12/22/55 17.10 8.880 1/21/67 13.10 6   Boyes Rot Springs 62.2 1955- USGS 12/22/55 16.17 12.600 1/21/67 15.01 13   Dry Greek near St. Relens 17.4 1951- USGS 2/24/58 8.11 3,460 Discontinued   Napa River near Raps 218 *1929- USGS 1/31/63 27.59 16.900 1/21/67 26.53 19   Redwood Creek near Naps 9.81 1958- USGS 1/31/63 10.44 1.450 1/21/67 9.63 1   San Ramon Creek at San Ramon 5.89 1952- USGS 1/31/63 14.40 7.980 1/21/67 5.60   San Ramon Creek at San Ramon 5.89 1952- USGS 1/31/63 14.40 7.980 1/21/67 10.70 14   Napa River near Naps 1952- USGS 1/31/63 14.40 7.980 1/21/67 10.70 14   Napa River near Naps 1952- USGS 1/31/63 14.40 7.980 1/21/67 10.70 14   Napa River near Naps 1952- USGS 1/31/63 14.40 7.980 1/21/67 10.70 14   Napa River near Naps 1952- USGS 1/31/63 14.40 7.980 1/21/67 10.70 14   Napa River near Naps 1952- USGS 1/31/63 14.40 7.980 1/21/67 10.70 14   Napa River near Naps 1952- USGS 1/31/63 14.40 7.980 1/21/67 10.70 14   Napa River near Naps 1952- USGS 1/31/63 14.40 7.980 1/21/67 10.70 14   Napa River near Naps 1952- USGS 1/31/63 14.40 7.980 1/21/67 10.70 14   Napa River near Naps 1952- USGS 1/31/63 14.40 7.980 1/21/67 10.70 14   Napa River near Naps 1952- USGS 1/31/63 14.40 7.980 1/21/67 10.70 14   Napa River near Naps 1952- USGS 1/31/63 14.40 7.980 1/21/67 10.70 14   Napa River near Naps 1952- USGS 1/31/63 14.40 7.980 1/21/67 10.70 14   Napa River near Naps 1952- USGS 1/31/63 14.40 7.980 1/21/67 10.70 14   Napa River near Naps 1952- USGS 1/31/63 14.40 7.980 1/21/67 10.70 1/21/67 10.20 1/21/67 10.20 1/21/67 10.20 1/21/67 10.20 1/21/67 10.20 1/21/67 10.20 1/21/67 10.20 1/21/67 10.20 1/21/67 10.20 1/21/67 10.20 |                                |                     | Record    | Record       | Date     | Stage                    | Dischg              | Date       |            | Dischg.<br>in cfa   |
| Sonoma Creek at Boywerd   | San Francisco Bay Area         | <u>a</u>            |           |              |          |                          |                     |            |            |                     |
| Boyes   Doc Springs   62.2   1955-   USOS   12/22/55   17.10   8,880   1/21/67   13.10   62   |                                | 17.5                | 1946-     | USGS         | 1/20/64  | 8.74                     | 1,330               | 1/21/67    | 7.66       | 1,110 <sup>c</sup>  |
| St. Helens  |                                | 62.2                | 1955-     | USGS         | 12/22/55 | 17.10                    | 8,880               | 1/21/67    | 13.10      | 6,070               |
| Neps Naps 17.4 1951- USGS 2/24/58 8.11 3,460 Discontinued  Naps River near Naps 218 *1929- USGS 1/31/63 27.59 16,900 1/21/67 26.53 15  Redwood Creek near Naps 9.81 1958- USGS 1/5/65 10.44 1,450 1/21/67 9.63 1  San Ramon Creek at San Ramon Creek 50.8 1952- USGS 1/31/63 14.40 7,980 1/21/67 5.60  San Ramon Creek 50.8 1952- USGS 1/31/63 14.40 7,980 1/21/67 10.70 4  Walnut Creek at Walnut Creek 79.2 1952- USGS 4/2/58 20.2 12.200 1/21/67 8.97 7  San Lorenzo Creek at Hayward 37.5 *1939- USGS 10/13/62 19.73 7,460 1/21/67 13.14 2  Arroyo Mocho near Pleasanton 143 1962- USGS 2/1/63 8.60 1,760 1/30/67 6.76 1  Arroyo Valle near Livermore 147 *1912- USGS 12/23/55 13.93 18,200 1/22/67 7.76 5  Arroyo Valle near Creek 633 1891- USGS 3/2/48 25.36 11.300 1/22/67 21.62 48  Alameda Creek 633 1891- USGS 2/1/63 20.4 10,500 1/22/67 11.15 13  Patterson Creek at Union City - 1958- USGS 2/1/63 19.25 1.770 1/21/67 10.37  Coyote Creek 183 Jose 1962- USGS 3/7/11 - 25,000 Regulated No Peeks 1902- USGS 3/28/63 3.53 295 1/21/67 6.24 1  Lamico Creek 183 Jose 21.5 1961- USGS 3/28/63 3.53 295 1/21/67 6.25 2  Los Gatos Creek 184 Jandeen 31.9 1958- USGS 4/2/58 9.67 4,300 1/24/67 6.25 2   |                                | 81.4 <sup>r</sup>   | *1929-    | USGS         | 12/22/55 | 16.17                    | 12,600              | 1/21/67    | 15.01      | 11,100              |
| Redwood Creek near Naps 218 *1929- USOS 1/31/63 27.59 16,900 1/21/67 26.53 15 Redwood Creek near Naps 9.81 1958- USOS 1/5/65 10.44 1,450 1/21/67 9.63 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1   |                                | 17.4                | 1951-     | USGS         | 2/24/58  | 8.11                     | 3,460               | Discontinu | ıed        |                     |
| San Ramon Creek at San Ramon   San Ramon Creek at San Ramon Creek at San Ramon Creek at San Ramon Creek at San Ramon Creek   San Lorenzo Creek   San Loren  |                                | 218                 | *1929-    | USGS         | 1/31/63  | 27.59                    | 16,900              | 1/21/67    | 26.53      | 15,700 <sup>c</sup> |
| San Ramon Creek   |                                | 9.81                | 1958-     | USGS         | 1/ 5/65  | 10.44                    | 1,450               | 1/21/67    | 9.63       | 1,280               |
| ### Walnut Creek  |                                | 5.89                | 1952-     | USGS         | 10/13/62 | 16.98                    | 1,600               | 1/21/67    | 5.60       | 480                 |
| Walnut Creek 79.2 1952- USOS 4/2/58 20.2 12,200 1/21/67 8.97 7  San Lorenzo Creek at Hayward 37.5 *1939- USOS 10/13/62 19.73h 7,460 1/21/67 13.14 2  Arroyo Mocho near Pleasanton 143 1962- USOS 2/1/63 8.60 1,760 1/30/67 6.76 1  Arroyo Valle near Livermore 147 *1912- USOS 12/23/55 13.93h 18,200 1/22/67 7.76 5  Arroyo Valle at Fleasanton 171 1957- USOS 3/2/48 25.36 11,300 1/22/67 21.62 4  Alameda Creek near Niles 633 1891- USOS 12/23/55 14.9 29,000° 1/22/67 11.15 13  Patterson Creek - 1958- USOS 2/1/63 20.4h 10,500° 1/22/67 15.2 9  Alameda Creek at Union City 653 1958- USOS 2/1/63 19.25h 1,770° 1/21/67 10.37  Coyote Creek near Madrone 196 *1902- USOS 3/28/63 3.53 295 1/21/67 6.24 1  Alamitos Creek near New Almaden 31.9 1958- USOS 4/2/58 9.67 4,300° 1/24/67 6.25 2  |                                | 50.8                | 1952-     | USGS         | 1/31/63  | 14.40                    | 7,980               | 1/21/67    | 10.70      | 4,290               |
| Creek et Hayward 37.5 *1939- USGS 10/13/62 19.73 7,460 1/21/67 13.14 2  Arroyo Mocho near Fleasanton 143 1962- USGS 2/1/63 8.60 1,760 1/30/67 6.76 1  Arroyo Valle near Livermore 147 *1912- USGS 12/23/55 13.93 18,200 1/22/67 7.76 5  Arroyo Valle at Pleasanton 171 1957- USGS 3/2/48 25.36 11,300 1/22/67 21.62 4  Alameda Creek near Niles 633 1891- USGS 12/23/55 14.9 29,000 1/22/67 11.15 13  Fatterson Creek at Union City - 1958- USGS 2/1/63 20.4 10,500 1/22/67 15.2 9  Alameda Creek at Union City 653 1958- USGS 2/1/63 19.25 1,770 1/21/67 10.37  Coyote Creek near Madrone 196 *1902- USGS 3/28/63 3.53 295 1/21/67 6.24 1  Alamitos Creek near New Almaden 31.9 1958- USGS 4/2/58 9.67 4,300 1/24/67 6.25 2  Los Gatos Creek   |                                | 79.2                | 1952-     | USGS         | 4/ 2/58  | 20.2                     | 12,200              | 1/21/67    | 8.97       | 7,120 <sup>c</sup>  |
| 143   1962   USGS   2/1/63   8.60   1,760   1/30/67   6.76   1  |                                | 37.5                | *1939-    | USGS         | 10/13/62 | 19.73 <sup>h</sup>       | 7,460               | 1/21/67    | 13.14      | 2,880 <sup>c</sup>  |
| Arroyo Valle at Pleasanton 171 1957 - USGS 12/23/55 13.93" 18,200 1/22/67 7.76 5  Arroyo Valle at Pleasanton 171 1957 - USGS 3/ 2/48 25.36 11,300 1/22/67 21.62 4  Alameda Creek neer Niles 633 1891 - USGS 12/23/55 14.9 29,000° 1/22/67 11.15 13  Patterson Creek at Union City - 1958 - USGS 2/ 1/63 20.4 10,500° 1/22/67 15.2 9  Alameda Creek at Union City 653 1958 - USGS 2/ 1/63 19.25 1,770° 1/21/67 10.37  Coyote Creek neer Madrone 196 *1902 - USGS 3/ 7/11 - 25,000 Regulated No Peaks  Upper Penitencia Creek at San Jose 21.5 1961 - USGS 3/28/63 3.53 295 1/21/67 6.24 1  Alamitos Creek neer New Almaden 31.9 1958 - USGS 4/ 2/58 9.67 4,300° 1/24/67 6.25 2   |                                | 143                 | 1962-     | USGS         | 2/ 1/63  | 8.60                     | 1,760               | 1/30/67    | 6.76       | 1,110               |
| Alameda Creek neer Niles 633 1891- USGS 3/2/48 25.36 11,300 1/22/67 21.62 4  Alameda Creek neer Niles 633 1891- USGS 12/23/55 14.9 29,000° 1/22/67 11.15 13  Patterson Creek et Union City - 1958- USGS 2/1/63 20.4h 10,500° 1/22/67 15.2 9  Alameda Creek at Union City 653 1958- USGS 2/1/63 19.25h 1,770° 1/21/67 10.37  Coyote Creek neer Madrone 196 *1902- USGS 3/7/11 - 25,000 Regulated No Peaks  Upper Penitencia Creek at San Jose 21.5 1961- USGS 3/28/63 3.53 295 1/21/67 6.24 1  Alamitos Creek neer New Almaden 31.9 1958- USGS 4/2/58 9.67 4,300° 1/24/67 6.25 2   | Arroyo Valle<br>near Livermore | 147                 | *1912-    | USGS         | 12/23/55 | 13.93 <sup>h</sup>       | 18,200              | 1/22/67    | 7.76       | 5,360               |
| Patterson Creek at Union City - 1958- USGS 2/1/63 20.4h 10,500c 1/22/67 15.2 9  Alamede Creek at Union City 653 1958- USGS 2/1/63 19.25h 1,770c 1/21/67 10.37  Coyote Creek near Madrone 196 *1902- USGS 3/7/11 - 25,000 Regulated No Peaks  Upper Penitencia Creek at San Jose 21.5 1961- USGS 3/28/63 3.53 295 1/21/67 6.24 1  Alamitos Creek near New Almaden 31.9 1958- USGS 4/2/58 9.67 4,300c 1/24/67 6.25 2  |                                | 171                 | 1957-     | USGS         | 3/ 2/48  | 25.36                    | 11,300              | 1/22/67    | 21.62      | 4,790               |
| - 1958- USGS 2/1/63 20.4" 10,500° 1/22/67 15.2 9  Alameda Creek at Union City 653 1958- USGS 2/1/63 19.25h 1,770° 1/21/67 10.37  Coyote Creek near Madrone 196 *1902- USGS 3/7/11 - 25,000 Regulated No Peaks  Upper Penitencia Creek at San Jose 21.5 1961- USGS 3/28/63 3.53 295 1/21/67 6.24 1  Alamitos Creek near New Almaden 31.9 1958- USGS 4/2/58 9.67 4,300° 1/24/67 6.25 2  |                                | 633                 | 1891-     | USGS         | 12/23/55 | 14.9                     | 29,000 <sup>c</sup> | 1/22/67    | 11.15      | 13,600°             |
| at Union City 653 1958- USGS 2/1/63 19.25" 1,770° 1/21/67 10.37  Coyote Creek near Madrone 196 *1902- USGS 3/7/11 - 25,000 Regulated No Peaks  Upper Penitencia Creek at San Jose 21.5 1961- USGS 3/28/63 3.53 295 1/21/67 6.24 1  Alamitos Creek near New Almaden 31.9 1958- USGS 4/2/58 9.67 4,300° 1/24/67 6.25 2  |                                |                     | 1958-     | USGS         | 2/ 1/63  | 20.4 <sup>h</sup>        | 10,500 <sup>c</sup> | 1/22/67    | 15.2       | 9,150 <sup>c</sup>  |
| near Madrone       196       *1902-       USGS       3/7/11       -       25,000       Regulated       No Peaks         Upper Penitencia<br>Creek at San Jose       21.5       1961-       USGS       3/28/63       3.53       295       1/21/67       6.24       1         Alamitos Creek<br>near New Almaden       31.9       1958-       USGS       4/2/58       9.67       4,300°       1/24/67       6.25       2  |                                | 653                 | 1958-     | USGS         | 2/ 1/63  | 19.25 <sup>h</sup>       | 1,770 <sup>c</sup>  | 1/21/67    | 10.37      | 90°                 |
| Creek at San Jose 21.5 1961- USGS 3/28/63 3.53 295 1/21/67 6.24 1  Alamitos Creek near New Almaden 31.9 1958- USGS 4/2/58 9.67 4,300° 1/24/67 6.25 2  Los Gatos Creek   |                                | 196                 | *1902-    | USGS         | 3/ 7/11  | -                        | 25,000              | Regulated  | No Pea     | ks                  |
| neer New Almaden 31.9 1958- USGS 4/2/58 9.67 4,300° 1/24/67 6.25 2  |                                | 21.5                | 1961-     | USGS         | 3/28/63  | 3.53                     | 295                 | 1/21/67    | 6.24       | 1,500**             |
| Los Gatos Creek   |                                | 31.9                | 1958-     | USGS         | 4/ 2/58  | 9.67                     | 4,300 <sup>c</sup>  | 1/24/67    | 6.25       | 2,440 <sup>c</sup>  |
| at Los Gatos 38.6 *1929- USGS 2/27/40 14.71 7,110 3/16/67 9.85 3  |                                | 38.6                | *1929-    | USGS         | 2/27/40  | 14.71 <sup>b</sup>       | 7,110               | 3/16/67    | 9.85       | 3,530 <sup>c</sup>  |

Table 16 (Continued)

| Stream and Station   | Drainage<br>Area in | Period of                    | Source<br>of  |          | vious Maxim<br>of Record |                     |          | 6-67 Water      |                  |
|--|---------------------|------------------------------|---------------|----------|--------------------------|---------------------|----------|-----------------|------------------|
|  | Sq. M1.             | Record                       | Record<br>(a) | Date     | Stage<br>in ft.          | Dischg.<br>in cfs   | Date     | Stage<br>in ft. | Dischg<br>in cfs |
| an Francisco Bay Area  | (Continued)         |                              |               |          |                          |                     |          |                 |                  |
| uadalupe River<br>t San Jose                                 | 146                 | 1929-                        | USGS          | 4/ 2/58  | 16.55                    | 9,150 <sup>c</sup>  | 3/16/67  | 11.55           | 6,76             |
| aratoga Creek<br>t Saratoga                                  | 9.22                | 1933-                        | USGS          | 12/22/55 | 6.40                     | 2,730               | 3/16/67  | 4.52            | 610              |
| atadero Creek<br>t Palo Alto                                 | 7.24                | 1952-                        | USGS          | 12/22/55 | 9.60 <sup>b</sup>        | 854                 | 1/24/67  | 4.65            | 76               |
| an Francisquito<br>reek at Stanford<br>niversity             | 37.5                | *1930-                       | USGS          | 12/22/55 | 13.60                    | 5,560               | 1/21/67  | 8.60            | 4,00             |
| edwood Creek<br>t Redwood City                               | 1.82                | 1959-                        | USGS          | 1/31/63  | 9.36                     | 644                 | 1/21/67  | 7.56            | 45               |
| escadero Creek<br>ear Pescadero                              | 45.9                | 1951-                        | USGS          | 12/23/55 | 21.27                    | 9,420               | 1/21/67  | 15.59           | 4,10             |
| entral Coastal Area  |                     |                              |               |          |                          |                     |          |                 |                  |
| an Lorenzo River<br>t Big Trees                              | 111                 | 1936-                        | USGS          | 12/23/55 | 22.55                    | 30,400              | 1/21/67  | 14.26           | 10,30            |
| ranciforte Creek<br>t Santa Cruz                             | 17.3                | 1940-43<br>1952 <del>-</del> | USGS          | 12/22/55 | 22.04                    | 8,100               | 1/24/67  | 14.64           | 3,50             |
| oquel Creek<br>t Soquel                                      | 40.2                | 1951-                        | USGS          | 12/23/55 | 22.33                    | 15,800              | 1/24/67  | 14.76           | 6,42             |
| lagas Creek near<br>Jorgan Hill                              | 19.6                | 1951-                        | USGS          | 4/ 2/58  | 8.45                     | 3,190 <sup>c</sup>  | 3/16/67  | 6.39            | 1,70             |
| dodfish Creek<br>Bear Gilroy                                 | 7.40                | 1959-                        | USGS          | 1/31/63  | 8.25                     | 1,240               | 12/ 6/66 | 5.53            | 36               |
| res Pinos Creek<br>ear Tres Pinos                            | 206                 | 1939-                        | USGS          | 4/4/41   | 7.75                     | 8,060               | 12/ 6/66 | 4.99            | 43               |
| an Benito River<br>ear Hollister                             | 586                 | 1949-                        | USGS          | 4/ 3/58  | 16.30                    | 11,600              | 12/ 7/66 | 6.62            | 1,00             |
| ajaro River<br>t Chittenden                                  | 1,186               | 1939-                        | USGS          | 12/24/55 | 32.46                    | 24,000 <sup>c</sup> | 1/30/67  | 16.31           | 6,11             |
| Corralitos Creek<br>lear Corralitos                          | 10.6                | 1957-                        | USGS          | 4/ 2/58  | 7.55                     | 1,970               | 1/30/67  | 5.03            | 61               |
| Corralitos Creek<br>t Freedom                                | 27.8                | 1956-                        | USGS          | 12/22/55 | 15.6 <sup>h</sup>        | 3,620               | 1/30/67  | 7.28            | 1,08             |
| Salinas River<br>near Pozo                                   | 74.1                | 1942-                        | USGS          | 1/21/43  | 13.35                    | 7,210               | 12/ 6/66 | 14.23           | 14,20            |
| Salinas River<br>bove Philitss Creek<br>mear Santa Margarita | 114                 | 1942-                        | USGS          | 4/ 3/58  | 8.68                     | 4,720 <sup>c</sup>  | 12/ 6/66 | 12.45           | 11,00            |

Table 16 (Continued)

| Stream and Station   | Drainage<br>Area in | Period<br>of | Source        |                     | evious Maxim<br>of Record |                     | 1966-67 Water Year |                 |                    |  |
|--|---------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--|
|  | Sq. Mi.             | Record       | Record<br>(a) | Date                | Stage<br>in ft.           | Diachg.<br>in cfa   | Date               | Stage<br>in ft. | Dischg.<br>in cfs  |  |
| Central Coastal Area   | (Continued)         |              |               |                     |                           |                     |                    |                 |                    |  |
| Jack Creek<br>near Templeton                                   | 25.3                | 1949-        | USGS          | 1/25/56             | 9.56                      | 5,040               | 12/ 6/66           | 9.58            | 5,100 <sup>*</sup> |  |
| Estrella River<br>near Estrells                                | 924 <sup>r</sup>    | 1954-        | USGS          | 4/ 6/58             | 7.20                      | 8,850               | 12/ 6/66           | 10.2            | 17,600*            |  |
| Nacimiento River<br>near Bryaon                                | 140                 | 1955-        | USGS          | 12/23/55            | 24.63                     | 30,300              | 12/ 6/66           | 23.86           | 29,000             |  |
| Salinaa River<br>near Bradley                                  | 2,536 <sup>r</sup>  | 1948-        | USGS          | 4/ 3/58             | 12.53                     | 28,400 <sup>c</sup> | 12/ 7/66           | 16.24           | 34,200°            |  |
| Arroyo Seco<br>near Soledad                                    | 244                 | 1901-        | USGS          | 4/ 3/58             | 16.40                     | 28,300              | 12/ 6/66           | 16.30           | 28,000             |  |
| Salinaa River<br>near Spreckels                                | 4,157 <sup>r</sup>  | *1900-       | usgs          | 2/12/38<br>1/16/52  | 25.0<br>26.85             | 75,000°             | 12/ 9/66           | 22.70           | 19,800°            |  |
| Big Sur River<br>near Big Sur                                  | 46.5                | 1950-        | USGS          | 4/ 2/58             | 11.56                     | 5,680               | 12/ 6/66           | 10.30           | 4,510              |  |
| Arroyo de la Cruz<br>near San Simeon                           | 41.4                | 1950-        | USGS          | 12/23/55            | 12.40                     | 17,700              | 12/ 6/66           | 15.27           | 34,100*            |  |
| Santa Roaa Creek<br>near Cambria                               | 12.5                | 1957-        | USGS          | 2/ 1/60<br>12/ ?/55 | 10.36 <sub>h</sub>        | 2,520               | 12/ 6/66           | 10.00           | 2,200              |  |
| Sisquoc River<br>near Garey                                    | 472                 | 1940-        | USGS          | 1/23/43             | 8.46 <sup>b</sup>         | 13,000              | 12/ 6/66           | 13.5            | 22,600*            |  |
| Santa Maria River<br>at Guadalupe                              | 1,742               | 1940-        | USGS          | 1/16/52             | 8.18 <sup>b</sup>         | 32,800              | 12/ 6/66           | 8.20            | 16,000             |  |
| Santa Ynez River<br>below Gibraltar Dam,<br>near Santa Barbara | 216                 | 1920-        | USGS          | 3/ 2/38             |                           | 35,500 <sup>c</sup> | 12/ 6/66           | 17.50           | 17,500             |  |
| Santa Cruz Creek<br>near Santa Ynez                            | 73.9                | 1941-        | USGS          | 2/ 9/62             | 9.75                      | 4,520               | 12/ 6/66           | 10.30           | 5,750*             |  |
| San Joae Creek<br>near Goleta                                  | 5.51                | 1941-        | USGS          | 4/4/41              | -                         | 1,960               | 1/24/67            | 9.08            | 1,620              |  |
| Ataacadero Creek<br>near Goleta                                | 18.8 <sup>r</sup>   | 1941-        | USGS          | 11/16/65            | 12.78                     | 4,600               | 1/24/67            | 12.80           | 4,500              |  |
| Carpinteria Creek<br>near Carpinteria                          | 13.1                | 1941-        | USGS          | 1/15/52             | 9.75                      | 2,440               | 12/ 6/66           | 8.60            | 2,720**            |  |
| South Coastal Area   |                     |              |               |                     |                           |                     |                    |                 |                    |  |
| Matilija Creek at<br>Matilija Hot Springs                      | 54.6                | 1927-        | USGS          | 3/ 2/38             | -                         | 15,900              | 12/ 6/66           | 7.40            | 3,410              |  |
| Ventura River near<br>Meinera Oaka                             | 76.4                | 1959-        | USQS          | 12/29/65            | *                         | 7,910 <sup>c</sup>  | 12/ 6/66           | 6.10            | 4,860              |  |
| Coyote Creek near<br>Òak View                                  | 13.2                | 1958-        | usos          | 11/24/65            | 9.10                      | 4,410               | 12/ 6/66           | 9.08            | 5,010**            |  |

Table 16 (Continued)

| Stream and Station   | Drainage<br>Area in   | Period<br>of             | Source        | Pre                | vioua Maxim     |                     | 1966       | 5-67 Water      | Year                |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------|-----------------|---------------------|
|  | Sq. M1.               | Record                   | Record<br>(a) | Date               | Stage<br>in ft. | Dischg.<br>in cfs   | Date       | Stage<br>in ft. | Dischg.<br>in cfs   |
| South Coastal Area (Co                                       | ntinued)              |                          |               |                    |                 |                     |            |                 |                     |
| Ventura River<br>near Ventura                                | 188                   | 1911-14<br>1929-         | USGS          | 3/ 2/38            | 19.2            | 39,200              | 12/ 6/66   | 17.30           | 12,500              |
| Santa Clara River at<br>Los Angeles-Ventura<br>County Line   | 644                   | 1952-                    | USGS          | 12/29/65           | 11.50           | 34,100              | 1/24/67    | 9.21            | 6,530               |
| Piru Creek above<br>Lake Piru                                | 372                   | 1955-                    | usgs          | 2/10/62<br>3/ 2/38 | 12.20           | 12,200 <sub>b</sub> | 12/ 6/66   | 8.26            | 4,640               |
| Sespe Creek near<br>Fillmore                                 | 251                   | 1911-13<br>1927          | USGS          | 3/ 2/38            | -               | 56,000              | 12/ 6/66   | 13.40           | 21,600              |
| Santa Paula Creek<br>near Santa Paula                        | 40.0                  | 1927-                    | USGS          | 3/ 2/38            | 10.56           | 13,500              | 12/ 6/66   | 6.43            | 4,500               |
| Malibu Creek at Crater<br>Camp near Calabasas                | 105                   | 1931-                    | USGS          | 12/29/65           | -               | 20,600              | 1/24/67    | 12.40           | 10,240              |
| Ballona Creek near<br>Culver City                            | 89.5 <sup>r</sup>     | 1928-                    | USGS          | 3/ 2/38            | 15.4            | 19,000              | 11/ 7/66   | 7.90            | 13,900              |
| Los Angeles River at<br>Sepulveda Dam                        | 158                   | 1929-                    | USGS          | 12/29/65           | 10.90           | 13,000 <sup>c</sup> | 1/22/67    | 7.90            | 8,150               |
| Los Angeles River<br>at Los Angeles                          | 514                   | 1929-                    | USGS          | 3/ 2/38            | -               | 67,000°             | 11/ 7/66   | 10.10           | 32,060 <sup>c</sup> |
| Rio Hondo<br>near Downey                                     | 143                   | 1928-                    | USGS          | 3/ 2/38            | 12.0            | 24,400°             | 1/24/67    | 9.47            | 20,090              |
| Santa Ana River<br>near Mentone                              | 209 <sup>r</sup>      | 1896-                    | USGS          | 3/ 2/38            | 14.3            | 52,300              | 12/ 6/66   | 13.25           | 15,300 <sup>e</sup> |
| San Gabriel River<br>near Azusa                              | 214 <sup>r</sup>      | 1895-                    | USGS          | 3/ 2/38            | *               | 65,700 <sup>c</sup> | Discontin  | ued             |                     |
| San Gabriel River below<br>Santa Fe Dam near<br>Baldwin Park | w<br>236 <sup>r</sup> | 1942-                    | USGS          | 11/23/67           | 17.14           | 11,100 <sup>c</sup> | 3/23/67    | 11.56           | 690                 |
| Santa Ana River at<br>Waterman Ave. at<br>San Bernardino     | 332 <sup>r</sup>      | 1954-                    | USGS          | 3/ 2/38            | -               | 75,700              | 12/ 6/66   | 6.85            | 12,000              |
| Mill Creek<br>near Yucaipa                                   | 38.1                  | 1919-38<br>1947 <b>-</b> | US GS         | 3/ 2/38            | -               | 18,100              | 12/ 6/66   | 14.48           | 10,000              |
| Lytle Creek near<br>Fontana                                  | 46.3                  | 1918-                    | USGS          | 3/ 2/38            | -               | 25,200              | 12/ 6/66   | 9.76            | 7,200               |
| Cajon Creek near<br>Keenbrook                                | 40.6                  | 1919-                    | USGS          | 3/ 2/38            | 19.3            | 14,500              | 12/ 6/66   | 6.00            | 930                 |
| Santa Ana River<br>at Colton                                 | 722                   | 1961-                    | USGS          | 11/22/65           | -               | 25,000              | Discontinu | ued             |                     |

| Stream and Station  | Drainage<br>Area in | Period<br>of                      | Source        | Pre                 | Previous Maximum<br>of Record |                                |           | 6-67 Water      | Year               |
|---|---------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|--------------------|
| Stream and Station  | Sq. Mi.             | Record                            | Record<br>(a) | Date                | Stage<br>in ft.               | Dischg.<br>in cfs              | Date      | Stage<br>in ft. | Dischg.<br>in cfs  |
|   |                     |                                   |               |                     |                               |                                |           |                 |                    |
| South Coastal Area (Co                                    | ntinued)            |                                   |               |                     |                               |                                |           |                 |                    |
| Santa Ana River at<br>Riverside Narrows<br>near Arlington | 851°                | 1927-                             | USGS          | 3/ 2/38             | -                             | 100,000                        | 12/ 6/66  | 11.94           | 15,000             |
| San Jacinto River<br>near San Jacinto                     | 141                 | 1920-                             | USGS          | 2/16/27             | -                             | 45,000                         | 12/ 6/66  | 9.80            | 5,720              |
| Santiago Creek at<br>Modjeska                             | 12.5                | 1961-                             | USGS          | 11/22/65            | 6.60                          | 1,500                          | 12/ 6/66  | 7.47            | 1,430              |
| Santiago Creek at<br>Santa Ana                            | 95.0                | 1928-                             | USGS          | 3/ 2/38             | 8.36                          | 4,400°                         | 12/ 5/66  | 5.90            | 5,700              |
| San Juan Creek near<br>San Juan Capistrano                | 106                 | 1928-                             | USGS          | 3/ 2/38             | -                             | 13,000                         | 12/ 6/66  | 5.38            | 9,000              |
| San Mateo Creek near<br>San Clemente                      | 80.8                | 1952-                             | USGS          | 11/22/65            | 10.14                         | 5,070                          | 12/ 6/66  | 10.45           | 7,300**            |
| San Mateo Creek at<br>San Onofre                          | 132                 | 1946-                             | USGS          | 11/22/65            | 8.13                          | 5,500                          | 12/ 6/66  | 7.80            | 6,950**            |
| Santa Margarita River<br>near Temecula                    | 588                 | 1923-                             | USGS          | 2/16/27             | 14.6                          | 25,000                         | 12/ 6/66  | 7.78            | 3,000              |
| Santa Margarita River<br>at Ysidora                       | 739                 | 1923-                             | USGS          | 2/16/27             | 18.00 <sup>b</sup>            | 33,600                         | 12/ 7/66  | 12.83           | 6,720 <sup>n</sup> |
| San Luis Rey River<br>at Monserate Narrows,<br>near Pala  | 373                 | 1935-41<br>1946-                  | USGS          | 2/ 7/37<br>11/22/65 | 8.7 <sup>b</sup><br>4.80      | 2,850 <sup>c</sup>             | 12/ 6/66  | 6.70            | 7,000**            |
| San Luis Rey River<br>near Bonsall                        | 512                 | 1916-18<br>1929-                  | USGS          | 3/ 2/38<br>2/1891   | 12.60 <sup>b</sup>            | 18,100 <sup>c</sup><br>128,100 | 12/ 7/66  | 10.84           | 6,080              |
| Santa Ysabel Creek<br>near Ramona                         | 112                 | 1912-23<br>1943-                  | USGS          | 1/27/16             | 14.0 <sup>b</sup>             | 28,400                         | 12/ 6/66  | 11.44           | 6,050              |
| Santa Ysabel Creek<br>near San Pasqual                    | 128                 | *1905-                            | USGS          | 3/24/06             | 6.3 <sup>b,m</sup>            | 8,000                          | 12/ 6/66  | 11.56           | 6,130              |
| San Dieguito River<br>near San Pasqual                    | 249                 | 1956-                             | USGS          | 11/23/65            | 7.40                          | 4,160 <sup>c</sup>             | Discontin | ued             |                    |
| San Diego River<br>near Santee                            | 377                 | 1912-                             | USGS          | 1/27/16             | 25.1 <sup>b</sup>             | 70,200                         | 12/ 6/66  | 9.30            | 3,450              |
| Sweetwater River<br>near Descanso                         | 45•5                | 1905 <b>-</b> 27<br>1956 <b>-</b> | USGS          | 2/16/27             | 13.2 <sup>b,h</sup>           | 11,200                         | 12/ 6/66  | 8.93            | 3,600              |
| Central Valley Area                                       |                     |                                   |               |                     |                               |                                |           |                 |                    |
| Sacramento River<br>at Delta                              | 425 <sup>°</sup>    | 1944-                             | USGS<br>USBR  | 12/22/64            | 20.10                         | 38,800                         | 12/ 5/66  | 13.37           | 17,400             |
| N. F. Pit River<br>near Alturas                           | 203 <sup>r</sup>    | 1929-32<br>1957-                  | USGS          | 10/14/62            | 11.07                         | 2,530                          | 1/29/67   | 9.10            | 1,990              |

Table 16 (Continued)

|  | Drainage           | Period       | Source              | Pre      | vious Maxim                  | num               | 196                    | 6-67 Water      | Year              |
|--|--------------------|--------------|---------------------|----------|------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Stream and Station   | Area in<br>Sq. Mi. | of<br>Record | of<br>Record<br>(a) | Date     | of Record<br>Stage<br>in ft. | Dischg.<br>in cfs | Date                   | Stage<br>in ft. | Dischg.<br>in cfs |
| Gentural Welliam American                                      | \<br>              |              |                     |          |                              |                   |                        |                 |                   |
| Central Valley Area (C<br>Pit River near Bieber                | 2,475              | *1904-       | USGS                | 3/19/07  | 16.7                         | 33,800            | 2/ 2/67                | 9.01            | 6,800             |
| Pit River below<br>Pit No. 4 Dam                               | 4,647°             | 1922-        | USGS                | 12/12/37 | 17.90                        | 30,200            | 2/ 2/67                | 11.90           | 10,100            |
| Squaw Creek above<br>Shaata Lake                               | 64.0°              | 1944-        | USGS<br>USBR        | 12/21/55 | 21.90                        | 17,800            | -                      | 17.42           | 8,610             |
| McCloud River above<br>Shasta Lake                             | 604°               | 1945-        | USGS<br>USBR        | 12/22/55 | 28.20                        | 45,200            | 2/ 5/67                | 19.94           | 14,100            |
| Sacramento River at Keswick                                    | 6,486 <sup>r</sup> | 1938-        | USGS<br>DWR         | 2/23/40  | 47.2 <sup>b</sup>            | 185,000           | 12/ 9/56               | 27.53           | 53,700            |
| Clear Creek at<br>French Gulch                                 | 115                | 1950-        | USGS                | 12/22/64 | 13.70                        | 7,600             | 12/ 5/66               | 9.21            | 2,850             |
| Clear Creek<br>near Igo  | 228                | 1940-        | USGS                | 12/21/55 | 13.75                        | 24,500            | 12/ 5/66               | 6.14            | 2,800             |
| Cow Creek near<br>Millville                                    | 425                | 1949-        | USGS                | 12/27/51 | 21.55                        | 45,200            | 1/21/67                | 15.71           | 21,400            |
| Cottonwood Creek<br>near Cottonwood                            | 922                | 1940-        | USGS                | 12/22/64 | 19.64                        | 56,500            | 1/31/67                | 14.70           | 22,800            |
| Battle Creek below<br>Coleman Fish Hatchery<br>near Cottonwood | 358                | 1961-        | USGS                | 12/11/37 | 15.8 <sup>h,b</sup>          | 35,000            | 1/21/67                | 11.23           | 8,020             |
| Paynes Creek<br>near Red Bluff                                 | 92.7               | 1949-        | usgs                | 12/ 1/61 | 11.33                        | 10,500            | 12/ 2/66               | 8.82            | 5,170             |
| Red Bank Creek<br>near Red Bluff                               | 93.5               | 1959-        | DWR<br>USBR         | 1/ 5/65  | 10.21                        | 12,200            | 1/30/67                | 8.63            | 4,472             |
| Antelope Creek<br>near Red Bluff                               | 123                | 1940-        | USGS<br>USCE        | 2/22/56  | 12.43                        | 11,500            | 12/ 2/66               | 11.48           | 5,990             |
| Elder Creek<br>near Paskenta                                   | 92.9 <sup>r</sup>  | 1948-        | USGS                | 2/24/58  | 13.90                        | 11,700            | 12/ 4/66               | 7.91            | 3,850             |
| Elder Creek<br>at Gerber                                       | 136                | 1949-        | USBR<br>USGS        | 1/ 5/65  | 14.90                        | 14,100            | 1/30/67                | 11.08           | 6,150             |
| Mill Creek near<br>Loa Molinos                                 | 131                | *1909-       | USGS                | 12/11/37 | 23.4 <sup>h</sup>            | 23,000            | 12/ 2/56               | 9.49            | 6,780             |
| Thomes Creek at<br>Paskenta                                    | 194                | 1920-        | DWR<br>USGS         | 12/22/64 | 15.32                        | 37,800            | 1/29/67                | 9.55            | 8,480             |
| Deer Creek near<br>Vina  | 208                | *1911-       | USGS<br>DWR         | 12/10/37 | 19.2 <sup>h</sup>            | 23,800            | 1/29/67                | 8.80            | 5,620             |
| Sacramento River<br>at Vina Bridge                             | -                  | 1945-        | DWR<br>USBR         | 12/23/64 | 90.92                        | 152,000           | . e <sub>1/31/67</sub> | 85.88           | 113.100           |
| Sacramento River at Hamilton City                              | -                  | 1945-        | DWR<br>USBR         | 12/11/37 | 150.7                        | 350,000           | 2/ 1/67                | 44.61           | 103,500           |
| Big Chico Creek<br>near Chico                                  | 72.5               | 1930-        | USGS                | 1/ 5/65  | 15.36                        | 9,580             | 1/21/67                | 11.50           | 5.730             |

Table 16 (Continued)

| Stream and Station  | Drainage<br>Area in | Period<br>of     | Source<br>of<br>Record<br>(a) | Pre                  | evious Mexim        | num  | 1966-67 Water Year |                 |                  |  |
|---|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|--|
|   | Sq. Mi              | Record           |                               | Date                 | Stage<br>in ft.     | Dischg.<br>in cfs                          | Date               | Stege<br>in ft. | Dischg<br>in cfs |  |
| Central Valley Area (   | Continued)          | <u>'</u> '       |                               | -1-                  | *                   |  |                    |                 |                  |  |
| Stony Creek near<br>Fruto   | 599                 | 1901-12<br>1960- | usgs                          | 12/23/64             | 15.49               | 40,200 <sup>c</sup>                        | 1/30/67            | 11.83           | 14,100           |  |
| Stony Creek near<br>Hamilton City                                 | 777                 | 1940-            | USGS                          | 2/25/58              | 18.31               | 39,900 <sup>c</sup>                        | 1/30/67            | 12.24           | 10,800           |  |
| Sacramento River<br>at Ord Ferry                                  | -                   | *1921-           | DWR                           | 2/28/40              | 121.7               | 370,000                                    | 2/ 1/67            | 116.61          | 100,900          |  |
| Sacramento River at Butte City                                    | -                   | *1921-           | DWR<br>USGS                   | 2/ 7/42              | 96.87               | 170,000                                    | 2/ 2/67            | 92.43           | 96,400           |  |
| Moulton Weir Spill<br>to Butte Basin                              | -                   | *1935-           | DWR                           | 2/20/58<br>2/26/58   | 83.66<br>83.66      | 36,000 <sup>d</sup><br>36,000 <sup>d</sup> | 2/ 5/67            | 80.80           | 14,140           |  |
| Colusa Weir Spill<br>to Butte Basin                               | -                   | *1935-           | DWR                           | 2/8/42               | 70.40               | 86,000 <sup>đ</sup>                        | 2/ 1/67            | 67.10           | 51,560           |  |
| Sacramento River<br>at Colusa                                     | -                   | 1940-            | DWR<br>USGS                   | 2/ 8/42              | 69.20               | 49,000 <sup>c</sup>                        | 2/ 1/57            | 65.83           | 39,500           |  |
| Colusa Basin Drain<br>at Highway 20                               | -                   | 1924-            | DWR                           | 2/21/58              | 51.93               | 25,400 <sup>e</sup>                        | 2/ 1/67            | 51.21           | 4.500            |  |
| Butte Creek near<br>Chico   | 147                 | 1930-            | USGS                          | 12/22/64             | 14.12               | 21,200                                     | 1/29/67            | 7.88            | 6,150            |  |
| Butte Slough to<br>Sutter Bypasa at<br>Mawaon Bridge              | -                   | *1934-           | DWR                           | 3/ 1/40              | 68.9                | 210,000                                    | 2/ 2/67            | 57.89           | 33,180           |  |
| Sutter Bypass at<br>Long Bridge                                   | -                   | 1914-            | DWR                           | 3/ 1/40              | 57.7                | 210,000                                    | 2/ 2/67            | 50.75           | -                |  |
| Tisdale Weir Spill<br>to Sutter Bypass                            | -                   | 1940-            | DWR                           | 3/ 1/40              | 53-35               | 25,700 <sup>d</sup>                        | 2/ 2/67            | 48.91           | 16,150           |  |
| Sacramento River below<br>Wilkins Slough                          | -                   | 1938-            | USGS                          | 2/27/58              | 51.41               | 28,900 <sup>c</sup>                        | 2/ 1/67            | 49.00           | 25,200           |  |
| Sacramento River at<br>Knighta Landing                            | -                   | 1940-            | DWR<br>USGS                   | 12/ 3/60<br>12/ 8/42 | 30.31 <sub>k</sub>  | 30,000 <sup>c</sup>                        | 2/ 1/67            | 39.04           | 27,500           |  |
| Middle Fork Feather<br>River near Clio                            | 686                 | 1925-            | USOS                          | 2/ 1/63              | 16.19               | 14,500                                     | 3/18/67            | 14.20           | 9,740            |  |
| Middle Fork Feather<br>River near Merrimac                        | 1,062°              | 1951-            | USGS                          | 12/22/64             | 26.5 <sup>h</sup>   | 86,200                                     | 1/29/67            | 14.14           | 15,000           |  |
| South Fork Feather<br>River at Enterprise                         | 132                 | 1911-            | USGS                          | 12/22/55             | 21.60               | 19,200                                     | Discontinu         | ied             |                  |  |
| North Fork Feather<br>River near Prattville                       | 493                 | *1905-           | USGS                          | 3/19/07              | 16.2 <sup>b</sup>   | 10,000                                     | Regulated          | No Pesk         |                  |  |
| Butte Creek below<br>Almanor-Butte Creek<br>Tunnel, near Prattvil | le 68.8             | 1936-            | USGS                          | 12/23/64             | 5.87                | 3,830                                      | 1/29/67            | 2.34            | 630              |  |
| Indian Creek near<br>Creacent Mills                               | 739                 | *1906-           | USGS                          | 3/19/07              | 20.2 <sup>b,m</sup> | 25,000                                     | 1/30/67            | 10.32           | 6,710            |  |

Table 16 (Continued)

| Stream and Station                                     | Drainage<br>Area in | Period<br>of     | Source        |          | evious Maxim<br>of Record |                       | 1956-67 Water Year    |                 |                   |
|--|---------------------|------------------|---------------|----------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
|  | Sq. M1.             | Record           | Record<br>(a) | Date     | Stage<br>in ft.           | Dischg.<br>in cfs     | Date                  | Stage<br>in ft. | Dischg.<br>in cfs |
| Central Valley Area (Co                                | ontinued)           |                  |               |          |                           |                       |                       |                 |                   |
| Spanish Creek above<br>Blackhawk Creek, at<br>Keddie   | 184                 | 1933-            | USGS          | 12/22/54 | 13.53                     | 15,400                | 1/29/67               | 10.30           | 9,000             |
| North Fork Feather<br>River at Pulga                   | 1,953               | *1910-           | USGS          | 12/22/64 | 35.80                     | 73,000 <sup>c</sup> , | <sup>g</sup> 1/ 29/67 | 20.13           | 20,700            |
| West Branch Feather<br>River near Paradise             | 113                 | 1957-            | USGS<br>DWR   | 12/22/64 | 26.2                      | 25,500                | 1/29/67               | 14.67           | 8,220             |
| Feather River at<br>Oroville                           | 3,626 <sup>r</sup>  | 1901-            | USGS<br>DWR   | 3/19/07  | 39.3 <sup>b,m</sup>       | 230,000               | 1/22/67               | 14.56           | 53,200            |
| Feather River<br>near Gridley                          | -                   | *1929-           | DWR q         | 12/23/55 | 102.25                    |                       | 1/30/67               | 88.70           | 45,600            |
| South Honcut Creek<br>near Bangor                      | 30.6°               | 1950-            | USGS          | 12/26/64 | 19.25                     | 17,000                | 1/21/67               | 10.95           | 6,040             |
| Feather River at<br>Yuba City                          | -                   | 1944-            | DWR           | 12/24/55 | 82.42                     | ~                     | 1/31/67               | 62.43           | -                 |
| Middle Yuba River<br>above Oregon Creek                | 162                 | 1940-            | USGS          | 1/31/63  | 18.55                     | 31,600 <sup>c</sup>   | 3/16/67               | 9.24            | 5,690             |
| Oregon Creek near<br>North San Juan                    | 34.4                | 1911-            | USGS          | 12/22/64 | 12.88                     | 10,300                | 1/29/67               | 8.50            | 2,590             |
| North Yuba River<br>below Goodyears Bar                | 250                 | *1930-           | USGS          | 2/ 1/63  | 23.8 <sup>h</sup>         | 40,000                | 1/29/67               | 10.88           | 7,180             |
| North Yuba River below<br>Bullards Bar Dam             | 487                 | 1940-            | USGS          | 12/22/64 | 40.45                     | 91,600 <sup>c</sup>   | 1/29/67               | 22.70           | 20,300            |
| South Yuba River<br>near Cisco                         | 51.8                | 1942-            | usgs          | 1/31/63  | 20.6 <sup>h</sup>         | 18,400                | 3/16/67               | 7.49            | 2,140             |
| South Yuba River at<br>Jones Bar, near Grass<br>Valley | 310                 | 1940-48<br>1959- | USGS          | 12/22/64 | 25.0                      | 53,600 <sup>c</sup>   | 1/21/67               | 13.64           | 9,810             |
| Yuba River at<br>Englebright Dam                       | 1,109 <sup>r</sup>  | 1941-            | USGS<br>PG&E  | 12/22/64 | 546.0 <sup>n</sup>        | 171,700°,             | f1/21/67              | 535 - 35        | 43,000            |
| Deer Creek near<br>Smartville                          | 84.6                | 1935-            | USGS          | 10/13/62 | 13.77                     | 11,600 <sup>e</sup>   | 1/21/67               | 11.53           | 7,810             |
| Yuba River near<br>Maryaville                          | 1,340               | *1940            | USGS          | 12/23/64 | 90.15                     | 180,000 <sup>c</sup>  | 1/22/67               | 76.87           | 52,300            |
| Bear River near<br>Auburn                              | 140                 | 1940-            | USGS          | 12/22/55 | 16.56 <sup>b</sup>        | 19,700                | 1/21/67               | 16.60           | 10,200            |
| Bear River near<br>Wheatland                           | 292                 | 1928-            | USGS          | 12/22/55 | 19.30 <sup>b</sup>        | 33,000                | 1/22/67               | 12.21           | 16,500            |
| Feather River<br>at Nicolaus                           | 5,923 <sup>r</sup>  | 1943-            | USGS<br>DWR   | 12/23/55 | 51.60                     | 357,000 <sup>c</sup>  | 1/31/67<br>2/ 1/67    | 44.04           | 100,000           |

Table 16 (Continued)

| Stream and Station                                       | Drainage<br>Area in<br>Sq. Mi. | Period<br>of<br>Record | Sources<br>of<br>Record<br>(a) |                     | vious Maxim<br>of Record |                      | 1966-67 Water Year   |                 |                  |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|------------------|
|  |                                |                        |                                | Date                | Stage<br>in ft.          | Dischg.<br>in cfs    | Date                 | Stage<br>in ft. | Dischg<br>in cfa |
| entral Valley Area (Co                                   | ontinued)                      |                        |                                |                     |                          |                      |                      |                 |                  |
| remont Weir (West End<br>pill to Yolo Bypass             | ) -                            | *1935~                 | DWR                            | 12/23/55            | 39.72                    | 293,800 <sup>d</sup> | 2/ 1/67              | 37.22           | -                |
| acramento River<br>t Verona                              | -                              | 1929-                  | USGS<br>DWR                    | 3/ 1/40             | 41.20                    | 79,200°              | 2/ 1/67              | 36.88           | 67,10            |
| acramento Weir Spill<br>o Yolo Bypass, near<br>acramento | -                              | *1939-                 | USGS<br>DWR                    | 3/26/28<br>12/23/55 | 31.83<br>33.01           | 118,000 <sup>đ</sup> | No Flow O            | ver Weir        |                  |
| orth Fork American<br>iver at North Fork Da              | m 343                          | 1941-                  | USGS                           | 12/23/64            | 11.87                    | 65,400 <sup>c</sup>  | 3/16/67              | 5.21            | 17,10            |
| ubicon River near<br>oresthill                           | 311                            | 1958-                  | USGS                           | 12/23/64            | 74¢,h                    | -                    | 3/17/67              | 11.27           | 5 <b>,3</b> 8    |
| iddle Fork American<br>iver near Foresthill              | 534                            | 1958-                  | USGS                           | 12/23/64            | 69°,h                    | -                    | 3/16/67              | 12.70           | 17,10            |
| iddle Fork American<br>iver near Auburn                  | 613                            | 1911-                  | USGS                           | 12/23/64            | 60.4 <sup>h</sup>        | 250,000°             | 3/16/67              | 17.60           | 16,10            |
| outh Fork American<br>iver near Camino                   | 501                            | 1922-                  | USGS<br>PG&E                   | 12/23/55            | 32.6 <sup>h</sup>        | 49,800 <sup>c</sup>  | 3/16/67              | 14.04           | 8,26             |
| outh Fork American<br>iver near Lotus                    | 673                            | 1951-                  | USGS                           | 12/23/55            | 21.37                    | 71,800 <sup>C</sup>  | 1/21/67              | 11.54           | 14,20            |
| merican River<br>t Fair Oaks                             | 1,888°                         | 1904-                  | USGS                           | 11/21/50            | 31.85 <sup>b</sup>       | 180,000              | 2/ 1/67              | 16.20           | 36,60            |
| acramento River<br>t Sacramento                          | 23,530                         | *1879-                 | USGS<br>DWR<br>USWB            | 11/21/50            | 30.14 <sup>b</sup>       | 104,000°             | 1/31/67              | 27.40           | 90,90            |
| acramento River<br>t Walnut Grove                        | -                              | 1929-                  | DWR                            | 11/21/50            | 13.0 <sup>b</sup>        | -                    | 2/ 1/67              | 11.08           | -                |
| dobe Creek near<br>elseyville                            | 6.39                           | 1954-                  | USGS                           | 12/22/64            | .9.11                    | 1,500                | 1/21/67              | 7.93            | 99               |
| elsey Creek near<br>elseyville                           | 37.2                           | 1946-                  | USGS                           | 12/21/55            | 12.80                    | 8,800                | 1/21/67              | 12.62           | 7,24             |
| ache Creek<br>ear Lower Lake                             | 528                            | 1944-                  | USGS                           | 2/24/58             | 9.40                     | 8,000 <sup>c</sup>   | 3/13/67              | 8.45            | 5,80             |
| orth Fork Cache<br>reek near Lower Lake                  | 198                            | 1930-                  | USGS                           | 12/11/37            | 13.98 <sup>h</sup>       | 20,300               | 1/21/67              | 9.83            | 10,80            |
| ache Creek<br>bove Rumsey                                | -                              | 1959-                  | DWR                            | 1/ 5/65             | 21.4                     | 59,000 <sup>c</sup>  | 1/21/67              | 15.90           | 30,10            |
| ache Creek<br>ear Capay                                  | 1,042 <sup>r</sup>             | 1942-                  | USGS                           | 2/24/58             | 20.90                    | 51,600 <sup>c</sup>  | 1/21/57              | 16.92           | 28,80            |
| ache Creek at<br>olo                                     | 1,138°                         | 1903-                  | USGS                           | 2/25/58             | 33.11 <sup>b</sup>       | 41,400°              | <sup>8</sup> 1/22/67 | 29.95           | 26,90            |
| olo Bypass<br>ear Woodland                               | _                              | 1939-                  | USGS                           | 2/ 8/42             | 32.00                    | 272,000              | 2/ 1/67              | 28.48           | 123,00           |

|  | Drainage           | Period                    | Source                | Pre                  | vious Maxim                  | num                  |            |                               |         |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| Stream and Station                                   | Area in<br>Sq. Mi. | of<br>Record              | of<br>Record<br>(a)   | Date                 | of Record<br>Stage<br>in ft. | Dischg.<br>in cfa.   | Date 196   | 6-67 Water<br>Stage<br>in ft. | Dischg. |
|  |                    | 1                         | (8.)                  |                      | 111 10.                      | III CI a.            |            | 111 1 0.                      | in cfs  |
| Central Valley Area (Co                              | ontinued)          |                           |                       |                      |                              |                      |            |                               |         |
| Dry Creek near<br>Middletown                         | 8.41               | 1959-                     | USGS                  | 2/ 8/60              | 9.90                         | 3,470                | 1/21/67    | 8.98                          | 2,380   |
| Putah Creek near<br>near Winters                     | 5.74 <sup>r</sup>  | 1930-                     | USGS<br>DWR           | 2/27/40              | 30.5                         | 81,000               | 1/31/67    | 14.69                         | 6,390   |
| Yolo Bypass<br>near Lisbon                           | -                  | 1914-                     | DWR                   | 12/25/64             | 24.68                        | 350,000 <sup>e</sup> | 2/ 1/67    | 20.6                          | -       |
| Sacramento River<br>at Rio Vista                     | -                  | 1906-                     | USCE<br>DWR           | 12/25/55             | 10.2 <sup>b</sup>            |                      | 1/24/67    | 8.74                          | -       |
| North Fork Cosumnes<br>River near El Dorado          | 205                | 1911 <b>-</b> 41<br>1948  | USGS                  | 12/23/55             | 14.8                         | 15,800 <sup>c</sup>  | 3/16/67    | 8.34                          | 3,520   |
| Middle Fork Cosumnes<br>River near Somerset          | 107                | 1957-                     | USGS                  | 2/ 1/63              | 16.20                        | 11,800               | 3/16/67    | 10.08                         | 2,670   |
| South Fork Cosumnes<br>River near River Pinea        | 64.3               | 1957-                     | USGS                  | 2/ 1/63              | 10.90                        | 5,540                | 1/22/67    | 6.67                          | 2,540   |
| Cosumnea River at<br>Michigan Bar                    | 536 <sup>r</sup>   | 1907-                     | USGS<br>DWR           | 12/23/55             | 14.59                        | 42,000               | 1/22/67    | 9.95                          | 15,900  |
| Cosumnes River<br>at McConnel                        | 72 <sup>1</sup> 4  | 1941-                     | USGS<br>USBR<br>DWR   | 12/23/55             | 46.26                        | 54,000               | 1/22/67    | 45.19                         | 23,800  |
| Cole Creek near<br>Salt Springs Dam                  | 20.4               | 1927-42<br>1943-          | USGS                  | 12/23/64             | 10.21                        | 6,140                | 12/ 6/66   | 5.13                          | 1,050   |
| South Fork Mokelumne<br>River near West Point        | 75.1 <sup>r</sup>  | 1933-                     | USGS                  | 12/23/55             | 14.8 <sup>b,h</sup>          | 6,920                | 12/ 6/66   | 7.49                          | 2,020   |
| Mokelumne River near<br>Mokelumne Hill               | 544°               | (1901-                    | USGS                  | 12/ 3/50             | 18.5                         | 33,700 <sup>c</sup>  | 6/18/67    | 8.79                          | 7,010   |
| Mokelumne River<br>at Woodbridge                     | 661 <sup>r</sup> · | 1924-                     | USGS                  | 11/22/50             | 29.58                        | 27,000 <sup>c</sup>  | 5/3/67     | 17.72                         | 2,970   |
| Mokelumne River<br>near Thornton<br>(Benson's Ferry) | 2,045              | 1959-                     | DWR                   | 12/24/55             | 18.00 <sup>b</sup>           | -                    | 1/23/67    | 12.10                         | -       |
| Bear Creek near<br>Lockeford                         | 47.6°              | 1930-                     | USGS                  | 4/ 3/58              | 15.13                        | 2,930                | 1/22/67    | 14.69                         | 1,500   |
| South Fork Calaveras<br>River near San Andreas       | 118                | 1950-                     | USGS                  | 12/23/55             | 10.29                        | 17,600               | 1/22/67    | 9.02                          | 8,960   |
| Calaveras River<br>at Jenny Lind                     | 393 <sup>r</sup>   | 1907-                     | USGS<br>DWR           | 1/31/11              | 21.0 <sup>m</sup>            | 50,000               | Discontinu | eđ                            |         |
| Cosgrove Creek st<br>Valley Springs                  | 21.1 <sup>r</sup>  | 1929-                     | USGS                  | 12/23/55             | 8.96                         | 3,240                | 1/22/67    | 7.01                          | 1,780   |
| Calaveras River<br>at Bellota                        | -                  | 1958-                     | DWR                   | 4/ 2/58              | 19.3                         | 1,570 <sup>c</sup>   | 1/22/67    | 10.01                         |         |
| Dry Creek near Galt                                  | 329                | 1926 <b>-</b> 33<br>1944- | US OS<br>US BR<br>DWR | 4/ 3/58<br><b>84</b> | 15.28                        | 24,000               | 1/22/67    | 14.27                         | 10,500  |

Table 16 (Continued)

| Stream and Station   | Area in            | Period<br>of                 | Source<br>of<br>Record<br>(a) |                      | Previous Maximum<br>of Record |                     |          | 1966-67 Water Year |                     |  |
|--|--------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------|--------------------|---------------------|--|
|  |                    | Record                       |                               | Date                 | Stage<br>in ft.               | Dischg.<br>in cfs.  | Date     | Stage<br>in ft.    | Dischg.<br>in cfs   |  |
| Central Valley Area (Co                                      | ontinued)          |                              |                               |                      |                               |                     |          |                    |                     |  |
| Mormon Slough at Bellota                                     | -                  | 1948-                        | DWR                           | 4/ 2/58              | 20.65                         | 15,400 <sup>c</sup> | 1/22/67  | 9.94               | 5,140               |  |
| Calaveras River<br>near Stockton                             | -                  | 1958-                        | DWR                           | 4/ 4/58              | 9.20                          | 632 <sup>c</sup>    | 1/22/67  | 10.27              | 680 <sup>c</sup> *  |  |
| Stockton Diverting<br>Canal at Stockton                      | -                  | 1944-                        | DWR                           | 4/ 4/58 <sup>e</sup> | 17. <b>1</b> 8 <sup>e</sup>   | 11,400 <sup>e</sup> | 1/22/67  | 16.18 <sup>e</sup> | 6,500 <sup>e</sup>  |  |
| Duck Creek near<br>Stockton                                  | -                  | 1950-                        | DWR                           | 12/24/55             | 5.75 <sup>e</sup>             | 400                 | 1/30/67  | 5.85               | 640**               |  |
| South Fork Stanislaus<br>River near Long Barn                | 66.9 <sup>r</sup>  | 1937-                        | USGS                          | 11/21/50             | 9.3                           | 4,900 <sup>c</sup>  | 3/16/67  | 4.94               | 850                 |  |
| Stanislaus River below<br>Melones Powerhouse,<br>near Sonora | 905°               | 1931-                        | USGS                          | 12/23/55             | 29.0 <sup>h</sup>             | 62,800°             | 3/17/67  | 14.85              | 13,500 <sup>c</sup> |  |
| Stanislaus River at<br>Orange Blossom Bridge                 | -                  | 1940-                        | DWR                           | 11/21/50             | 30.05                         | 52,000°             | 5/24/67  | 13.74              | 9,760               |  |
| Stanislaus River<br>at Ripon                                 | 1,075              | 1940-                        | USGS<br>DWR                   | 12/24/55             | 63.25                         | 62,500 <sup>c</sup> | 5/25/67  | 56.19              | 7,890               |  |
| South Fork Tuolumne<br>River near Oakland<br>Recreation Camp | 87.0°              | 1923-                        | USGS                          | 12/23/55             | 10.9 <sup>h</sup>             | 11,900              | 12/ 6/66 | 8.08               | 3,770               |  |
| Middle Tuolumne<br>River at Oakland<br>Recreation Camp       | 73.5°              | 1916-                        | USGS                          | 12/23/55             | 11.05 <sup>h</sup>            | 4,920               | 3/16/67  | 6.55               | 1,180               |  |
| Tuolumne River<br>at Modesto                                 | 1,884              | *1878-                       | USGS<br>DWR                   | 12/ 9/50             | 69.19                         | 57,000 <sup>c</sup> | 4/22/67  | 52.70              | 8,370               |  |
| Orestimba Creek<br>near Newman                               | 134°               | 1932-                        | USGS<br>DWR                   | 4/ 2/58              | 6.57 <sup>b</sup>             | 10,200              | 1/24/67  | 7.50               | 4,200               |  |
| Merced River at<br>Pohono Bridge,<br>near Yosemite           | 321                | 1916-                        | USGS                          | 12/23/55             | 21.52 <sup>h</sup>            | 23,400              | 5/23/67  | 10.53              | 6,950               |  |
| South Fork Merced<br>River near El Portal                    | 241°               | 1950-                        | USGS                          | 12/23/55             | 18.70                         | 46,500              | 12/ 6/66 | 12.71              | 11,100              |  |
| Merced River<br>near Briceburg                               | 691                | 1965-                        | USGS                          |                      |                               |                     | 12/ 6/66 | 17.79              | 21,500              |  |
| Merced River at Bagby  | 911 <sup>r</sup>   | 1922-                        | USGS                          | 12/23/55             | 26.80                         | 92,500              | Disconti | nued               |                     |  |
| Merced River near<br>Stevinson                               | 1,273 <sup>r</sup> | 1940-                        | USGS<br>USBR<br>DWR           | 12/ 5/50             | 73.79                         | 13,600 <sup>c</sup> | 7/ 4/67  | 69.41              | 6,510               |  |
| Chowchilla River at<br>Buchanan Dam Site,<br>near Raymond    | 235 <sup>r</sup>   | 1921-23<br>1930-             | USGS<br>DWR                   | 12/23/55             | 16.50                         | 30,000              | 12/ 6/66 | 10.52              | 6,880               |  |
| Fresno River<br>near Knowles                                 | 133 <sup>r</sup>   | 1911-13<br>1915 <del>-</del> | USGS                          | 12/23/55             | 11.52                         | 13,300              | 12/ 6/66 | 6.62               | 4,000               |  |

| Stream and Station  | Drainage           | Period           | of                  | Prev     | rious Maxi                   |                       | 1966-67 Water Year |                 |                   |
|---|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------|------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
|   | Area in<br>Sq. M.  | of<br>Record     |                     | Date     | of Record<br>Stage<br>in ft. | Dischg.<br>in cfs     | Date               | Stage<br>in ft. | Dischg.<br>in cfs |
| <u> </u>  |                    |                  | , ,                 |          |                              |                       |                    |                 |                   |
| Central Valley Area (Co   | ontinued)          |                  |                     |          |                              |                       |                    |                 |                   |
| Fresno River near<br>Daulton  | 258 <sup>r</sup>   | 1941=            | USGS<br>USBR        | 12/23/55 | 12.64                        | 17,500                | 12/ 6/66           | 8.11            | 4,900             |
| Willow Creek at<br>Mouth near Auberry                                   | 130                | 1952-            | USGS                | 12/23/55 | 28.5 <sup>h</sup>            | 15,700 <sup>e</sup> , | r12/6/66           | 18.20           | 6,760             |
| San Joaquin River below<br>Kerchoff Powerhouse,<br>near Prather         | 1,480              | *1910-           | USGS                | 12/23/55 | 51.0 <sup>h</sup>            | 92,200 <sup>c</sup>   | 12/6/66            | 31.60           | 28,800°           |
| San Joaquin River<br>below Friant                                       | 1,675              | *1907-           | USGS                | 12/11/37 | 23.80 <sup>b</sup>           | 77,200°               | 4/21/67            | 9.62            | 8,230             |
| San Joaquin River<br>near Mendota                                       | 4,310              | 1939-            | USBR                | 6/ 1/52  | -                            | 8,840 <sup>c</sup>    | 4/29/67            | 12.72           | 4,460             |
| Eastside Bypass<br>near El Nido   | -                  | 1964-            | DWR                 | 1/ 2/66  | 11.55                        | 1,560                 | 4/26/67            | 16.14           | 11,250            |
| San Joaquin River<br>at Fremont Ford Bridge                             | 7,619 <sup>r</sup> | 1937-            | USGS<br>USBR<br>DWR | 4/ 6/58  | 74.91                        | 5,910 <sup>e</sup>    | 4/27/67            | 66.73           | 5,380             |
| San Joaquin River<br>near Newman  | 9,524 <sup>r</sup> | 1912-            | USGS<br>DWR         | 3/ 7/38  | 65.81                        | 33,000 <sup>c</sup> , | g 4/27/67          | 64.41           | 15,400            |
| San Joaquin River<br>near Vernalis                                      | 13,540°            | *1922-           | USGS                | 12/ 9/50 | 32.81                        | 79,000 <sup>c</sup>   | 4/30/67            | 29.28           | 26,100            |
| Kings River below<br>North Fork   | 1,342              | 1951-            | USGS                | 12/23/55 | 23.08                        | 85,200                | 12/ 6/66           | 19.85           | 63,000            |
| Kaweah River at<br>Three Rivers   | 418                | 1958-            | USGS<br>DWR         | 2/ 1/63  | 13.68                        | 30,900                | 12/ 5/66           | 19.0            | 73,000**          |
| Tule River near<br>Springville  | 225                | 1957-            | USGS                | 1/31/63  | 10.80                        | 10,100                | 12/ 6/66           | 19.7            | 49,600**          |
| Tule River below<br>Success Dam   | 393                | 1953-            | USGS                | 12/23/55 | 21.65 <sup>b</sup>           | 27,000                | 12/ 7/66           | -               | 8,260°            |
| Kern River<br>at Kernville  | 1,009 <sup>r</sup> | 1905-12<br>1953- | USGS                | 12/23/55 | 16.8 <sup>h</sup>            | 29,400                | 12/ 6/66           | 22.2            | 74,000**          |
| Northern Lahontan Area  |                    |                  |                     |          |                              |                       |                    |                 |                   |
| Willow Creek near<br>Susanville   | 92.5               | 1950~            | USGS                | 2/ 1/63  | 5.59                         | 816                   | 1/30/67            | 5.14            | 620               |
| Susan River at<br>Susanville  | 192                | *1900-           | USGS                | 12/22/64 | 7.30                         | 5,100                 | 1/29/67            | 5.51            | 1,450             |
| Little Truckee River<br>above Boca Reservoir<br>near Boca               | 146                | 1903-10<br>1939- | USGS                | 2/ 1/63  | 9.00                         | 13,300 ``             | 5/21/67            | 3.77            | 2,740             |
| Truckee River at Farad  | 932                | 1899-            | USGS                | 11/21/50 | 14.5h                        | 17,500                | 5/21/67            | 8.64            | 6,710             |
| East Fork Carson River<br>below Marklesvilla<br>Creek near Markleeville | 276°               | 1960-            | USGS                | 1/31/63  | 8.21                         | 15,100                | 5/24/67            | 4.77            | 4,400             |
|   |                    |                  |                     | 86       |                              |                       |                    |                 |                   |

#### Table 16, (Continued)

| Stream and Station   | Drainage<br>Area in |                 | Source     | Pre      | Previous Maximum<br>of Record |                     |          | 1966-67 Water Year |                     |  |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|------------|----------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------|--------------------|---------------------|--|
|  | Sq. Mi.             | Record          | Record (a) | Date     | Stage<br>in ft.               | Dischg.<br>in cfs.  | Date     | Stage<br>in ft.    | Dischg.<br>in cfs   |  |
| Northern Lahontan Area   | (Continued)         |                 |            |          |                               |                     |          |                    |                     |  |
| West Fork Carson<br>River at Woodfords                           | 65.6                | *1900-          | USGS       | 2/ 1/63  | 9.00                          | 4,890               | 5/24/67  | 4.80               | 1,600               |  |
| West Walker River<br>below Little Walker<br>River near Coleville | 180°                | 1938-           | USGS       | 11/20/50 | 8.10                          | 6,220               | 7/ 3/67  | 5.95               | 3,100               |  |
| East Walker River<br>near Bridgeport                             | 359 <sup>r</sup>    | 1921-           | USGS       | 6/19/63  | 4.64                          | 1,390               | 7/ 6/67  | 4.57               | 1,360               |  |
| Southern Lahontan Area   |                     |                 |            |          |                               |                     |          |                    |                     |  |
| Mojave River at Lower<br>Narrows near Victorvil                  | le 530              | 1899-06         | USGS       | 3/ 2/38  | 18.7                          | 70,600 <sup>c</sup> | 12/ 6/66 | 10.00              | 17,900 <sup>c</sup> |  |
| Mojave River at<br>Barstow                                       | -                   | 1930-           | USGS       | 3/ 3/38  | 8.60                          | 64,300°             | 12/ 7/66 | 4.73               | 9,870               |  |
| Mojave River at<br>Afton   | -                   | 1929-32<br>1952 | USGS       | 12/31/65 | 7.92                          | 4,150               | 12/ 8/66 | 6.08               | 1,050               |  |

#### LEGEND

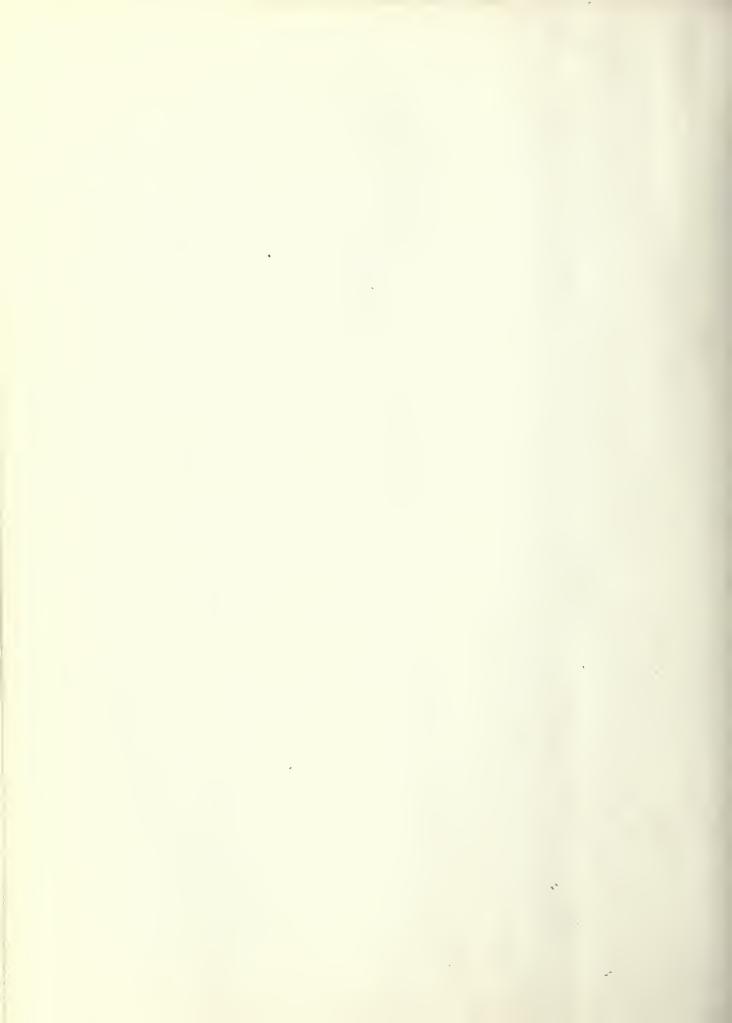
- (a) USWB United States Weather Bureau
  USCE United States Corps of Engineers
  USGS United States Geological Survey
  USBR United States Bureau of Reclamation
  DWR Department of Water Resources
  PC&E Pacific Gas and Electric Company
  b Site and/or datum then in use
  c Affected by storage and/or diversion
  d Discharge over weir
  e Estimated
  f Includes flow through powerhouse
  g Tncludes flow bypassing station
  h From flood marks
  j Crest stage gage
  k Discharge not determined; affected by backwater
  m Maximum observed
  n From DWR telemetering log
  p Due to failure of partially completed Dam
  r Revised
  \* Incomplete record
  \*\* Maximum of Record

87











## THIS BOOK IS DUE ON THE LAST DATE STAMPED BELOW

## RENEWED BOOKS ARE SUBJECT TO IMMEDIATE RECALL

DLE WATER

JUN 5 REC'D

JUN 8 REC'D

LIBRARY, UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, DAVIS

Book Slip-55m-10,'68(J404888)458-A-31/5

# Nº 601032

California. Department of Water Resources.
Bulletin.

PHYSICAL SCIENCES LIBRARY TC824

A2

no.69:67

c.2

LIBRARY UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA DAVIS



